منصة طريقي حل سؤال الأقواس المدرس مهدي خليل

## PHRASAL VERBS

ينفذ-run out of	مساحة-Space		
يقلل-cut down on	amount of sugar- کمیة سکر	amount of waste- نفایات	packaging تغلی
يتحمل-put up with	ضجة noise	get worse	إساءة
يواجه-keep up with	- changes تغیرات	إ <b>خب</b> ار-news	
look forward to- ينظر بشوق إلى	عطل- holidays	أيام-days	
go along with- يوافق على	ذالك-That		

## VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets:

- 1-We're (running out of keeping up with ) space to use as landfill sites.
- 2- I'd go along ( with in ) that.
- 3- We've come up ( with against) serious problems.
- 4- People living near the station (put up with run out of ) a lot of noise.
- 5- In my city, the council is (running out of keeping up with ) space.
- 6- Our town is trying to (cut down on keep up with) the amount of waste.
- 7- Students should read newspapers to (keep up with –run out of) national and international news stories.
- 8- I'm looking for a new flat. I can't (put up with come up with ) the noise of the traffic.
- 9- If you want to improve your health, you should (cut down on look forward to) the amount of sugar.
- 10- I'm busy and I find it hard to (keep up with- look forward to ) the news.

# PHRASAL VERBS

يواجه-come up against	مشكلة-Problem	disaster	كارثة-
<u>جد-come up with</u>	طریق-way		
<u>تظهر-come out</u>	شمس-Sun		
يجد-يذكر-come up	-job اسم- job		
	عمل		
يسترد وعيه-come round	عملية-operation	recover-	سقط-fell
		يتعافى	
يزور-come over	after school -	in town-	see us-
	بعد مدرسة	في البلدة	يراثا
يجد بالصدفة-come across	مخيم-camp	glasses-	watch-
		نظارات	ساعة
ينخفض-come down	سعر -Price		

### VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets:

- 1- We've come up ( with against) serious problems.
- 2- Scientists have just come up ( **against with)** a new <u>way</u> of reprocessing plastic.
- 3- Everything was going very well until they came up (with against) an unexpected disaster.
- **4-** Environmentalists are working hard to come up ( **against with**) new <u>ways</u> of saving energy.
- 5- I've lost my <u>glasses</u> let me know if you come ( **round across**) them.

## PHRASAL VERBS

بعوض-make up for	وقت-Time		
بېتكر-make up	قصة- story	عزر-Excuse	
يفهم-make of	سید-Boss		

### VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets:

- 1- He thought he might make (out up) an excuse.
- 2- Ibrahim said he would make up ( with for ) the time he had lost.
- 3- He said everything was OK, but that was a <u>story</u> he made ( up out ) to stop me from worrying.
- 4- The students had to make (out up) a story. The teacher asked the class to make (out up) a story.

## PHRASAL VERBS

<u>do away with-</u> يستغنى عن	بنوك-Banks	متجر-Shop	-Landline خط ارضي
<u>do without- يمتنع</u>	ملح-Salt	سکر -Sugar	نوم-Sleep
یر تب∖یربط۔do up	غرفة– room شقة-flat بناء-building	حذاء-shoes جزمة-boots	

### VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets:

- 1- If everyone uses online banking, they'll do ( without away with ) banks.
- **2** We'll have to do the <u>room</u> ( **up away**) before anyone sleeps there.
- **3-** No everyone in our family has a mobile so we can't do ( without away with) our landline.
- 4- You shouldn't try to do ( up without ) sleep.

### **PROPOSITIONS**

<u>In</u>	<u>on</u>	<u>at</u>		<u>for</u>	<u>With</u>
Interested-	depend-	Good-		Famous-	Satisfied-
-a few	dependent-	-the ag	ge		Share-
seconds		of			
-his head	Keen-	-randon	1		
-April	Built-				
	Music-				
	Saturday-				
<u>of</u>	Cause-	aware-		full-	
<u>from</u>	Prevent-	differen	t-		
<u>from</u> <u>to</u>					

## VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets:

- 1- Human beings are <u>dependent</u> (in on) plants. Cactuses <u>depend</u> (in on) their thorns to protect them.
- 2- While she was at the Eden Project one girl became very <u>interested</u> (on in) biology.
- 3- I've never been <u>keen</u> ( in on ) museums. I'm not keen ( in on ) insects
- 4- On wet days the biomes are <u>full</u> ( in of ) visitors. My Encyclopedia is <u>full</u> ( in of ) interesting facts.
- 5- Visiting the Eden Project makes you <u>aware</u> ( at of ) the importance of plants.
- 6- The Eden Project is  $\underline{famous}$  ( in  $-\underline{for}$ ) its biomes. Damascus is  $\underline{famous}$  ( in  $-\underline{for}$ ) historical monuments.

Make=made	Do=did
a mistake- يرتكب خطا	research-يجري بحثا
a suggestion-يقدم اقتراح	experiments- يجري تجارب
a decision-يتخذ قرار	يودي واجب-homework
a success-يحقق نجاح	يتسوق-the shopping
a promise-يقطع وعد	يسب الضرر-damage
an effort- بيذل جهد	

## VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets:

- 1. The journalist said she was (doing, making) research for an article.
- 2. Scientists frequently (do, make) experiments to test their ideas.
- **3.** You will have to (**do**, **make**) a special effort if you want to pass your exam.
- **4.** Can I (**do**, **make**) a suggestion?
- **5.** Why don't we (**do**, **make**) the shopping together?
- **6.** If you (**do**, **make**) a mistake, you have to (**do**, **make**) your homework again.
- 7. I've (done, made) my decision very carefully.
- **8.** I've (**done**, **made**) myself a promise. I'm going to (**do**, **make**) a success of my new job
- 9. Last night's storm (did, made) a lot of damage.
- **10.** You should think carefully before you (**do**, **make**) your decision.
- 11. If I (did, made) a mistake now, I could (do, make) a lot of damage to a lot of people.
- 12. I'm (doing, making) research into sleep deprivation.
- 13. I have to (do, make) experiments on people who have had little or no sleep.

Verb	Key word	Meaning
Overcharge	assistant- waiter	يبالغ بالسعر
Undercook	potatoes	يقلل الطهي
Rewrite	homework	يعيد كتابة
Rebuild	houses	يعيد بناء
Redo	homework	يعيد فعل واجب
Reorganize	office	يعيد تنظيم
Rewind	cassette	يعيد سماع الشريط
Reuse	Mobile phone	يعيد استخدام
Mishear	you	يسئ السمع
Misbehave	children	يسئ التصرف
		والأدب
Misuse	Equipment- chemicals	يسئ استخدام
Misread	email	يسئ قراءة

## VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets:

- 1-I spilt tea on the <u>homework</u>, so I had to (<u>rewrite</u> miswrite) it.
- 2-During the <u>storm</u>, three houses were destroyed and had to be ( rebuilt reheard ).
- 3-I (reheard misheard) <u>you</u>. I thought you said we'd meet at 9 o'clock.
- 4-The <u>children</u> were very good. None of them ( <u>misbehaved</u> misused ) in any way.
- 5-I'm sorry, I ( reheard misheard) <u>you</u>. I thought you said you'd prefer tea.
- 6-I did my <u>homework</u> too quickly, so the teacher asked me to (redo <u>rewind</u>) it.
- 7-As we have some new employees, we will have to (reorganise disorganise) our office.
- 8-If you (misuse reuse) the equipment, it will not work properly. 9-I said 9.30, not 8.30. You must have (reread – misread) my e-mail.
- 10-I haven't got enough left. The shop <u>assistant</u> must have (undercharged overcharged) me.
- 11-These <u>potatoes</u> are too hard. We obviously ( <u>undercooked</u> overcooked) them.

12-Those <u>chemicals</u> are only dangerous if you (reuse – misuse) them

#### **DERIVATIONS**

( violent ) acts	good at ( mathematics)
he was ( innocent )	kinds of ( music)
(able) student	a ( talent)
has been (amazing)	are (destroying)
(permanent) work	Was never ( able)
was (astonished)	the ( <b>builders</b> ) worked

## اختر دوما الكلمة الأطول ماعدا تلك الجمل وحفظ الكلمة مع الدليل

#### VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets:

- 1-1. Many people believe that the worst crimes are murder and other (violent violence) acts.
- 2. He left court a free man because he had proved that <u>he was</u> (<u>innocent</u> innocence).
- 3. Some human activities <u>are</u> (destruction <u>destroying</u>) the natural world
- 4. Unemployment is falling as more people find (permanent permanently) work.
- 5. The cost of the dam has risen because <u>the</u> (build builders) <u>have</u> <u>worked</u> slowly and because of (inefficient inefficiency).
- 6. My sister is a very (able ability) student. My sister was never (able-ability) to do paint well.
- 7. The whole family <u>was</u> (<u>astonished</u> astonishment). Her teacher <u>was</u> (<u>astonished</u> astonishment).
- 8. I've never been very **good at** ( mathematics mathematical ).
- 9. I enjoy listening to all **kinds of** ( music musical ).
- 10. My sister's progress **has been** (amazing amazement).
- 11. My younger sister has always had a (talent talented) for music.

(Idioms with and )		
pick and choose	يختار بحرص	
nearest and dearest	أقرباء وأعزاء	
odds and ends	أشيا مختلفة	
far and wide	من کل مکان	
hustle and bustle	ضجة ومتعة	
peace and quiet	سلام و هدو ء	

#### VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets:

- 1. People come <u>from</u> ( <u>far and wide</u> nearest and dearest ) to see the Umayyad Mosque in the centre of Damascus.
- 2. I love spending time with <u>my</u> ( far and wide nearest and dearest), so we often have family get- together.
- 3. While I was on holiday I <u>bought</u> lots of (**far and wide odds and ends**).
- 4. There are lots of <u>restaurants</u> near here. You can ( **hustle and bustle pick** and choose ) from about fifty.
- 5. Some people <u>enjoy</u> the ( **nearest and dearest hustle and bustle** ) of shopping in street markets.
- **6.** Let's turn the television off and have some <u>peace and (**bustle quiet**)</u> for a change.
- 7. I've travelled ( near far ) and wide, but I haven't found anywhere I like as much as my country.
- 8. Most of the time I love the <u>hustle and</u> ( odds bustle ) of city life.
- **9.** The new library is wonderful there are many  $\underline{books}$  to pick and (  $\underline{give}$   $\underline{choose}$  ) from.
- **10**. I prefer the ( **bustle peace** ) and quiet of the <u>countryside</u> when I'm on holiday.
- 11. Graduates with first class degrees can ( pick and choose far and wide) the jobs they want.
- 12. The country is quiet for me, I would miss the ( hustle and bustle odds and ends) of the city.

 ${\bf 13}.$  I tidied my office and found all kinds of (  ${\bf peace}$  and

quiet - odds and ends) on my desk.

- 14. People came  $\underline{\text{from}}$  ( nearest and dearest  $\underline{\text{far and wide}}$ ) to see the exhibition.
- 15. We're having a big celebration, so we're <u>inviting</u> our ( nearest and dearest odds and ends).

(Color Idioms)		
see red	يغضب	
red tape	روتين إداري	
give the green light	يعطي الضوء الأخضر	
in black and white	مكتوب-مدون	
on the blacklist	على القائمة السوداء	
out of the blue	بشكل مفاجئ	

### VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets:

- 1. When he accused me of being wasteful, I saw (red, blue).
- **2.** We have to stop companies from polluting the environment. We should put them on the (**blacklist**, **green list**).
- 3. They've given the (red, green) light to the building of a new incinerator.
- **4.** The rules clearly say that we must not leave rubbish outside our homes. Look, it's in (red, black) and white.
- 5. It's almost impossible to get a passport quickly.

There is so much (red, blue) tape.

- **6.** I heard this morning, out of the (**red**, **blue**), that I'd won a writing competition.
- 7. A letter came this morning completely out of the (black, blue).

(Music Idioms)				
blow his /her own trumpet Big-headed يتفاخر				
face the music	lies	يتحمل النتيجة		
change his tune		يغير رأيه		
drummed into	· .	يع <mark>لم</mark> بتكرار		

### VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets:

- 1. Laila is very good at (blowing, hitting) her own trumpet, so she'll probably get that job.
- 2. If you break the law, you have to face the (drum, music).
- 3. He said he didn't want to swim, but he changed his (music, tune) when he saw the pool.
- **4.** If you drive too fast and the police stop you, you'll just have to face the (music, tune).
- **5.** Mahmoud is very modest that's why he never (**blows, faces**) his own trumpet.
- **6.** He's been telling lies to so many people. Eventually they will find out and he'll have to (**face the music**, **blow his own trumpet**).
- 7. I can't stand the kind of big-headed person who (blows his own trumpet, faces the music) all the time.
- **8.** The importance of knowing the difference between right and wrong is usually (**drummed out of, drummed into,**) children by their parents.
- **9.** He said he didn't want to swim, but he changed his (**music**, **tune**) when he saw the pool.

## Compositions:

1- Should motorists who drive too fast in residential areas be banned from driving? (Students' Book - page:15)

هل يجب على السانقين الذين يقودون بسرعة كبيرة في المناطق السكنية أن يمنعوا من القيادة؟-

- Write a report making recommendations which will improve road safety in your town or city. (Activity Book - page: 70)

اكتب تقريراً معطياً توصيات ستحسن سلامة الطرق في بلُدتك أو مدينتك.

Over 200 people die every year in road accidents in Syria. About 30% of the victims are children. Some people believe that motorists who drive too fast in residential areas should be banned from driving to protect people's lives and make them respect the law. On the other hand, we can stop motorists from driving too fast through using speed limit signs, traffic humps and large fines. I think the government should build more bridges and tunnels and punish those who drive too fast severely.

يموت أكثر من 200 شخص كل سنة في حوادث الطرق في سوريا . حوالي % 30 من الضحايا هم أطفال . يعتقد بعض الناس أن السائقين الذين يقودون بسرعة كبيرة في المناطق السكنية يجب أن يمنعوا من القيادة لحماية حياة الناس و جعلهم يحترمون القانون . من جهة أخرى , يمكن أن نوقف السائقين من القيادة بسرعة كبيرة من خلال استخدام لافتات حدود السرعة , مطبات مرورية و غرامات كبيرة . أعتقد بأن الحكومة يجب أن تبني حسوراً و أنفاقاً أكثر و أن تعاقب بشدة أولئك الذين يقودون بسرعة كبيرة.