

- اختر الإجابة الصحيحة في كل مما يأتي:

$$f(x) = \frac{x \sin x}{1 - \cos(2x)} ; a = 0$$

$\frac{1}{2}$	d	2	c	4	b	$\frac{1}{4}$	a
---------------	---	---	---	---	---	---------------	---

$$f(x) = \frac{\cos(x)-1}{\sin(x)} ; a = 0 -2$$

1	d	0	c	-1	b	2	a
---	---	---	---	----	---	---	---

$$f(x) = \frac{\cos(3x)-\cos(x)}{x \sin x} ; a = 0 -3$$

1	d	2	c	4	b	-4	a
---	---	---	---	---	---	----	---

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin 3x + \sin x}{\sin 5x - \sin x} ; a = 0 -4$$

$\frac{1}{2}$	d	0	c	$\frac{1}{4}$	b	1	a
---------------	---	---	---	---------------	---	---	---

$$f(x) = \frac{\tan(7x)}{x} ; a = 0 -5$$

0	d	$-\infty$	c	7	b	0	a
---	---	-----------	---	---	---	---	---

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin(2x)}{\sqrt{x+1}-1} ; a = 0 -6$$

4	d	-1	c	0	b	1	a
---	---	----	---	---	---	---	---

$$f(x) = \sin x \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}} ; a = 0^+ -7$$

غير ذلك	d	-1	c	1	b	0	a
---------	---	----	---	---	---	---	---

 -8 إن نهاية التابع  $f(x) = 2 + 3 \sin x$  عند  $+\infty$ 

غير موجودة	d	$+\infty$	c	5	b	-1	a
------------	---	-----------	---	---	---	----	---

 -9 نهاية التابع  $f(x) = \frac{\sin(ax)}{x}$  عند الصفر تساوي:

0	d	-1	c	1	b	a	a
---	---	----	---	---	---	---	---

 -10 نهاية التابع  $f(x) = \frac{\sin(ax)}{bx}$  عند الصفر تساوي:

$\frac{a}{b}$	d	$\frac{b}{a}$	c	b	b	a	a
---------------	---	---------------	---	---	---	---	---

 -11 نهاية التابع  $f(x) = \frac{\tan(ax)}{bx}$  عند الصفر تساوي:

$\frac{a}{b}$	d	$\frac{b}{a}$	c	b	b	a	a
---------------	---	---------------	---	---	---	---	---

 -12 نهاية التابع  $f(x) = \frac{\sin(ax)}{\sin(bx)}$  عند الصغر تساوي:

$\frac{a}{b}$	d	$\frac{b}{a}$	c	b	b	a	a
---------------	---	---------------	---	---	---	---	---

 -13 نهاية التابع  $f(x) = \frac{\tan(ax)}{\sin(bx)}$  عند الصفر تساوي:

$\frac{a}{b}$	d	$\frac{b}{a}$	c	b	b	a	a
---------------	---	---------------	---	---	---	---	---

 -14 التابع  $f(x) = x + 2 \sin x$  خطه البياني محصور بين المستقيمين:

$d_1: y = x - 4$ , $d_2: y = x + 4$	b	$d_1: y = x + 2$ & $d_2: y = x - 2$	a
-------------------------------------	---	-------------------------------------	---

$d_1: y = x - 1$ , $d_2: y = x + 1$	d	$d_1: y = 2x$ , $d_2: y = -2x$	c
-------------------------------------	---	--------------------------------	---

 -15 إذا كان  $|f(x)|$  وكانت  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = 3$  عند  $x = 3$  واحد من التوابع الآتية ممكن أن يكون  $f(x)$ :

$g(x) = x\sqrt{x}$	d	$g(x) = x \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$	c	$g(x) = \frac{3x+1}{x+1}$	b	$g(x) = \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x}$	a
--------------------	---	---	---	---------------------------	---	--------------------------------	---

 -16 ليكن  $f$  التابع المعرف على  $[0, +\infty]$  وفق:

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x}$$

فـ أي من المترافقات الآتية صحيحة:

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}} \leq f(x) \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$	b	$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x+1}} \leq f(x) \leq \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$	a
--	---	--	---

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \leq f(x) \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}}$	d	$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \leq f(x) \leq \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x+1}}$	c
--	---	--	---