

### Wishes التمني

#### Wish + Past

Is/am/are	I wish	weren't / wasn't
Isn't /am not/aren't	I wish	were / was
Eat/contain/have to/speak	I wish	did 't eat/didn't contain/didn't have to/didn't speak
Don't have	I wish	had

Can't	I wish	could
Has lost	I wish	could find
Don't spend much time	I wish	could spend more time

Waste/spend/drive/smoke	I wish	wouldn't waste /wouldn't spend/ wouldn't drive/wouldn't smoke
Won't give	I wish	would give
Doesn't collect	I wish	would collect

1- The city center **is** really busy this morning. (I wish)

I wish the city center **wasn't** really busy that morning.

2- I'm not in charge of our company. (I wish)

I wish I **were** in charge of our company.

3-You **eat** too quickly. (I wish)

I wish you **didn't** eat so quickly.

4- I **don't have** my glasses with me (I wish)

I wish I **had** my glasses with me

5- We **can't** recycle plastic easily. (I wish)

I wish we **could** recycle plastic easily.

6- He's **lost** his keys.

He wishes he **could** find his keys.

7-We **don't spend much time** together. (I wish)

I wish we **could spend more time** together

8-My brother **spends** many hours talking on the phone. (I wish)

I wish my brother **wouldn't** spend hours talking on the phone.

9- My friend **won't give** me my CD back. (I wish)

I wish my friend **would** give me my CD back.

### Explanations and Results

1- In order to + infinitive:	1- Loggers cut down trees (Because- in order to) <b>sell</b> the wood.
2-To + infinitive:	2- Trees are usually cut down (so that-to ) <b>make</b> more agricultural land.
3- Because + clause:	3- In the future, sea levels will rise(Because- in order to) <b>the polar</b> ice is melting.
4- So that + clause:	4- Farmers need more land (so that - in order to) <b>they can</b> grow more soya beans.
5-With the result that + clause	5-Large areas of forest have been cut down, (with the result that - in order to) <b>the soil</b> is now dry and dusty.

### Expressing Possibility

بالحاضر	بالماضي	كلمات تدل عليها
<b>Must be</b> عندما نكون متأكدين في حالة الاثبات.	Must have	You're sure/ I know it's true
<b>Can't be</b> عندما نكون متأكدين في حالة النفي	Can't have	You aren't sure /but you know <b>not</b> - I'm not certain
<b>May be/might be</b> عندما نكون غير متأكدين.	May/might have	Probably/ looks like/ I'm not sure but I think

**1-Someone's ringing your doorbell. You're sure it's the postman - he always comes at this time.**

It ( **must be** – it can't be) the postman - he always comes at this time.

**2-You hear a car approaching, but you know it isn't your uncle's car because it doesn't sound the same.**

It( can be- **can't be**) your uncle's car because it doesn't sound the same.

**3-The phone is ringing - it's probably your brother. He usually rings at this time.**

It( **might be**- must be ) your brother, he usually rings at this time.

**6-Your sister has worked very hard. You feel sure that she has got good grades in her exams.**

She ( **must have** – might have ) got good grades in her exams.

**8-You hear a car approaching, but you know it isn't your uncle's car because it doesn't sound the same.**

It( can be- **can't be**) your uncle's car because it doesn't sound the same.

**9-I'm not sure but I think some parts of the desert were covered in plants and trees.**

Some parts of the desert ( **might have been** – must have been) covered in plants and trees.

### Passive voice

<b>S + V1 + O</b>	<b>Passive voice</b>	1- Camouflage protects Sand gazelles from predators. -Sand gazelles <b>are protected</b> from predators by camouflage.
<b>S + V2 + O</b>	<b>Passive voice</b>	2-People grow trees in sustainable forests. -Trees <b>are grown</b> in sustainable forests by people
<b>S + is ,are+ Ving + O</b>	<b>Passive voice</b>	1- Engineers <b>completed</b> the Channel in 1965. The channel <b>was completed</b> in 1965 by engineers.
<b>S + was,were +Ving+ O</b>	<b>Passive voice</b>	1-People <b>are reclaiming</b> some areas of land from deserts. Some areas of land <b>are being reclaimed</b> from deserts by people
<b>S+ has/have+ V3+ O</b>	<b>Passive voice</b>	1-By 1997 they were using the tunnel. By 1997, the tunnel was being used by them
<b>S+ had+ V3+ O</b>	<b>Passive voice</b>	1-People <b>have hunted</b> elephants for their tusks. Elephants <b>have been hunted</b> for their tusks by people.
<b>S+ modal verb+ V1 + O</b>	<b>Passive voice</b>	1-The government <b>had rejected</b> the previous plans. The previous plans <b>had been rejected</b> by the government.
		1-People <b>can damage</b> the plant. -The plant <b>can be damaged</b> by people.

### Reported Speech

Is/am	Said – told - asked	was	1-I am not married. He said he <b>wasn't</b> married.
are	Said – told - asked	were	2-We are the new students. They said they <b>were</b> the new students.
Ws+ were	Said – told - asked	Had been	3-It <b>was</b> very easy. He said it <b>had been</b> very easy.
V1	Said – told - asked	V2	4-I <b>start</b> at seven o'clock in the morning. He said he <b>started</b> at seven o'clock in the morning.
V2	Said – told - asked	Had +V3	5-My parents <b>spent</b> every day of <b>their</b> lives together . He said his parents <b>had spent</b> every day of their lives together.
Has/have +V3	Said – told - asked	Had + V3	6- I <b>have lost</b> my glasses. He said he <b>had lost</b> his glasses.
will	Said – told - asked	Would + V1	7- I <b>will</b> meet you here tomorrow. She said she <b>would</b> meet you there the following day.
Can	Said – told - asked	Could + V1	8-I <b>can</b> speak English well. He said he <b>could</b> speak English well
Have to	Said – told - asked	Had to + V1	9-I <b>have to</b> be there at four o'clock in the afternoon. He said <b>he had to</b> be there at four o'clock in the afternoon.
Don't + v1	Said – told - asked	didn't + v1	10-We <b>don't</b> argue about anything. They said they <b>didn't</b> argue about anything.
Be+ Ving	Said – told - asked	Was, wrer + Ving	11-We <b>are taking</b> our grandchildren on holiday. They said <b>they were</b> taking their grandchildren on holiday.
12-What's your name? (I asked him) I asked him what his name <b>was</b> . 13- <b>Are</b> you married? (I asked him) I asked him if he <b>was</b> married. 14- <b>Have</b> you <b>got</b> the time? (She asked me) She asked me if I <b>had got</b> the time.			

### Causative verbs (have something done)

الزمن في الجملة الأصلية	الفعل في الجملة السببية	Examples
Does /doesn't	Has + O + V3	My father <b>doesn't</b> clean the car himself. He <b>has</b> the car cleaned.
Don't / rarely	Have + O + V3	Brides <b>rarely</b> make their own wedding dresses. Brides <b>have</b> their own wedding dresses made.
Did /didn't	Had + O + V3	I <b>didn't</b> repair the car myself. I <b>had</b> the car repaired.
Will not	Will have + O + V3	I <b>will not</b> write the letter. I <b>will have</b> the letter written.
Isn't+ going to	Is + going to + have + O + V3	He <b>isn't going to</b> take his own photo. He <b>is going to have</b> it taken.
Aren't+ going to	Are + going to + have + O + V3	We <b>are not going to</b> plant the trees. We <b>are going to have</b> them planted.
Am not + going to	Am + going to + have + O + V3	I <b>am not going to</b> fix my computer. I <b>am going to have</b> it fixed.
Could/couldn't	Had to have + O + V3	I <b>couldn't</b> repair my computer myself. I <b>had to have</b> my computer repaired
Has, have not+ V3	Has/ have+ had + O + V3	I <b>haven't painted</b> the house myself. I <b>have had</b> it painted.
Be + not+ Ving + O	Be + having + O + V3	I <b>am not cutting</b> the grass myself. I <b>am having</b> it cut.

**اذا كانت الجملة في حالة الاثبات مع وجود ضمير انعكاسي في اخر الجملة**

- 1- **My brother** cut his **own** hair himself. (Causative verbs) My brother **didn't have** his own hair **cut**.  
 2- **My neighbor** **painted** his **own** house himself. (Causative verbs) My neighbor **didn't have** his own house **painted**.  
 3- **My mother** **died** her **own** dress blue herself. (Causative verbs) My mother **didn't have** her own dress **died** blue.

**اهم المشتقات**

- Storms caused the (destroy - **destruction**) of most of the crops.
- My sister is a very (**able** – ability) student.
- Her teacher was (astonishment – **astonished**) by how quickly she learned to play well.
- I've never been very good **at** ( **mathematics** - mathematical)
- Only certain kinds of people have (mathematics – **mathematical**) brains.
- My brother is a very (talent – **talented**) basketball player.
- My younger sister has always had a (**talent** – talented) for music.
- My sister's progress has been ( amaze – **amazing** )
- I enjoy listening to all kinds of (**music** – musical).
- He has great (music – **musical**) ability.
- Many people believe that the worst crimes are murder and other (**violent** – violence) acts.
- He left court a free man because he had proved that he was (**innocent** – innocence).
- Unemployment is falling as more people find (**permanent** - permanently) work.
- These two must have been twins, as they looked very (**similar**-similarity) .
- During the storm, there were (chaos – **chaotic**) scenes in the city.
- The jury **said** he was not (guilt – **guilty**).
- My weekly (earn – **earnings**) are twice as much as they were last year.
- The ( major – **majority**) of people never commit a crime.
- The people of Tristan da Cunha left because of volcanic ( act – **activity** ).
- Deir ez-Zour is an area of great (nature – **natural** ) beauty.
- In my city there is a wide (vary – **variety**) of entertainments to choose from.
- I'd like to live in a small (peace – **peaceful** ) village near the sea.
- Many children find young animals very (appeal – **appealing**) .
- Art has grown in ( **popular** – popularity) through the school.
- She's very (skill – **skillful** ) at drawing and painting.
- It has been a (disaster - **disastrous**) year for the tea industry.

**Adjectives and prepositions**

Full <b>of</b>	aware <b>of</b>	Cause <b>of</b>	Different <b>from</b>	Famous <b>for</b>	Interested <b>in</b>	<b>in 1791</b>	<b>In head</b>
Depend <b>on</b>	Keen <b>on</b>	Build <b>on</b>	Play <b>on</b>	Satisfied <b>with</b>	Talented <b>at</b>	Good <b>at</b>	<b>at age</b>
<b>at</b> random.	<b>On</b> Sunday	<b>In</b> winter					
1- My Encyclopaedia of Nature is <b>full</b> (from- <b>of</b> ) interesting facts about plants.							
2- The Syrian people are <b>aware</b> ( <b>of</b> -from) the need to protect their wildlife.							
3-Some people said that overwork was the <b>cause</b> (in- <b>of</b> ) his death.							
4-The Eden Project is quite <b>different</b> (for- <b>from</b> ) a normal museum.							
5-The acacia tree is <b>famous</b> (from- <b>for</b> ) being protected by ants							
6-Many people are <b>interested</b> (to- <b>in</b> ) the future of endangered animals.							
7-He died (at- <b>in</b> ) <b>1791</b>							
8-I'm quite good, but I can't do calculations ( <b>in</b> -on) my <b>head</b> very quickly							
9-Human beings <b>depend</b> (with- <b>on</b> ) plants.							
10-I've never been <b>keen</b> (of- <b>on</b> ) museums.							
11-We were very <b>satisfied</b> (in- <b>with</b> ) our visit.							
12-Are you <b>good</b> ( <b>at</b> / for) math?							
13-He showed musical ability ( <b>at</b> - in) <b>a very early age</b> .							

14-A computer picked the names of the three winners (at – from) **random**.

<b>Make</b>	Friend- suggestion -decision –mistake- effort-promise- a success –attempts- a dress- arrangement
<b>Do</b>	Research- damage- shopping- experiments –homework- a job

### Idioms and Phrasal verbs

<b>Red tape</b>	It's almost impossible to get a <b>passport</b> quickly. There is so much ( <b>red tape</b> –green tape)
<b>Out of the blue</b>	I heard this morning, out of the( <b>blue</b> - red), that I'd <b>won</b> a writing competition.
<b>To be in black and white</b>	<b>A</b> No, it's in the <b>newspaper</b> . Look – it's here in(brown- <b>black</b> ) and (red- <b>white</b> ).
<b>To see red</b>	When he <b>accused</b> me of being wasteful, I –saw (blue- <b>red</b> )
<b>To give the green light</b>	The authorities have just given the (blue / <b>green</b> ) light to the building of a new <b>airport</b> .
<b>To put someone on the blacklist</b>	We have to stop companies from polluting the <b>environment</b> . We should put them in ( <b>blacklist</b> -whitelist)
<b>Keep up with</b>	Things are moving so fast – it's impossible to( <b>keep up with</b> - keep down with) the <b>changes</b> .
<b>Cut down on</b>	Supermarkets should ( <b>cut down on</b> -look forward to) <b>packaging</b> .
<b>Look forward to</b>	I ( <b>look forward to</b> -keep up with) the summer <b>holidays</b> in Syria
<b>Put up with</b>	People living near the bus station (keep up with - <b>put up with</b> ) a lot of <b>noise</b> .
<b>Run out of</b>	In my city, the council is (going along with / <b>running out of</b> ) <b>space</b> for new houses.
<b>Make of</b>	his boss didn't know what to <b>make</b> ( <b>of</b> - from) it when he was an hour late one morning.
<b>Make up</b>	The student had to (make up for – <b>make up</b> ) a <b>story</b> about their recent holiday .
<b>Make up for</b>	Ibrahim <b>promised</b> he would(make of – <b>make up for</b> )the <b>time</b> he had lost by being late.
<b>Do away with</b>	Not everyone in our family has a <b>mobile</b> so we can't ( <b>do away with</b> - do up) our <b>landline</b> .
<b>Do without</b>	The doctor told my grandmother she'd have to learn to <b>do</b> ( <b>without</b> –up) <b>sugar</b> .
<b>Do up</b>	I've hurt my back which means I have to get someone to <b>do</b> my <b>shoes</b> (down- <b>up</b> )
<b>Far and wide</b>	People <b>came from far</b> and ( <b>wide</b> –long)to see the exhibition.
<b>Hustle and bustle</b>	Most of the time I love the <b>hustle</b> and (castle - <b>bustle</b> ) of <b>city life</b> .
<b>Nearest and dearest</b>	I love spending time with my nearest and ( <b>dearest</b> - hustle) , so we often have family get-togethers.
<b>Pick and choose</b>	There are lots of <b>restaurants</b> near here. You can ( <b>pick</b> – take) and <b>choose</b> from about fifty.
<b>Odds and ends</b>	While I was on holiday I bought lots of <b>odds</b> and (things- <b>ends</b> ) to give as <b>presents</b> .
<b>Peace and quiet</b>	Let's turn the <b>television</b> off and have some <b>peace</b> and (bustle / <b>quiet</b> ) for a change.
<b>Blow her/ his own trumpet</b>	Mahmoud is very <b>modest</b> – that's why he never ( <b>blow</b> -bustle )his own <b>trumpet</b> .
<b>To face the music</b>	If you break the law, you have to <b>face</b> the( <b>music</b> - tune).
<b>Drum something into someone</b>	The importance of crossing the road safely is ( <b>drummed into</b> – blow into) children when they are very young.
<b>Change his tune</b>	He said he didn't want to swim, but he <b>changed</b> his (music / <b>tune</b> ) when he saw the pool.
<b>Come up against</b>	Everything was going very well until they came up (for- <b>against</b> )unexpected problem.
<b>Come up with</b>	Scientists have just( <b>come up with</b> –come up against )a new way of reprocessing plastic.
<b>Come out</b>	Environmentalists are working hard to( <b>come up with</b> -come up against) new ways of saving energy.
<b>Come across</b>	I've lost my glasses – let me know if you ( <b>come across</b> / come over) them.
<b>Come over</b>	Why don't you (come out / <b>come over</b> ) after school? We could visit my grandparents.

<b>Come round</b>	When my brother ( <b>came round</b> / came up) after his operation, he felt fine.
<b>Come up</b>	When I was talking to my brother yesterday, your name ( <b>came out-came up</b> ) several times.
<b>Come down</b>	I wish the price of petrol would ( <b>come down-come round</b> ).

### Tenses

<b>S + V1 + Com</b>	<b>Always, usually, sometimes, often, never rarely-every</b>	-Desertification <b>usually occurs</b> (occur) in dry areas.
<b>S + is , am , are + V-ing + Com</b>	<b>now – at the moment – at present-next week-today-tomorrow — tonight – this</b>	-Several organizations <b>now are helping</b> (help) to support the preservation of traditional crafts. -I <b>want</b> ( want) a complete silence <b>now</b> while I am trying this experiment.
<b>S + have, has + V3 + Com</b>	<b>several( days - times – years) -yet- since for – just-so far –ever - already-recently throughout this (year- month- week) –never -over a week - in the seven years</b>	-Syria <b>has been</b> (be)an important trading center <b>for several millennia</b> . - <b>Throughout</b> history people <b>have moved</b> (move) from one country to another
<b>S+ have , has +been +V-ing + Com</b>	<b>all day - all night - Since I last saw – look+ صفة</b>	- <b>I'm really tired</b> . I have not been sleeping (not sleep) very well recently. -I have been playing (play) football <b>all morning</b> .
<b>S + V2 + Com</b>	<b>Ago – yesterday – last - in 2023 - when I was</b>	-In 1975 my family <b>left</b> (leave) England on an aeroplane. -When I was eighteen I <b>went</b> (go) to university
<b>When – while</b>	<b>-I was walking</b> (walk)through town the other day, <b>when</b> suddenly I <b>thought</b> about my friend Tareq. <b>-He lost</b> 10 kg <b>while</b> he <b>was training</b> (train).	
<b>Before</b>	<b>Before</b> he <b>set off</b> on his journey, he <b>had learned</b> (learn)how to ride a camel.	
<b>didn't-couldn't</b>	- Salah <b>didn't</b> recognize his friend, Hani. He <b>hadn't seen</b> (not see) ten years. - When Laila read the letter she <b>couldn't</b> stop smiling. She <b>had passed</b> (pass) exams.	
<b>said –added</b>	-Mrs. Chin <b>said</b> she <b>had never done</b> (never do) paid work.	
<b>After/because/although</b>	-Tareq felt nervous <b>because</b> he <b>had never flown</b> (never fly)before. - <b>Although</b> it <b>had been</b> (be) there for as long as anyone could remember.	
	-Omar <b>passed</b> all his exams. He <b>had been revising</b> (revise)non-stop <b>for</b> a month.	



**1 – Read the following text then do the tasks below:**

**Answer the following questions : ( 18 marks )**

- 1-
  - 2-
  - 3-
- Find words in the text which mean the following : ( 10 marks )**

- 4-
  - 5-
- Rewrite these sentences about the text to correct the information : ( 12 marks )**

- 6-
- 7-

**II – Read the following text then do the tasks below :**

**Choose the correct answer a, b, or c : ( 12 marks )**

- 8-
  - 9-
- Match the underlined words from the text to the definitions below : ( 12 marks )**

- 10-
  - 11-
- Complete the following sentences with information from the text : ( 12 marks )**

- 12-
- 13-

**اسئلة الدورات السابقة**

**III- Complete the following paragraph by filling in gaps :**

**( 18 marks )**

- 14- Syria at ...the...forefront of regional recycling countries. Major recycling plants **15**...had...been built in the last few years in order to dispose safely **16**...of... substances such as plastics, batteries ...and... other waste materials.
- 14- The law related to computer crime...is ....changing very quickly....in.... recent years, computer crime has increased ...as.. the number of people using the internet has grown.
- 14-in 1956 Michael Asher was ...the ... first westerner to cross the Sahara Desert ...from.... West to east on a camel. He ..had.. learnt how to ride a camel before he set off on his journey.
- 14-Information about the climate can ..be .. useful for weather forecasting...and.. it helps farmers to know when it is ..the.. best time to plant crops.
- 14-Sand gazelles are in danger ...of....extinction. Because of habitat loss ...and....hunting. However, there ..has.. been some efforts to save these animals.
- 14-Sand gazelles are small mammals. They are very quick and have been known .....to....reach speeds of almost 100km per hour. They are excellent jumpers and use their speed ...and... agility to evade ...the...attention of predators.
- 14- Tarq's instruments have become famous across Syria ..and .. the Arab world, and there is now a great demand ...on.. these instruments. One of Tarq's sons, Saleh, decided to follow ..his.. father into business.
- 14- Most people agree that regular exercise is ...the... important part of the healthy lifestyle. Especially for people ...who... spend most of their time at work sitting ...in... offices.
- 14- We arrived at Tuesday evening and ...the...first thing we did was set up our camp. The sky was very clear we could see millions ...of...stars. The next morning we visited the Roman city ...which...was amazing.
- 14- in the last hundred years , people have ...been... living longer and longer. Yet, there are still many aspects of our lifestyles...which...could be improved. Doctors advise that regular exercise ...and... a healthy diet are crucial to our well-being.
- 14- this modern building is located....in... residential area in the suburbs of a large city. It has ...a... small garden with recently planted trees and shrubs. The property ...is...surrounded by a low wall which separates it from a quiet street.

**IV- Fill in the spaces with words from the list. Use each word once ( 24 marks )**

**17- putting – mouth – work – carried – same.**

-Doctors heard of Pasteur's **17...work.....** they began to be more careful. They stopped **18...putting ...**people with different kinds of illnesses in the **19...same...** room. Germs could be **20...carried ...**, they thought, from one person to the other.

**17- Lessons, successful, youngest, nothing, knew**

-Marie's mother dies when her **...youngest ...** daughter was only ten. From then on Marie **..knew...** That she would have to work hard at her **..lessons..** if she wanted to be... **successful.....** in her life

**17- mind, bad, coast, machines, set up**

-the British government helped Marconi to **...set up..**

Wireless stations all along the **...coast...** he also put some of his **..machines..** on ships. One night during a **..bad ..** storm at sea, two of the ships were in trouble.

**17-waste, allowed, higher, selling, laboratory**

-Edison's first job was **..selling..** newspaper on a train.

He didn't want to **..waste..** his time between stations, so he set up a moving **..laboratory..** on a train. One day a fire broke out and Tom was not **..allowed..** to work on the train again.

**17- behind, everything, bright, angry, reason**

-Louis Pasture was a **..bright..** Boy. Although his teachers said he was always **..behind..** the rest of his class. The **..reason...**for this was simple. Louis was very careful in **..everything ..** he did.

**17- built, finally, Earth, study, solar**

-Galileo proved to the world that the **..Earth..** and the other planets in our **..solar..** system move around the sun. to do this he **..built..** a telescope through which he could **..study..** the stars the sun and the moon.

**17- prove, fill, home, best, mind**

-Young Marconi had the **..best..** teachers to give him lessons at **...home..** in Italy. He loved books. Especially those on science. He had a curious **...mind...** and always wanted to **...prove..** to himself what he read.

**17- girls, last, studying, tears, send**

-After Marie's sister finished **...studying...** in Paris, she could get work and **...send....**Marie the money to study there herself. With... **tears ...** in their eyes the **...girls...** parted.

**17- turning, useful, burn, paid, produced**

-The electric lamp is probably the most **...useful...**thing Edison invented. He knew that electricity **...produced...**

Power and heat. He looked for something that would... **burn...** for a long time without being used up. In 1879, he changed night into day by **...turning...** on several powerful street lamps outside his laboratory.

**17- ground- several – himself – enjoyed – curious**

-A great fire burned before the **...curious...**eyes of a six- year-old boy. He **...enjoyed...** every minute of it, even though it was his father's store that burned to the **....ground...** . later he said he had started the fire**...himself....**



**V- Complete the following dialogue by writing the suitable questions or answers. ( 32 marks )**

**Write at least three words for each question :**

**21-Where were you born?**

- I was born in the country.

**22-How long have you been living there?**

- I have lived there for eighteen years.

**23-What did you enjoy?**

- I enjoyed the open-air life.

-Why did you leave the country?

**24- I left the country to find a better job.**

**1- Why do animals migrate?**

- Animals migrate to find food or to raise their kids.

**2- How often do they migrate?**

-They often migrate twice a year.

**3- Where do they usually travel?**

-They usually travel to warmer places.

- How can we protect animals?

**4- We must stop hunting them.**

**1- How long did your meeting last?**

-Our meeting lasted for two hours.

**2- What did you discuss?**

- We discussed the problem of traffic jam in our city.

**3- Who attended the meeting?**

- Many engineers and experts attended the meeting.

- What is your recommendations to solve this problem?

**4- I recommend to build new wide streets?**

**1- Where is Damascus located?**

-Damascus is located in the north west of Syria,

**2- How many tourists visit it every year?**

-Thousands of tourists visit it every year.

**3- Why do they visit Syria?**

-They visit Syria to explore its cities.

-What is Damascus famous for?

**4- Damascus is famous for its ancient buildings.**

**1- What is law?**

- Law is a set of rules.

**2- Why are laws made?**

-Laws are made to organize people's lives.

**3- Who make sure that people obey the laws?**

-Police and judges make sure that people obey the law.

-What would happen if there were not laws.

**4- There would be many crimes if there were not laws.**

**1- What was your last holiday like?**

- Our last holiday was very exciting.

**2- Where did you go?**

-We went to Cairo.

**3- When did you arrive last night?**

- We arrived very late last night.

- Why did you arrive late?

**1- What was your last holiday like?**

- Our last holiday was very exciting.

**2- Where did you go?**

-We went to Cairo.

**3- When did you arrive last night?**

- We arrived very late last night.

- Why did you arrive late?

**4- Because our car broke down.**

**1- Where did you go at the weekend?**

- I went to Aleppo at the weekend.

**2- Did you enjoy the trip?**

- Yes, I enjoyed my trip a lot.

**3- Whom did you meet there?**

-I met some friends there.

-What do you like most about Aleppo?

**4- I like its beautiful buildings.**

**1- Where have you got your guitar?**

- I have got my guitar from a local shop.

**2- How long have you had it?**

- I have had it for three years.

**3- How much does it cost?**

- It costs 30000 Syrian pounds.

- When do you play your guitar?

**4- I play the guitar in my free time.**

**1- Where did you go last year?**

- I went to Mexico last year.

**2- Whom did you meet?**

- I met the world's oldest married couple.

**3- How long have they been married?**

- They have been married for 70 years.

- What was your trip like.

**4- It was exciting.**

**1- Where did your brother Hani travel?**

- My brother Hani travelled to Australia.

**2- What is he studying?**

-He is studying medicine there.

**3- How long has he been there?**

-He has been there for 5 years.

-What are the advantages of moving abroad?

**4- We get new skills when we move abroad**

**1- How far is your school?**

- My school is near my house.

**2- How many students are in your class?**

- There are twenty students in my class.

**3- When did your school open?**

-My school opened in 1990.

-What do you like most about your school?

**4- I like my teachers and friends.**

4- Because our car broke down.

1- Where did you go at the weekend?

- I went to Aleppo at the weekend.

2- Did you enjoy the trip?

- Yes, I enjoyed my trip a lot.

3- Whom did you meet there?

- I met some friends there.

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2- Whom did you meet?

- I met the world's oldest married couple.

3- How long have they been married?

- They have been married for 70 years.

- What was your trip like.

4- It was exciting.

**VI- Rewrite the following sentences as required in brackets: ( 32 marks )**

**25- Many women don't make their dresses themselves. ( causative)**

- Many women have their dresses made.

**26-Human activities have destroyed the natural environment.( passive voice)**

-The natural environment has been destroyed by human activities.

**27-Have you tasted Indian food? ( she asked him)**

- She asked me if I had tasted Indian food.

**28-I can't play the piano. ( I wish)**

- I wish I could play the piano.

**-Going to the theater is expensive. ( I wish)**

- I wish going to the theater weren't expensive.

**-Farmers grow many salad crops. ( passive voice)**

- Many salad crops were grown by farmers.

**-Do you work in a collage? ( he asked me)**

-He asked me if I worked in a collage.

**- Brides rarely make their own wedding dresses. (causative verb)**

- Brides have their own wedding dresses made.

**-He is not going to take his tooth out himself.( causative)**

- He is going to have it taken out.

**-Skilled engineers built the bridge in 1990.( passive voice)**

- The bridge was built in 1990 by skilled engineers.

**-" have you been to Palmyra before?" (she asked her friends)**

- She asked her friends if they had been to Palmyra before.

**- I can't sing well. ( I wish)**

- I wish I could sing well.

- **Elephants have changed the natural environment. ( passive voice)**
- The natural environment has been changed by the elephants.
- **Travelling by plane is expensive. ( I wish)**
- I wish travelling by plane weren't expensive.
- **" what is your favorite hobby." ( he asked me)**
- He asked me what my favorite hobby was.
- **My brother didn't paint the room himself.( causative)**
- He had it painted.
- **My room is too small. ( I wish)**
- I wish my room weren't too small.
- **Can I go out with my friends? ( Hani asked his mother)**
- Hani asked his mother if he could go out with his friends.
- **Thousands of tourists visit historical monuments in Damascus. ( passive voice)**
- Historical monuments in Damascus are visited by thousands of tourists.
- **The streets are very dirty.( I wish)**
- I wish the streets weren't very dirty.
- **Birds often build their nests at the top of the trees. ( passive voice)**
- Nests are often built on the top of trees by birds.
- **Do you study in a collage? ( he asked me)**
- He asked me if I studied in a collage.
- **My bother cut his own hair himself.( causative )**
- My brother didn't have it cut.
- **She didn't repair the car herself. ( causative)**
- She had it repaired.
- **Do you enjoy spending time together? ( he asked them)**
- He asked me if we enjoyed spending time together.
- **Syria has made a lot of efforts to save endangered animals. ( passive voice)**
- A lot of efforts to save endangered animals have been made by Syria.
- **Shopkeepers sell different items in the souks of Damascus. ( passive voice)**
- Different items are sold in the souks of Damascus by shopkeepers.
- **I am very shy about talking in public. ( I wish)**
- I wish I weren't very shy about talking in public.
- **We took our grandchildren on holiday. ( they said)**
- They said they had taken their grandchildren on holiday.
- **They didn't take this photograph of their family. ( causative)**
- They had them taken.
- **They made the halls wider than the rest of the tunnel.( passive voice)**
- The halls were made wider than the rest of the tunnel.
- **You are always losing things.( I wish)**
- I wish you would stop always losing your things.
- **People don't service their cars themselves. ( causative)**
- They have them serviced.
- **A local builder built their house. ( passive voice)**
- Their house was built by a local builder.
- **I can't speak French.( I wish)**
- I wish I could speak French.
- **He is not going to take his own photo.( causative)**
- he is going to have it taken.
- **Have you enjoyed your holiday.( she asked them)**
- She asked them if they had enjoyed their holiday.

## VII- Complete the following sentences using clauses :

**( 14 marks )**

- 29-** if you want to succeed in your job, **you have to work hard.**
- 30-** I broke my glasses, so **I can't read well.**
- I have passed my driving test, so **I can drive now.**
- Huda prefers living in town, whereas **Lama prefers countryside.**
- Omar is very nervous because **he has never flown before.**
- When I was a child, **I was living with my grandparents.**
- She had prepared the lunch before **we came.**
- Whenever I go on holiday, **I see my best friends.**
- She went to school although **she was tired.**
- If you broke the law, **you would be punished.**
- He has to do his work again because **he did it quickly.**
- If there were no laws, **there would be many crimes.**
- If I were a doctor, **I would help poor people.**
- Omar's letter was difficult to read because **he wrote it quickly.**
- When she was leaving, **the phone rang.**
- I can't remember where **I put my bag.**
- When I was at school, **I made my friends.**
- I am so busy because **I have a lot of work to do.**
- I went to the market because **I wanted to buy food.**
- If you want to improve your health **you should play sport.**
- The fire had started when **we arrived.**

## VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets : ( 18 marks )

- 31-** Many ( **recycling**- recycle) factories were built in our town
- 32-** When I was twelve. I ( did – **made**) the decision not to eat any more fast food.
- 33-** This man has three villas. He ( can't be- **must be**) rich
- I have never been good at ( mathematical – **mathematics**).
- Why don't you ( **come over**- come out) after school? We can play chess together.
- The musician ( hits – **bows**) the violin.
- Ahmad went to the airport ( so that – **in order to**) meet his friend.
- It would be awful if our car (**ran out of** – ran into) petrol.
- I have (**made** – done) myself a promise to work hard for the exam.
- He didn't want to swim, but he changed his (music- **tune**) when he saw the pool.
- My brother has a ( **mathematical**- mathematics) brain.
- In my city, the council is ( going along with – **running out of**) space for new houses.
- I am good ( **at** – with) math, but I can't do calculations very quickly.
- Too much salt is bad for me, but I couldn't ( do up – **do without**) it altogether.
- Nadia's letter was so difficult to read ( so that- **because**) she had written it quickly.
- Scientists frequently ( **do** – make) experiments to test their ideas.
- I like to live in a small ( peace – **peaceful**) village near the sea.
- The acacia tree is famous ( **for** – of) being protected by ants.
- Many people recycle their rubbish ( because – **in order not to**) use up the world's resources.
- I have just heard the door( **bang**- splash).
- It has been a ( **disastrous** – disaster) year for the tea industry.
- We must do something about climate change to( **protect** – survive) our way of life.
- The students can ( make of – **make up**) a story about their recent holiday.
- My brother is ( talent- **talented**) in many different ways.
- If I ( **make**-do) a mistake now, I will be punished.
- I am looking for a new flat. I can't (come up with – **put up with**) the noise of the traffic any longer.

- I am going to ( **make – do**) the success of my new job.
- Sami didn't go to school yesterday( **because-** in order to) he was ill.
- The average ( earn- **earnings**) are expected to double in the next ten years.
- When my brother (**came round-** came up) after his operation, he felt fine.

#### **IX- Correct the verbs in brackets :( 18 marks )**

- 34-** My father retired after he **had finished** ( finish) the project.
- 35-** Hassan **has been writing** ( write) an essay all morning. He is very tired now.
- 36-** When Sami graduates he **will travel** ( travel) to London.
- She **hasn't gone**( not go) to the beach since she was six years old.
- As soon as he arrives he **will call**(call) us.
- If you didn't stop smoking your cough **would get** (get) worse
- The police **would stop** (stop) you if you drove to fast.
- He looks very tired. He **has been playing** ( play) football all the morning.
- The scientists **are discussing** (discuss) new ways of saving energy at the moment.
- If my sister graduates soon, she **will get**(get) a new job.
- While she **was playing** ( play) tennis, she hurt her ankle.
- We **have lived** (live) in the same house since 2010.
- She **feels** (feel) tired because she has been travelling for two days.
- He **had been driving**( drive) nearly 1000 km by the time he stopped for a break.
- I have known (know) Ahmad since I was a child.
- Sofia **has worked** (work) as a primary school teacher since she arrived in England.
- While he **was looking**(look for) work. He was offered two jobs.
- The original Mont Blanc **was** (be) completed in 1965.
- My uncle finally passed his driving test. He **had taken** (take) the test three times already.
- Water is the most precious natural resource. It **plays** (play) a central role in agricultural production.
- I went to see Fadi in hospital. He **had broken** (break) his leg during a football match.
- While Sofia **was studying** (study) in Britain, she met her old teacher.
- We **will have** (have) a family celebration next week. Would you like to come?
- Samer couldn't contact his brother Khalid. He **had switched** (switch) the phone off.
- I am really tired. I **haven't slept** (not sleep) very well recently.
- I feel tired. I **haven't slept** (not sleep) at all for three nights.
- Hiba **had had** (have) a new job after she graduated.
- They **will play** ( play) a football match next week.
- Irish people emigrated because so many **had died** (die) of starvation.
- Damascus **is** (be) located in the south-west of Syria.
- In 1975 they **left** (leave) England on an airplane.
- Ali **has studied** (study) law and history for four years.

#### **X- Translation:**

#### **Translate the following sentence into Arabic: ( 10 marks )**

- 37-** Doctors urge people to monitor caffeine intake during very hot weather.  
 - يحث الاطباء الناس على مراقبة جرعة الكافئين خلال الطقس الحار.
- Virtual reality allows people to live, work and interact with others in an electronic world.  
 - يسمح العالم الافتراضي للناس العيش والعمل في التفاعل مع بعضهم ضمن عالم الكتروني.
- Surgery has become safer than in the past and it is now used to cure many illnesses.  
 - اصبحت الجراحة اكثر امانا من الماضي و تستخدم الان لعلاج العديد من الامراض.
- Astronauts do research to study how long periods in space affect the human body.  
 - يجري رواد الفضاء البحث لدراسة تأثير طول المدة الزمنية في الفضاء على الجسم.
- Recycled paper is not as strong as paper made from wood pulp.  
 - الورق المعاد تدويره ليس قويا مثل الورق المصنوع من لب الخشب.



- All recycling processes require energy and create some pollution.
- كل عمليات اعادة التدوير تتطلب الطاقة و تسبب بعض التلوث.
- When taken in small amounts. Caffeine increases the circulation and considered harmless for most people.
- عندما يأخذ بكميات صغيرة. يزيد الكافئين من الدورة الدموية و يعتبر ضار لمعظم الناس.
- Noble was fluent in five languages and had a great interest in literature.
- كان نوبل بليغا في خمس لغات و كان لديه اهتمام كبير بالأدب.
- Recycling glass reduces the environmental damage caused by mining the raw materials.
- يقلل اعادة تدوير الزجاج من ضرر البيئة الذي تسببه صناعة المواد الخام.
- Bacteria are tiny cells that are responsible for spreading many types of diseases.
- البكتيريا هي خلايا صغيرة مسؤولة عن نشر عدة انواع من الامراض.
- Caffeine is used as a stimulant of the heart and nervous system.
- يستخدم الكافئين كمنبه للقلب و النظام العصبي.

**Translate the following sentence into English (8 marks )**

The driver paid the fine because he broke the law.	٣٨ - دفع السائق غرامة لمخالفته القانون
The public libraries are considered the main source for culture in any country.	تعتبر المكتبات العامة مصادر هامة للثقافة في أي بلد.
Building factories out of the city reduces the pollution.	- يقلل بناء المصانع خارج المدينة من التلوث فيها.
Plants use different ways to protect themselves.	- تستخدم النباتات طرق مختلفة لتحمي نفسها من الحيوانات
The capital city is the biggest and has most population	عاصمة البلد هي غالبا المدينة الاكبر و الاكثر سكانا.
Scientists found new ways to recycle waste.	-أوجد العلماء طريقة جديدة لتدوير النفايات.
Doctors urge people to do regular exercises and have healthy food because they are very important to build up a strong body.	-ينصح الاطباء بالتمارين المنتظمة و الطعام الصحي لانهما مهمان جدا لبناء جسم قوي
He left the court as a free man because he had proved his innocence.	-غادر قاعة المحكمة كرجل حر لأنه اثبت انه بريء.
The driver felt guilty although the accident wasn't his fault.	-شعر السائق بالذنب على الرغم من ان الحادث لم يكن بسببه.
In autumn animals migrate to the south to find food.	-في الخريف تهاجر العديد من الحيوانات الى الجنوب لتجد الطعام.
People move to the countryside to avoid the traffic jam and pollution	-ينتقل الناس الى الريف هربا من الازدحام و التلوث.



اهم النماذج مع الاجوبة في نهاية النوبة

**I – Read the following text then do the tasks below :**

It may seem very strange, but plants are always in danger from animals which want to feed on them. If this happens, the plant can be damaged or even killed. So because their roots, trunks, leaves, flowers and seeds are under constant attack from mammals, insects or birds, plants have developed ways of protecting themselves from these enemies. Here are some of the ways plants stop animals from attacking and eating them. Some plants which grow in dry climates, for example cactuses, store large quantities of water in their stems. To protect themselves, they have sharp thorns. Animals will hurt themselves if they try to get to the water from these plants. Other plants, like stinging nettles, can 'inject' painful or irritating substances into their enemies by means of the sharp hairs on their leaves. There are many plants which protect themselves by poisoning their enemies. In some cases the poison they contain is so powerful that it can kill any living thing which touches or eats them. The poison can be in the leaves, the seeds or berries or in other parts of the plant.

**Answer the following questions : ( 18 marks )**

- 1-Where can the poison be found in plants?
- 2-Where do cactuses store water ?
- 3-How do stinging nettles protect themselves?

**Find words in the text which mean the following :( 10 marks)**

- 4-A small, hard part of a plant from which a new plant can grow.
- 5- A substance that kills or harms you.

**Rewrite these sentences about the text to correct the information : ( 12 marks )**

- 6-All plants which grow in dry climates store large quantities of water in their roots.

- 7-The poison of a plant doesn't kill any living thing.

**II – Read the following text then do the tasks below :**

One of the most significant moments in IT history Occurred at the close of the twentieth century when experts predicted that computer systems would malfunction at midnight on 31 December 1999. computer scientists speculated that IT programs would stop working or produce incorrect **results** because they stored years with two digits instead of four – 98 instead of 1998, for example. They believed that the year 2000 would be represented by 00, and would be interpreted by software as the year 1900. This became known as the Millennium Bug, or the year 2000 problem. They predicted that IT systems, ranging from **meteorological** devices and hospital equipment to data storage systems in governments, banks and airports, would fail. It was thought that embedded systems that also made use of date logic, such as utilities and other crucial infrastructure, would **collapse** too. When midnight arrived, the Millennium Bug caused only minimal damage; some Australian bus-ticket machines failed to work and a few British banking transactions were temporarily disrupted.

**Choose the correct answer a, b, or c : ( 12 marks )**

- 8- The speculations of computer scientists about the Millennium Bug .....

- a. happened as was expected
- b. proved to be true
- c. were over-stated

- 9- The Millennium Bug caused ..... damage.

- a- a lot of                      b - a little                      c – no

**Match the underlined words from the text to the definitions below : ( 12 marks )**

- 10- To fail or break down suddenly.
- 11- Related to the weather and climate.

**Complete the following sentences with information from the text : ( 12 marks )**

- 12- The Millennium Bug is also known as.....

- 13- The IT systems contain .....

**III- Complete the following paragraph by filling in gaps :  
( 18 marks )**

Ahmed and I have just got home from a two-day  
14- visit ..... Apamea. It was only a short visit  
15- ..... I will remember it forever. Apamea  
16- is an ancient site on ..... bank of the Orontes River.

**IV- Fill in the spaces with words from the list. Use each word  
once ( 24 marks )**

carried, illnesses, weaker, work, careful  
17- Doctor's heard of Pasteur's..... . They began to  
18- be more..... They stopped putting people  
19- with different kinds of..... in the same room.  
20- Germs could be..... from one person to the other.

**V- Complete the following dialogue by writing the suitable  
questions or answers. ( 32 marks )**

**Write at least three words for each question :**

21- Sami : .....?  
Nour : My mother has been a doctor since 2004.  
22- Sami : .....?  
Nour : Her hospital is in the city center.  
23- Sami : .....?  
Nour : I see her once or twice a week.  
Sami : What would you like to be when you grow up?  
24- Nour : .....

**VI- Rewrite the following sentences as required in brackets:  
( 32 marks )**

25- You friend said she would phone you, but she hasn't.  
You are sure she has not forgotten. ( explain a possibility )  
.....

26- We can't recycle plastic more easily. (I wish)  
.....

27- What is your name ? I asked him  
.....

28- Scientists are trying to produce new fuels.  
( Change into passive )  
.....

**VII- Complete the following sentences using clauses :  
( 14 marks )**

29- It's expensive to get into the Eden Project,  
.....  
30- Tareq wants to be a teacher when  
.....

**VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets : ( 18 marks )**

31- I've always been interested ( on – in – at ) plants and  
trees.  
32- My Encyclopedia of Nature is full ( of – for - from )  
interesting facts about plants.  
33- Dates grow ( on trees – under the ground ).

**IX- Correct the verbs in brackets : ( 18 marks )**

34- Some plants ..... ( cover ) with a sticky substance, like  
wet paint.  
35- While she was at the Eden Project, one girl..... (become)  
very interested in biology.  
36- Visiting the Eden Project..... ( make ) you aware of  
the importance of plants.

**X- Translation:**

**Translate the following sentence into Arabic : ( 10 marks )**

37- Designers and inventors are using the Internet in  
increasingly innovative ways.  
.....

**Translate the following sentence into English : ( 8 marks )**

38. تعتمد الصباريات على أشواكها لتحمي نفسها  
.....

**XI-Composition: ( 50 marks )**

Write a composition of no less than 80 words on the following  
topic:

“ Write an account of a visit you made “

**Every pain gives a lesson, and every lesson changes a  
person.**

**2- Read the following text then do the tasks below :**

The Geneva Convention is a set of international laws that protect injured soldiers and civilians during war. The law makes sure that every person is treated well and with respect. The first treaty was written in 1864 but it is often changed due to different types of war. It was significantly updated in 1949 after World War Two. Syria is one of 200 countries in the world that agreed to follow the laws of the Geneva Convention. The agreement is important because during war a country might need help from neutral organizations to care for the wounded. The Red Crescent is one of the organizations that provides aid during times of war. It also helps injured people during peacetime and you may have seen ambulances with the Red Crescent symbol in the street. Countries who follow the laws of the Geneva Convention must not attack civilians, and they are not allowed to fight someone who is already hurt. It is illegal to ignore these rules, and a country found guilty of committing war crimes will be tried in court of law and can be severely punished.

**Answer the following questions : ( 18 marks )**

1. How do people are treated according to the Geneva Convention ?

2. What is 'the Red Crescent' .

3. Why is the agreement important?

**Find words in the text which mean the following :(10 marks )**

4. Very harshly.

5. People in the army.

**Rewrite these sentences about the text to correct the information : ( 12 marks )**

6. Obeying the rules of the Geneva Convention is illegal.

7. Countries that ignore the terms of the treaty aren't punished.

**II – Read the following text then do the tasks below :**

Until recently, people often disposed of waste in open holes in the ground, called open landfills. But these open dumps were dangerous. Rainfall dissolve some of the chemicals from the waste, forming a **liquid** called leachate. Leachate could pollute the soil run off into the groundwater. Some countries have banned the use of open dumps. Another type of landfill is called a sanitary landfill, which is specially constructed to hold the waste material more safely. A sanitary landfill holds **municipal** solid waste, construction debris and some types of agricultural and **industrial** waste. Once a sanitary landfill is full, it is covered with a clay cap to keep rain water out. Even well-designed landfills can pollute the soil and groundwater. And while capped landfills can be reused for some purposes, such as parks, they cannot be used for housing and agriculture. Another solution is municipal solid waste composting.

**Choose the correct answer a, b, or c : ( 12 marks )**

8. We can use capped landfills for .....

a- housing      b- parks      c- agriculture

9. Leachate is a mixture of waste and .....

a- clay      b- rainfall      c- liquid

**Match the underlined words from the text to the definitions below : ( 12 marks )**

10. Relating to or belonging to the government of town or city.

11. Fluid.

**Complete the following sentences with information from the text : ( 12 marks )**

12. In a sanitary landfill, you can see.....

13. Open landfills are .....

**III- Complete the following paragraph by filling in the gaps: ( 18 marks)**

14- In recent years computer crime.....increased as the  
15- number of people using the internet.....buy things or  
16- to access.....bank accounts has grown.

**IV- Fill in the spaces with words from the list. Use each word ( once only : ( 24 marks )**

chain, faster, noticed, discovery, church

17- At the age of eighteen, Galileo made his first.....  
18- He was in a.....when he heard a strange noise.  
19- He.....that an oil lamp was swinging backwards  
20- and forwards. He also heard the lamp's.....hitting  
against the wall.

**V- Complete the following dialogue by writing the suitable questions or answers. ( 32 marks )**

**Write at least three words for each question :**

21- **Maher** : .....

**Fars** : I have got two brothers and one sister.

22- **Maher** : .....

**Fars** : I live in Damascus, Syria.

23- **Maher** : .....

**Fars** : I have been living there for three years.

24- **Maher** : How do you go to school?

**Fars** : .....

**VI- Rewrite the following sentences as required in brackets ( 32 marks )**

25- Did you enjoy your holiday ? ( he asked me )

26- I cannot play the piano. ( I wish )

27- Actual things are not stolen by computer criminals.  
( change the sentence to active )

28 – The city center is really busy this morning. ( I wish )

**VII- Complete the following sentences using clauses: (14 marks )**

29- Modern criminals are using computers to.....  
30- He left court a free man because.....

**VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets: ( 18 marks )**

31- Many people believe that the worst crimes are murder  
and other ( violence – violent ) acts.  
32- The jury said he was ( guilty – guilt ).  
33- Mean is the opposite of ( generous – patient ).

**IX- Correct the verbs in brackets: ( 18 marks )**

34- Hani .....( study ) law for four years.  
35- The couple .....( have ) a baby recently.  
36- The students who have been cheating.....  
( punish ) severely.

**X- Translation:**

**Translate the following sentence into Arabic: (10 marks)**

37- Recycling metals saves money and causes less pollution  
than processing new materials.

**Translate the following sentence into English:**

38- .....  
توجب عليه أن يدفع غرامة لأنه كان يفقد بدون تأمين.

**XI- Composition: ( 50 marks )**

Write a composition of no less than 80 words on the  
following topic:

**Should motorists who drive too fast in residential areas be  
banned from driving?**

To be happy you must let go what's gone. Be grateful  
for what remains. Look forward to what is coming.

**3- Read the following text then do the tasks below:**

When we talk about animal migration we mean the movement of an animal from the place where it has been living to a different place and the return journey to that animal's original home. Most animal migrations are recurrent events which happen at certain times of the year. Animals usually migrate to find food or to raise their young. Incredibly, most migrating animals follow the same route every year and from generation to generation. Land animals may cross mountains or forge through rivers, while birds and insects travel extensive distances, sometimes across continents and oceans. Fish and other sea creatures may migrate halfway round the world. For example, the grey whale can travel as much as 20,000 kilometers. Many animals migrate to northern regions during the northern summer because the long summer days mean that there is always plenty of food. In the autumn, when the weather gets colder, many animals migrate south to find food and warmer weather ( the southern summer). Some animals migrate every year, doing the two journeys in one year, but others migrate only if they need to find food or for more temperate weather.

**Answer the following questions: ( 18 marks )**

1- When do most animal migrations occur?

.....  
 .....

2- Why do animals migrate?

.....

3- Where do many animals migrate in the summer?

.....

**Find words in the text which mean the following: (10 marks )**

4- Occurring often or repeatedly.

5- Having mild temperatures.

**Rewrite these sentences about the text to correct the information: ( 12 marks )**

6- Most animals migrate at different times of the year.

.....

7- The long summer days mean a little food .

.....

**II-Read the following text and do the tasks below:**

Not many people work in space at one time, as crews on a space station are always as small as possible. It means that there are very few people to do all the technical, scientific and **domestic** jobs. Everyone shares the huge workload and the tiny living area. The crew are all highly qualified scientists who have important work to do. But they also live in a small area that must be kept clean and they need to prepare food, maintain the systems on board and still fit in enough time between their main jobs to get enough sleep and exercise. The astronauts carry out the cleaning in between their duties; they clean the metal area, change the air **purification** system's filters, collect the rubbish and wipe down the walls and floors. Each astronaut also has **maintenance** roles, looking after important systems. On board the ISS, the environmental control and life support systems control elements such as atmospheric pressure, oxygen levels and water recycling.

**Choose the correct answer a, b, or c : (12 marks)**

8- In space, the place where you can live is very ....

a- few                      b- huge                      c- small

9- In space, ..... the crew have to do maintenance roles.

a- Some of                      b- all                      c- many of

**Match the underlined words from the text to the definitions below: (12 marks)**

10- The removal of dirty or harmful substances.

11- Relating to family relationships and life at home.

**Complete the following sentences with information from the text: (12 marks)**

12- In space, the huge workload and.....

.....

13- Some elements that the environmental control .....

.....

**III- Complete the following paragraph by filling in gaps:  
( 18 marks )**

14- In Syria my family lived.....a lovely apartment,  
15 -.....was provided by my father's new job. My  
16 - father helped to run.....engineering firm that built  
bridges.

**IV- Fill in the spaces with words from the list. Use each word  
once only: (24 marks)**

feather, beginning, measure, different, height

17- To Galileo, it was only the..... . Next, he  
18- said that two.....weights fall together if  
19 - they come down from the same.....  
20 - " Not possible"! his friends said. Everyone knows that a  
penny falls faster than a.....!

**V- Complete the following dialogue by writing the suitable  
questions or answers. Write at least three words for each  
one : ( 32 marks )**

21- Dani:.....?  
Hani: I bought my flat last year.  
22- Dani:.....?  
Hani: I went to Aleppo a year ago.  
23- Dani:.....?  
Hani: I went there with my friends.  
24- Dani: How far is it from Damascus?  
Hani:.....

**VI- Rewrite the following sentences as required in brackets:  
( 32 marks )**

25- Oil funded the economic success of the 1960s and 1970s.  
( change the sentence into passive)  
.....

26- Are you enjoying married life? ( I asked them)  
.....

27- I didn't repair the car myself. (write using causative verb)  
.....

28- You eat too quickly. ( I wish)  
.....

**VII- Complete the following sentences using clauses :  
( 14 marks )**

29- He had to pay a fine because.....  
.....

30- While I was shopping,.....  
.....

**VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets: ( 18 marks)**

31- Storms caused the ( destroyed – destruction) of most of  
the crops.

32- The people left because of volcanic ( activity – act ).

33- The ( major – majority ) of the world's migrants move to  
find a better life.

**IX- Correct the verbs in brackets : (18 marks)**

34- In 1975 my family.....( leave) England on an aeroplane.

35- I went to the doctor this morning because I.....(feel)  
ill during the night.

36- When the rescue team arrived , many areas of the  
city.....(destroy) completely.

**X- Translation:**

**Translate the following sentence into Arabic: (10 marks)**

37- A small miscalculation in the planning or preparation of  
the space mission will mean the death of everyone on  
board.  
.....  
.....

**Translate the following sentence into English: (8 marks)**

38- لقد كانت سنة كارثية على صناعة الشاي.

**XI- Composition : ( 50 marks )**

Write a composition of no less than 80 words on the  
following topic:

-Advantages and disadvantages of using computers?

Life is better when you don't care what other people  
think.



**4- Read the following test then do the tasks below:**

The first paper was made from cloth nearly two thousand years ago in China. Although paper can be made from all kinds of materials, such as cotton fibers, grass or sugar cane, these days wood pulp is the material most commonly used to make “ new paper” that is, paper which contains no old or recycled paper. The modern world uses so much paper that environmentalists have persuaded us that we should recycle old paper. There is an increasing awareness in Syria of the need to recycle both paper and other materials. Paper- recycling containers can now be found in some parts of the country and some government agencies have begun paper recycling programs. Also, there is greater education in schools about the need to take care of our environment. Although we use wood pulp from trees to make new paper, it is not true that recycling paper saves trees. Trees are a commercially grown long-term crop, so that when they are cut down , new ones are planted. Also, papermakers use the parts of trees that cannot be used in other industries such as building and furniture making.

**Answer the following questions: (18 marks)**

1- When was paper first made?

2- What materials are used to make paper?

3- Why do environmentalists want to recycle old paper?

**Find words in the text which mean the following :(10 marks)**

4- Material or fabric used to make clothes.

5- Very small pieces of paper , wood, cloth, etc.

**Rewrite these sentences about the text to correct the sentences: (12 marks)**

6- In Syria , people don't know about the importance of recycling materials.

7- Recycling paper saves trees.

**II – Read the following text then do the tasks below :**

Not many people work in space at any one time, as crews on a space station are always as small as possible. It means that there are very few people to do all the technical, scientific and domestic jobs. Everyone shares the huge workload and the tiny living area. At the start of the 1960s, when Yuri Gagarin first went into space, the food was bite-sized and kept in **small** aluminium tubes. Food was designed this way so that it wouldn't take up too much room and could be eaten in a single mouthful before it floated away. Now, however, astronauts enjoy food from plastic containers that just need to have hot or cold water added. Fruit and nuts can also be eaten in space. When drinking **liquids**, a straw is used to suck the liquid out of a sealed package. It mustn't spill or float out of the cup, or it could damage some of the computers. Another, equally important, issue to address is the toilet. In space this is largely similar to one on Earth, with the difference being that **astronauts** have to strap themselves onto it. In place of running water to flush it, there is a vacuum-cleaner-like system to suck up the waste, which is then dried and disposed of on Earth.

**Choose the correct answer a, b, or c : ( 12 marks )**

8. In these days, astronauts put their food in .....

- a. jars                      b. plastic containers                      c. tubes

9. The toilet in space .....

- a. is alike to one on Earth.  
 b. is very different from one on Earth  
 c. neither ( a ) nor ( b )

**Match the underlined words from the text to the definitions below : ( 12 marks )**

10. Of the same kind, quality etc.....

11. A substance which flows, like water.

**Complete the following sentences with information from the text : ( 12 marks )**

12. Food was bite-sized in order not to.....

13. When drinking liquids, astronauts use.....

**III- Complete the following paragraph by filling in the gaps :  
( 18 marks )**

14- Syria is.....the forefront of regional recycling,  
15- hosting regional conferences dedicated.....the  
16- protection of the environment, water conservation.....  
climate change.

**IV- Fill in the spaces with words from the list. Use each word  
once only ( 24 marks)**

**class, careful, illnesses, bright, teachers**

17- Louis Pasteur was a.....boy, although his  
18-.....said he was slow and always behind the  
19- rest of his..... The reason for this was  
20- simple: Louis was very..... in everything he did.

**V- Complete the following dialogue by writing the suitable  
questions or answers.**

**Write at least three words: (32 marks)**

21- Fadi : .....

Omar: My brother is a teacher.

22- Fadi : .....

Omar: He works in public school.

23- Fadi : .....

Omar: He has been working there for eleven years.

24- Fadi : Do you think he is happy with his work?

Omar: .....

**VI- Rewrite the following sentences as required in brackets:  
(32 marks)**

25- Where are you going? ( she asked me )

26- The phone is ringing – it's probably your brother.  
( explain a possibility )

27- lubna didn't take those photos herself.  
( use a causative verb )

28- I'm very shy about talking in public. (I wish)

**VII- Complete the following sentences using clauses :  
( 14 marks)**

29- If you want to improve your health , .....

30- When he accused me of being wasteful, .....

**VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets : (18 marks)**

31- I find it very hard to ( come up – keep up with) the news.

32- The car parks usually ( run out of – cut down on) spaces  
by 8 o'clock in the morning.

33- The news has come out of the ( green – blue).

**IX- Correct the verbs in brackets: (18 marks)**

34 – I.....( play ) football all morning.

35 – Throughout history people.....( move ) from one  
country to another.

36- Sofia..... ( arrive ) in England seven years ago.

**X- Translation:**

**Translate the following sentence into Arabic: ( 10 marks)**

37- Each astronaut in the crew has a specific role and  
receives intensive training for it.

**Translate the following sentence into English: ( 8 marks)**

38- لقد سمحت الحكومة ببناء مطار جديد.

**Composition : ( 50 marks )**

Write a composition of no less than 80 words on the  
following topic :

Choose something that actually happened to you or use  
your imaginary to make up a story.

**If you can't do the little things right, you will never do the  
big things right.**

**I- Read the following test then do the tasks below:**

The rainforest of the Amazon region of Brazil in South America covers five percent of the world's land surface and is home to at least 30 percent of the world's animals and plants. The area is also the home of 220,000 people from about 180 tribes who live deep in the forest. The rainforest itself is an important environment but, because of its size and location, it also plays a vital part in controlling the world's climate. It does this by taking in carbon dioxide and releasing oxygen. Recently, however, large areas of the Amazon rainforest have been cut down to make more land for farmers. Farmers use most of the new land to grow soya beans, which they export to other parts of the world to be used as animal food. Millions of chickens in western European countries are fed on South American soya beans. Increasingly, some soya beans are also being turned into food for human consumption; many vegetarian foods are based on soya beans.

**Answer the following questions: (18 marks)**

1- How many different groups of people live in the south American rainforests?

.....

2- What are most soya beans used for?

.....

3- What is the importance of rainforests?

.....

**Find words in the text which mean the following : ( 10 marks)**

4- The eating or drinking of something.

5- Send something for sale in another country.

**Rewrite these sentences about the text to correct the information: (12 marks)**

6- The rainforest plays a minor role in controlling the world's climate.

.....

7- Farmers use most of the new land to grow soya beans, which they import to other parts of the world.

.....

**II- Read the following text and do the tasks below :**

The modern world is defined by IT, or Information Technology. The term 'Information Technology' emerged in the 1970s, but it can in fact be traced back to World War II, when the military and early computer **specialists** worked together to develop electronics, computers and information theory. Information Technology has a broad remit encompassing the design, development, **implementation** and management of computer- based information systems; particularly software applications and computer hardware. In short, IT deals with the use of computers and computer software to convert, store, process, transmit and retrieve information securely. IT comprises various disciplines: Data **Management**, Computer Networking, Software and Computer Engineering are all crucial components. In recent years, the field has ballooned through advances in computer applications and the Internet to include mobile telephones, computer games and video technology as well as new ways of sharing. Processing and storing information electronically.

**Choose the correct answer a, b, or c: ( 12 marks)**

8- Data managements and computer networking are..... parts of IT.

a- useless      b- important      c- unimportant

9- ..... helped to develop IT.

a- Military specialists.  
b- Early computer specialists.  
c- Both ( a ) and ( b )

**Match the underlined words from the text to the definitions below : (12 marks)**

10- People who know a lot about a particular subject.

.....

11- The action of putting a decision, plan, or agreement into effect. ....

**Complete the following sentences with information from the text : (12 marks)**

12- The military and early specialists worked with .....

.....

13- The crucial components of IT are Data management, ....

.....

**III- Complete the following paragraph by filling in gaps :  
(18 marks)**

- 14- Climate is the average weather .....a particular  
15- place over a long period.....time. A place where  
16- it doesn't rain over many years.....a dry climate.

**IV- Fill in the spaces with words from the list. Use each word  
once only : (24 marks)**

**attacks, success, weak, bodies, germs**

- 17- Pasteur made the.....weak and fed the chickens  
18- with the.....germs . They did not become ill; their own  
19 -..... went to work against the germs. Then  
20- they were safe from any more..... from the same germ.

**V- Complete the following dialogue by writing the suitable  
suitable questions or answers.**

**Write at least three words for each question: ( 32 marks )**

- 21- Huda : .....?  
Maya : I bought three kilos of sugar.  
22- Huda : .....?  
Maya : I paid twenty pounds.  
23- Huda : .....?  
Maya : I have been to the market for three days.  
24- Huda : Why did you leave your country?  
Maya : .....

**VI- Rewrite the following sentences as required in brackets :  
( 32 marks)**

- 25- Are you going to service your own car?  
( use a causative verb )

- 26- Elephants have changed the natural environment.  
( change the sentence into passive )

- 27- Do you enjoy spending time with each other?  
( He asked them )

- 28- I don't have my glasses with me. (I wish)

**VII- Complete the following sentences using clauses :  
( 14 marks )**

- 29- You feel cold when .....  
30- I did my homework too quickly, so .....

**VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets: ( 18 marks )**

- 31- When there is no wind, we say the weather is ( calm – stormy ).  
32- If you ( reuse – misuse ) the equipment, it will not work properly.  
33- Farmers listen to the ( climate – weather ) forecast to decide when to harvest their crops.

**IX- Correct the verbs in brackets : ( 18 marks )**

- 34- I spilt tea on my homework, so I.....( have to )  
rewrite it .  
35- During the storm, three houses.....(destroy )  
and had to be rebuilt.  
36- A country where the sun always.....( shine ) has a  
dry climate.

**X- Translation:**

**Translate the following sentence into Arabic : ( 10 marks)**

- 37- The programs that control what a computer is able to do  
are known as software.

**Translate the following sentence into English : ( 8 marks)**

- 38- الظروف المناخية القاسية يمكن أن تدمر الطبقة العليا من الأرض.

**XI- Composition : ( 50 marks )**

Write a composition of no less than 80 words on the  
following topic:

- 5-Write a reply to an email on water shortage suggesting  
ways of consuming less water.

**Nothing is permanent. Don't stress yourself too much  
because no matter how bad the situation is, it will  
change.**

**6- Read the following test then do the tasks below:**

The sand gazelle, or goitered gazelle, is a horned animal that lives across the Arabian Gulf and North Africa. Originally found in all Arab countries, it is now extinct in Iraq, Kuwait and Yemen and endangered everywhere else, including Syria. In the summer months, sand gazelles live in small family groups of around ten individuals. During the winter, they congregate in large herds. They are ideally suited to the desert environment with their white heads and sand - coloured bodies. This allows them to blend into the desert, camouflaging them from predators. Sand gazelles are small mammals, weighing only 20 kg. However, they are very quick and have been known to reach speeds of almost 100 km per hour. They are excellent jumpers and use their speed and agility to evade the attention of predators. Sand gazelles eat around 6 kg of plants per day – consuming the shoots, roots, leaves and stems of desert plants. Around the third of their overall bodyweight. They drink 3 liters of water per day and in the hottest season dig shallow pits and lie on the cooler soil. The sand gazelle is in danger of extinction, mainly due to habitat loss and hunting. However, there have been some efforts to save them, and some countries have begun breeding them for release into the wild. There have been some successes, but the battle to save them and other native species continues.

**Answer the following questions : ( 18 marks )**

1- How do sand gazelles change their habits in different seasons?

.....

2- When do sand gazelles need to cool themselves?

.....

3- What dangers are sand gazelles facing?

.....

**Find words in the text which mean the following :(10 marks )**

4- Escape or avoid.

5- Without depth.

**Rewrite these sentences about the text to correct the information : ( 12 marks )**

6- The speed and agility of the sand gazelle make it easy for predators to catch it.

.....

7- Every country is making efforts to breed sand gazelles and then release them into the wild.

.....

**II- Read the following text and do the tasks below :**

Alfred Bernhard Nobel (1833-1896) was a Swedish **chemist** engineer, innovator, armaments manufacturer and the inventor of dynamite. Nobel was born on 21 October, 1833, in Stockholm, Sweden. He was educated in Russia, France and the United States. He was fluent in five languages and had great interest in literature. Nobel was also very interested in social and peace related issues, and held views that were considered radical during his time. Nobel travelled widely, then returned to work in his father's factory in St Petersburg, Russia. Later, in Sweden, Nobel began to experiment with explosions. In 1867, he received a **patent** for dynamite. About 1875 he produced an event more powerful explosive called blasting gelatin. In all, Nobel held more than 100 patents. Nobel died in 1896 and was buried in Stockholm. The incorrect publication in 1888 of a premature **obituary** of Nobel by a French newspaper, condemning him for his invention of dynamite, is said to have brought about his decision to leave a better legacy after his death. 1895 Alfred Nobel made his last will in Paris. When it was opened and read after his death, the will caused a lot of controversy both in Sweden and internationally.

**Choose the correct answer a, b, or c: ( 12 marks )**

8- Dynamite and blasting gelatin are .....

a- obituaries      b- patents      c- explosives

9- The French newspaper ..... Nobel for inventing dynamite.

a- admired      b- attacked      c- thanked

**Match the underlined words from the text to the definitions below : ( 12 marks )**

10- An official license from the government that gives a person the right to make. ....

11- A notice of the death of someone. ....

**Complete the following sentences with information from the text: ( 12 marks )**

12- Nobel was also very interested .....

.....

13- Nobel went back to St Petersburg .....

.....



**III- Complete the following paragraph by filling in gaps: ( 18 marks )**

14- Al Ain's International Airport.....was opened  
15-.....1994, has over half a million passengers  
16- each year. In the past, Al Ain was famous.....its  
traditional system of watering the land.

**IV- Fill in the spaces with words from the list. Use each one only once : ( 24 marks )**

successful, work, died, knew, tears  
17- Marie's mother.....when her younger daughter  
18- was only ten. Marie.....that she would have to  
19-.....hard at her lessons if she wanted to be  
20-.....in her life.

**V- Complete the following dialogue by writing the suitable questions or answers .**

**Write at least three words : ( 32 marks )**

21- **Rose** : .....?  
**Sally** : I am going to study medicine at university.  
22- **Rose** : .....?  
**Sally** : I like being a doctor because it is my dream career.  
23- **Rose** : .....?  
**Sally** : I will do my best to treat sick people if I become a doctor.  
**Rose** : Where do you want to study?  
24- **Sally** : .....

**VI- Rewrite the following sentences as required in brackets : ( 32 marks )**

25- In some countries, law protects the nests of rare birds.  
( change the sentence to passive )  
.....

26- The natural environment has been changed by elephants. ( change the sentence to active )  
.....

27- Many people in my village smoke too much. ( I wish )  
.....

28- I am sure bats are not birds – They don't have feathers.  
( explain a possibility )  
.....

**VII- Complete the following sentences using clauses : ( 14 marks )**

29- In the future, sea levels will rise because.....  
.....  
30- We must do something about climate change.....  
.....

**VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets : ( 18 marks )**

31- The place where an animal lives is called its ( environment – habitat ).  
32- They are nocturnal animals, which means they sleep during the ( night – day ).  
33- Ali doesn't want a ( permanent – temporary ) job – he wants a serious career as an engineer.

**IX- Correct the verbs in brackets : ( 18 marks )**

34- A huge variety of items.....( sell ) in the souks of Damascus.  
35- The famous Hejaz train station.....( transport ) passengers to Amman, Jordan.  
36- In recent years, many companies.....( build ) their offices in the new part of the city.

**X- Translation:**

**Translate the following sentence into Arabic : ( 10 marks )**

37- The Nobel prize has been honoring men and women from all corners of the globe for outstanding achievements.  
.....  
.....

**Translate the following sentence into English: ( 8 marks )**

38. في سوريا يوجد وعي متزايد حول أهمية حماية الحيوانات البرية.  
.....

**XI- Composition : ( 50 marks )**

Write a composition of no less than 80 words on the following topic :

- "A report to the council making recommendations about where to build houses.

**Let it go and time will heal every bad memories.**



**7- Read the following text the do the tasks below :**

How much sleep do you need each night? Do you usually get this amount? Can you catch up on sleep you have missed at night by sleeping at other times, or do you find it difficult to sleep during the day? The rest of this article will give you some useful information and advice. The amount of sleep human beings need varies from individual to individual. We know that most adults need about 8 hours of sleep a day, but this number can vary greatly; 'short sleepers' may need only 5 hours, whereas "long sleepers" may need 9 to 10 hours. Babies need about 16 hours a day, while teenagers need 9 hours. As people get older, they tend to need less sleep, some elderly people wake up early in the morning and cannot sleep for more than five or six hours. Exactly how much we need depends on several factors, including our age, our daily routine, the quality of our sleep and our genetic make-up. Sleep provides our bodies with a chance to switch off. This allows us to recharge our mental and physical batteries and be ready for each new day. If we have slept well, we should wake up in the morning alert and rested. Shallow sleepers wake up still feeling tired, while deep sleepers wake up refreshed.

**Answer the following questions : ( 18 marks )**

**1- Who needs the most amount of sleep?**

.....

**2- What are the factors that determine the amount of sleep we need?**

.....

**3- Why is it important for our bodied to switch off?**

.....

**Find words in the text which mean the following :(10 marks)**

**4- Renew.**

**5- Awake.**

**Rewrite these sentences about the text to correct the information : ( 12 marks )**

**6- Elderly people need more sleep than young ones.**

.....

**7- If you are a shallow sleeper, this means that you wake up refreshed.**

.....

**II- Read the following text then do the tasks below :**

Each year the respective Nobel Committees send individual **invitations** to thousands of members of Academies, university professors, scientists from numerous countries, previous Nobel laureates, members of parliamentary assemblies and others, asking them to submit the names of candidates for the Nobel prizes for the coming year. These nominators are chosen in such a way that as many countries and universities as possible are represented each year. The Nobel prize has been given to several people from the Arab World, among whom are : Mohamed El Baradei ( Egyptian, Peace, 2005 ) Ahmed H. Zewail ( Egyptian and American, Chemistry, 1999 ) and Naguib Mahfouz ( Egyptian, Literature, 1988 ). Many **prominent** figures from the Arab World have been nominated for Nobel prizes. The Syrian philosopher, Michel Allawerdi was nominated for the Peace Prize in 1951 for his use of music in spreading peace across the world. Nominations for the Nobel Prizes are kept secret for fifty years after the nomination was made . The books are remarkable because in them Mahfouz handles a huge cast of well-drawn characters with great skill and masters the Arabic novel from , which had only come into being a few years **previously**.

**Choose the correct answer a, b, or c : ( 12 marks )**

**8- The nominators are ..... people.**

a- highly-educated      b- well-known      c-famous

**9- Michel Allawerdi was nominated for the ..... Prize.**

a- Literature      b- Peace      c- Chemistry

**Match the underlined words from the text to the definitions below : ( 12 marks )**

**10- Important.**

**11- written or spoken requests to go somewhere.**

**Complete the following sentences with information from the text : ( 12 marks )**

**12- Previous Nobel laureates receive individual invitations**

.....

**13- From the Arab World, the peace prize was given to**

.....

**III- Complete the following paragraph by filling in gaps : ( 18 marks )**

In Syria, you will rarely find "old people's homes."  
14-..... my parents get old , my sister and I will  
15- help look.....them . Traditional values teach  
16- sons and daughters to honor their fathers.....mothers  
and show love and care to them .

**IV- Fill in the spaces with words from the list . Use each word once only : ( 24 marks )**

diseases, receive, radium, great, Prize  
17- Mary and Pierre Curie were given the Nobel.....  
18- for their.....discovery, but they were too ill to go  
19- Stockholm themselves to..... it. They used the  
20- money for further experiments on the use of.....

**V- Complete the following dialogue by writing the suitable questions or answers .**

**Write at least three words for each question : ( 32 marks )**

21- Samer : ..... ?  
Nader : I bought my oud from a local shop.  
22- Samer : ..... ?  
Nader : I have had it for five years.  
23- Samer : ..... ?  
Nader : It cost 12,000 Syrian pounds.  
Samer : Why did you buy it?  
24- Nader : .....

**VI- Rewrite the following sentences as required in brackets : ( 32 marks )**

25- Have you seen my briefcase ? ( I asked him )  
.....  
26- Can you take me to the airport tomorrow?  
(He asked me)  
.....  
27- Newspapers and magazines contain too many adverts.  
( I wish )  
.....  
28- I didn't repair the computer myself.  
( use a causative verb )  
.....

**VII- Complete the following sentences using clauses: ( 14 marks )**

29- You should think carefully before .....  
30- If I made a mistake now, I could.....

**VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets : ( 18 marks )**

31- Where do you ( make – do ) your shopping?  
32- You'd better ( do up – do out ) your boots tightly to stop  
the sand getting in.  
33- You shouldn't try to ( do without – do away with ) sleep.  
You need at least eight hours a night.

**IX- Correct the verbs in brackets : ( 18 marks )**

34- Last night's storm.....( do ) a lot of damage to  
buildings in our area.  
35- I .....( not make ) my decision very carefully yet.  
36- We'll have to do the room up before anyone .....  
( sleep ) there.

**X- Translation:**

**Translate the following sentence into Arabic: ( 10 marks )**

37- Caffeine may not be addictive in the classic sense, but  
the body dose build up a tolerance over time.  
.....

**Translate the following sentence into English: ( 8 marks )**

38- سيتوجب عليك أن تبذل جهداً خاصاً إذا أردت أن تنجح بامتحانك.  
.....

**XI- Composition : ( 50 marks )**

Write a composition of no less than 80 words on the  
following topic:

"A magazine article giving advice to people of your age who  
are about to start a new job".

**To be successful, you have to think about clear goals and  
keep positive thinking.**

**8- Read the following text then do the tasks below :**

Syria has undergone a period of modernization in the last few years, with new buildings and improved transportation services in its cities. Yet it remains an ancient land that has enjoyed involvement and interaction with many different civilizations over the last ten thousand years. Syria's historical importance and its crucial location at the crossroads of several ancient trading routes mean that a wide variety of crafts have developed. However, the fast pace of globalization is threatening the skilled local artisans who strive to preserve these wonderful traditions. As cheaper, mass-produced goods are imported from abroad, it is important that people are made aware of these traditional crafts and those who practice them. In the city of Aleppo there is a market dedicated to protecting hand-made copper goods, to ensure that this ancient craft does not vanish. Copper artifacts have been discovered all over the region. Some of these artifacts date to the Bronze Age, around 3000 BCE. Historians have identified a number of uses for the material including weaponry, jewelry and ornaments. These items give us information about the way ancient peoples lived and interacted. The Aleppo Craftsmen Union is trying to revive this world-famous industry by establishing a training center and promoting the local and regional trade of copper products. There are several processes involved in the production of copper goods, including cutting, welding and ornamentation

**Answer the following questions : ( 18 marks )**

1- Why is there such a variety of historical crafts in Syria?

2- How are these traditional crafts being threatened?

3- When did people in the region start using copper artifacts?

**Find words in the text which mean the following: (10 marks)**

4- An object of cultural or historical interest.

5- Worker in a skilled trade.

**Rewrite these sentences about the text to correct the information: ( 12 marks )**

6- All of these artifacts date to the Bronze Age.

7- In Syria, the fast pace of globalization is threatened by artisans.

**II- Read the following text then do the tasks below:**

Surgery has been practised since ancient times. It requires a doctor to make an **incision** into the patient's flesh to repair or remove something within the body.

In the modern era, surgery has become far safer and more commonplace than in the past, and it is now employed to cure a wide range of ailments.

The surgical process is very complex and a lot of care and patience is required before a surgical operation can begin. It is essential that every item in the operating theatre remain clean and uncontaminated. Clean, **sterile** items that are free of germs are kept separate from contaminated items at all times. All surgical equipment is sterile and, if it comes into contact with any unclean surface, it must be removed or re-sterilized immediately. Besides the surgeon, the most important member of the surgical team is the anesthetist. It is this person's job to administer the drugs that allow the patient to undergo surgery at all. Because surgery would be incredibly painful if a patient could feel what was happening, anesthetics are the only way to make surgery possible. Local anesthetics are used for smaller surgeries. They only **numb** a small area of skin so the patient doesn't feel the operation as it happens. General anesthetics are much more serious.

**Choose the correct answer a, b, or c : ( 12 marks )**

8-The most important member of the surgical team is the ...

a- patient                      b- surgeon                      c- anesthetist

9- Surgery would be incredibly painful without .....

a- anesthetics                      b- drugs                      c- germs

**Match the underlined words from the text to the definitions below : ( 12 marks )**

10- completely clean and not containing bacteria.

11- to make somebody unable to feel anything.

**Complete the following sentences with information from the text : ( 12 marks )**

12- People undergo surgery in order to .....

13- If anesthetics are not used, .....

**III- Complete the following paragraph by filling in gaps : (18 marks)**

14- The Aleppo Craftsmen Union.....trying to revive  
15- this world-famous industry..... establishing a  
16- training center and promoting the local.....regional  
trade of copper products.

**IV- Fill in the spaces with words from the list. Use each word once only. ( 24 marks )**

wonderful, silence, wireless, key, message

17- On March 27, 1899, Marconi pressed the.....on his  
18-.....at a small village on the coast of France.  
19- After a few minutes of dead....., a sound returned  
20- from across the channel at Dover: Your.....was  
received. Very good.

**V- Complete the following dialogue by writing the suitable questions or answers. Write at least three words for each question : ( 32 marks )**

21- Fadi : .....

Ziad : My favorite subject is English.

22- Fadi : .....

Ziad : Because it is an international language.

23- Fadi : .....

Ziad : I have been learning it for twelve years.

Fadi : What are you going to study after school?

24- Ziad : .....

**VI- Rewrite the following sentences as required in brackets : ( 32 marks )**

25- Did you plant the trees in your garden yourself?  
(use a causative verb )

26- Our city doesn't collect rubbish often enough. ( I wish)

27- What is your job ? ( He asked me)

28- People have turned their natural habitats into farmland  
or building land.  
( change passive voice )

**VII- Complete the following sentences using clauses : ( 14 marks )**

29- If you break the law, .....  
30- When I was 12, .....

**VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets : ( 18 marks )**

31- Are you happy with the decision you ( did – made )?  
32- Can you hear someone ( strumming – blowing ) a guitar?  
33- People came from far and ( long – wide ) to see the  
exhibition.

**IX- Correct the verbs in brackets : ( 18 marks )**

34- They.....( spend ) weeks cleaning and  
redecorating all the buildings for two weeks.  
35- Irish people emigrated because so many.....( die )  
of starvation  
36- I.....(read)a book about the history of law-making.

**X- Translation :**

**-Translate the following sentence into Arabic : ( 10 marks )**

37- Caffeine may cause rapid heart rate, increase in  
urination, headaches and digestive disturbances.

**-Translate the following sentence into English : ( 8 marks )**

38- عملية معالجة المواد الخام و إعادة استخدامها تسمى إعادة تدوير.

**XI- Composition : ( 50 marks )**

Write a composition of no less than 80 words on the  
following topic:

" A genius you know who deserves a national award.

Trust yourself, do your best and keep it up. You have all  
the ability to make it.

**Wish you all the best...**

### Key answers

1-

1- The poison can be found in the leaves, the seeds or berries or in other parts of the plant.	21- How long has your mother been a doctor?
2- Cactuses store water in their stems.	22- Where is her hospital?
3- They can inject painful or irritating substances into their enemies by means of the sharp hairs on their leaves.	23- How often do you see her?
4- seed	24- I would like to be a doctor.
5- Poison	25- She can't have forgotten.
6- Some plants which grow in dry climates store large quantities of water in their stems	26- I wish we could recycle plastic more easily.
7- The poison of a plant can kill any living thing which touches.	27- I asked him what his name was.
8- c. were over-stated	28- New fuels are being tried to produce by scientists.
9- b - a little	29- but we were very satisfied with our visit .
10- collapse	30- he graduates from university.
11- Meteorological	31-in
12- the year 2000 problem.	32-of
13- meteorological devices and hospital equipment , data storage systems in governments, banks and airports.	33-on trees
14- to	34-are covered
15- but	35-became
16- the	36-makes
17- work	37- ان المصممين و المخترعين يستخدمون الانترنت بطرق ابداعية على نحو متزايد
18- careful	38- Cactuses depend on their thorns to protect themselves.
19- illnesses	
20- carried	

2-

1- The law makes sure that every person is treated well and with respect.	19- noticed                      20-chain
2- The Red Crescent is one of the organizations that provides aid during times of war. It also helps injured people during peacetime.	21-how many brothers and sisters have you got? 22-where do you live? 23-how long have you been living there? 24- I go to school by bus.
3- Because during war a country might need help from neutral organizations to care for the wounded.	25- he asked me if I enjoyed my holiday. 26- I wish I could play the piano. 27- computer criminals don't steal actual things. 28- I wish the city center weren't really busy that morning
4- Severely	29- commit crimes.
5- Soldiers	30- he had proved that he was innocent.
6- Obeying the rules of the Geneva Convention is legal	31- violent                      32-guilty                      33-generous
7- Countries that ignore the terms of the treaty are punished severely.	34- has been studying      35- has had      36- will be punished
8- b- parks                      9- b- rainfall	37- ان اعادة تصنيع المعادن يوفر المال و يسبب اقل تلوث من تصنيع المواد الجديدة
10- municipal                      11- liquid	38- he had to pay a fine because he was driving without insurance.
12- municipal solid waste, construction debris and some types of agricultural and industrial waste.	.
13- open holes in the ground	



14-has	15- to	16- their	
17- discovery	18-church		

3-

1- Most animal migrations are recurrent events which happen at certain times of the year.	24- it is about 400 km far from Damascus.
2- Animals migrate to find food or to raise their young.	25- the economic success of the 1960s and 1970s was funded by oil.
3- Many animals migrate south in the summer.	26- I asked them if they were enjoying the married life.
4- recurrent	5- temperate
6- Most animals migrate at certain times of the year.	27- I had it repaired.
7- The long summer days mean plenty of food.	28- I wish you didn't eat so quickly.
8- c- small	9- b- all
10- purification	11- domestic
12- the tiny living area are shared by everyone.	29- he had to pay a fine because he was driving too fast.
13- and life support systems control are atmospheric pressure, oxygen levels and water recycling.	30- I saw an old friend.
14- in	15- which
17- beginning	18- different
21- when did you buy your flat?	19- height
22- where did you go a year ago?	20- feather
23- whom did you go there with?	31- destruction
	32- activity
	33- majority
	34- left
	35- had felt
	36- had been destroyed
	37- ان أي خطأ صغير في التخطيط أو التحضير للمهمة الفضائية سوف يعني الموت لكل شخص على متن المركبة.
	38- it has been a disastrous year for the industry tea.

4-

1- The first paper was used two years ago.	23- how long has he been working there?
2- Paper can be made from all kinds of materials such as cotton fibers, grass or sugar cane.	24- yes, I think he is so happy with his work.
3- Because the modern world uses so much paper.	25- she asked me where I was going.
4- cloth	5- fibers
6- In Syria, there is an increasing awareness of the need to recycle both paper and materials.	26- the phone is ringing- it might be my brother.
7- It is not true that recycling paper saves trees.	27- she had those photos taken.
8- b. plastic containers	28- I wish I weren't so shy about taking in public.
9- a. is alike to one on Earth.	29- you should play sport and have healthy food.
10- similar	11- liquid
12- take up too much space.	30- I saw red
13- straw to suck the liquid out of a sealed package.	31-keep up with
14- at	15- to
17- bright	18- teachers
21- what does your father do?	19- class
22- where does he work?	20- careful
	32- run out of
	33- blue
	34- have been playing
	35- have moved
	36- arrived
	37- لكل رائد فضاء في الطاقم دور مخصص و يتلقى تدريب مكثف من اجله
	38- the government has given the green light to the building of a new airport.

5-

1- About 180 different tribes.	24- I left my country to find a better paid job.
2- It is used as animal food.	25- no, I am going to have it serviced.
3- They take in carbon dioxide and release oxygen.	26- the natural environment has been changed by elephants.
4- consumption	5- export
6- The rainforest plays a vital part in controlling the world's climate.	27- he asked me if they enjoyed spending time with each other.
7- Farmers use most of the new land to grow soya , which they export to other parts of the world.	28- I wish I had my glasses with me.
	29- when the temperature is low.



8- b- important	9- c- Both ( a ) and ( b )	30- the teacher asked me to redo it.
10- specialists	11- implementation	31- calm      32- misuse      33- weather
12- each other in order to develop electronics, computers and information theory.	34- had to      35- were destroyed      36- shines	
13- Computer Networking, software and computer engineering.	37- ان البرامج التي تتحكم بقدرة عمل الحاسوب تسمى برنامج العقل الالكتروني	
14- in      15- of      16- has	38- The severe climatic conditions can destroy the top layer of soil	
17- germs      18- weak      19- bodies      20- attacks		
21- How many kilos of sugar did you buy?		
22- How much did you pay?		
23- How long have you been in the market?		

6-

1- In the summer months, sand gazelles live in small family groups of around ten individuals. During the winter, they congregate in larger herds.	22- why do you like being a doctor?
2- Sand gazelles need to cool themselves in the hottest season.	23- What will you do if you become a doctor?
3- They are in danger of extinction, mainly due to habitat loss and hunting.	24- I want to study in Damascus.
4- evade      5- shallow	25- In some countries, the nests of rare birds are protected by law.
6- The speed and agility of the sand gazelle make it difficult for predators to catch it.	26- Elephants have changed the natural environment.
7- Some country is making efforts to breed sand gazelles and then release them into the wild.	27- I wish many people in my village wouldn't smoke so much.
8- c-explosives      9- b- attacked	28- Bats can't be birds – they don't have feathers.
10- patent      11- obituary	29- the polar ice is melting.
12- in social and peace related issues, and held views that were considered radical during his time.	30- to protect our way of life.
13- in order to work in his father's factory in St Petersburg.	31- habitat      32- day      33- temporary
14- which      15- in      16- for	34- is sold      35- transports      36- have built
17- died      18- knew      19- work      20- successful	37- كانت جائزة نوبل تكرم الرجال و النساء من كل اصقاع الارض لإنجازاتهم المذهلة.
21- what are you going to study at university?	38- In Syria, there is an increasing awareness about the importance of saving wild animals.

7-

1- Babies need about 16 hours a day.	22- How long have you had it ?
2- The factors are our age, our daily routine, the quality of our sleep and our genetic make-up.	23- How much did it cost ?
3- Because sleep provides our bodies with a chance to switch off and this allows us to recharge our mental and physical batteries.	24- I bought it because I like playing the Oud.
4- recharge      5- alert	25- I asked him if he had seen my briefcase.
6- Elderly people need less sleep than young ones.	26- He asked me if I could take him to the airport the following day.
7- If you are shallow sleeper, this means that you wake up still feeling tired.	27- I wish Newspapers and magazines didn't contain too many adverts.
8- a- highly-educated      9- b- peace	28- I had it repaired.
10- prominent      11- invitations	29- you make your decision.
12- from the respective Nobel Committees	30- do a lot of damage to a lot of people.
13- Mohamed El Baradei, Ahmed H. Zewail, Naguib Mahfouz and Michel Allawerdi.	31- do      32- do up      33- do without

14- When	15- after	16- and	34- did	35- haven't made	36- sleeps
17- Prize	18-great	19-receive	20-radium	37- ربما لا يكون الكفائين مدمنا في الحالة العامة، ولكن الجسم يبني قدرة تحمل مع مرور الوقت	
21- Where did you buy your oud from?			38- You will have to make a special effort if you want to pass your exam.		
8-					
1- Because of Syria's historical importance and its crucial location at the crossroads of several ancient trading routes.			24- I am going to study (medicine) after school		
2- The fast pace of globalization is threatening the skilled local artisans who strive to preserve these wonderful traditions.			25- No, I had them planted.		
3- They date to the Bronze Age, around 3000 BCE.			26- I wish our city collected rubbish often enough.		
4- Artifact		5- artisan	27- He asked me what my job was.		
6- Some of these artifacts date to the Bronze Age.			28- Their natural habitats have been turned into farmland or building land.		
7- In Syria, the fast pace of globalization is threatening the skilled local artisans.			29- you have to face the music.		
8- c- anesthetist		9- b- drugs	30- I could play the piano		
10- sterile		11- numb	31- made      32- strumming      33- wide		
12- repair or remove something within the body.			34- have spent      35- had died      36- have been reading		
13- surgery would be incredibly painful			37- ربما يسبب الكافيين تسرع في ضربات القلب و يزيد من التبول و الصداع و اضطرابات هضمية		
14- is		15- by      16- and	38- The process of reclaiming raw materials and reusing them is called recycling		
17- key		18- wireless	19- silence		20- message
21- What is your favorite subject ?					
22- Why do you like it ?					
23- How long have you been learning English ?					

### اهم المواضيع المدمجة

#### **1- " Write an account of a visit you made "**

**-Write an email to a friend about a significant event that has changed your life in some way.**

**-Choose something that actually happened to you or use your imagination to make up a story.**

Last year my friends and I went to Damascus, it is one of the ancient cities in the world. We arrived at night and stayed in a small hotel which was very nice. The first day, we visited the old part of the city and the old market. In the second day, we visited the ancient castle which goes back in date to thousands of years. During our tour we discovered how the ancient people were great to build such monuments that teach us a lot about the history . Finally, it was the most interesting visit I have ever made since then, therefore I have dreamt to be an explorer.

#### **2-Should motorists who drive too fast in residential areas be banned from driving?**

**-Write a report making a recommendation, which will improve road safety in your town or city.**

**-You are going to produce a set of a recommendation to improve life in your town or city.**

I think that our city needs more efforts to improve residential areas, because motorists, who drive their cars too fast and carelessly and are responsible about destroying other people's life. Some streets are always crowded and busy in the city center. Last week a careless driver killed a school boy because the high speed. Therefore, we need more traffic lights in front of schools. The city needs a modern lights and wide streets; also we need more police officers to ensure that drivers obey the traffic laws. Finally, It is a good idea to punish the drivers who drive too fast.

#### **3-Advantages and disadvantages of using computers?**

**-Do you think companies should allow their employees to use work computers for their own purpose?**

**-Write a report describing some of the most important technological changes that have affected people's life recently.**

Computers are the most important technological device that changed people's live. Work computers store a lot of information and documents about the companies. They save a lot of time and money. Nowadays, most companies depend largely on these computers. Employees can take them and use them wherever they are. However, I don't think that employees should use them for different purposes that can damage the computer and the information they contain. Finally, I think that work computers should be dedicated for work only.

#### **4- "A report to the council making recommendations about where to build houses.**

The purpose of this report is to recommend about where to build houses. Houses should be built in peaceful and quiet places. Building houses in the countryside gives us a big chance to enjoy fresh air and avoid the air pollution of the city centers. Also, building houses in the countryside helps the young to buy good houses at low prices. Therefore, we strongly support the idea of building new houses in quiet and peaceful places which will be healthy and more interesting.

#### **5-"A magazine article giving advice to people of your age who are about to start a new job".**

The golden rule when you first start a job, listen and learn from colleagues. Don't believe in luck , believe in hard work. You should ask your workmates questions if you aren't sure about something and offer them help if you find something that needs action. Therefore, the best way to achieve success is to be positive and work hard. So, If you have a job starting soon, remember some of these tips. Finally, you'll be happier and more successful if you get on well with the work team.

#### **6-" A genius you know who deserves a national award.**

I recommend (Dr. Ali Abbas) for the new Genius award. Dr. Abbas is an incredibly gifted dentist and academic, who gives lectures to audiences all over the world. He is the best known for inventing a replacement metal jaw, improving the quality of life of those with serious dental problems. His innovations in the field of dentistry have brought him international recognition. He has received numerous awards from international institutions including the first place at the Arab World Inventors Conference in 2009. Finally , I think he is the most important persons who deserves the new Genius Award.

#### **7-Write about recycling in your country. S-b 22**

In this essay, I would like to talk about recycling in my country. First, recycling is one of the most important issues in the world because it can help us to save energy. In Syria, we can recycle many items like metal, glass, plastic, paper and cardboard. Second, the most important thing about recycling is that it can save water and reduce air pollution. Finally, I think that we can improve recycling in our country by doing more efforts and working hard.

**8-What do you do to keep healthy? Do you have the best balance of habits and activities?**

**-How can you improve your health?**

Keeping fit staying healthy is the only way to build a strong body, so it is said that the strong mind needs strong body. First, we have to sleep early and get up early. We should do sports every day. We have to go for walk regularly three or four times a week. We should eat healthy food and drink a lot of water. We should take enough rest to keep our bodies energy. Finally, having healthy food and doing sport keep you fit and improves your health.

**9-Write a reply to an email on water shortage suggesting ways of consuming less water.**

Water shortage is one of the most important issues in the world, because it is the source of life. We are worried about it because it is a real threat to life on earth. To solve this problem we have to reduce the amount of water that we waste. First we should turn off the tap well after using it. If the tap isn't working, we have to fix it. Second when we wash the car, we should use less water. In addition, we should work hard to spread the awareness about saving water. Finally, all the people must work together to face this problem or our planet will be in real danger.

**10-Write a leaflet publicizing the problem of climate change and suggesting two or three ways in which ordinary people can reduce the amount of energy.**

Climate change is one of the most issues in the world. We are worried about it because it is a real threat to life on earth. Because of the climate change, the earth is in danger. To solve this problem, we have to reduce the amount of energy that we use. First we have to reuse materials instead of throwing them away. Second it is a good idea to walk or use bikes instead of cars. Finally, all people must work together to face this problem or our planet will be in danger.

**11-Write arguments for and against one of the following titles:**

- Protecting wild animals.
- Keeping household pets.
- Eating meat.

**-What would we do to protect rare or endangered animals? Is it right to punish people who hunt them?**

-Protecting wild animals is one of the most important issues in the world. We are worried about the rare wild animals. First, many people think that keeping animals in zoos is a good way to save them because they are in danger. While other people believe that it is cruel to keep the wild animals in zoos because they can't move freely. In addition, zoos are unnatural places for wild animals. Finally, I don't think that keeping animals in zoos is a good idea to save them.

**12-Write an article giving advice to people of your own age. Choose one of the subjects.**

**1-Being a good brother or sister.**

In this article, I will give you some advice about how to be a good brother or sister. First, you have to listen carefully to your parents and respect all your family's members. Second, it is a good idea to help them when they need you. You must always be in touch with your family and meet them regularly. You should set goals and work hard to make your dreams reality. Finally, if you do all these tips, I think you will be a good brother or sister.

**2-Doing well at school.**

In this article, I will give you some advice about how to do well at school. First, you have to listen carefully to your teachers and respect them. Second, it is a good idea to work hard and help your classmates when they need you. You must always do a timetable to do your homework regularly. Finally, if you do all these tips, I think you will be a good student at school.

**-Write your own description of a building you know well. It could be the building you live in.**

**-An interesting old building.**

**-Write an e-mail to suggest the most suitable place to live for a family of four people.**

In this paragraph, I would like to tell you about a building in my town. It is very quiet and beautiful place. It has a lot of trees around it, and has an amazing garden full of flowers. There is a large supermarket near it, you can go and buy anything you want. The most important thing about this place is that there is no traffic jam so you can enjoy the fresh air. I think it is a nice place to live if you want to be far from the hustle and bustle..