

Passive Voice المبنى للمجهول

$S + V + O \leftrightarrow O + Be + V3 + By + S$

1. Farmers grow food all over the country. Food......all over the country.

a-was grown b-were grown c-is grown d-has been grown.

2-In the past, they <u>used</u> traditional methods. Traditional methods.....in the past.

a- were used b-are used c-have been used d-were using

3-Now, more sophisticated methods.....by people.

a- is being used b-are used c-have been used d-are being used

4. Police officers were examining the evidence when the lights went off.

The evidence.....by police officers when the lights went off.

a- is being examined b-is examined c-has been examined d-was being examined

5. The government <u>has constructed</u> many plants. Many plants..... by the government.

a- were being constructed b-are being constructed c-have been constructed d-has been constructed.

6-The owner had just locked up the shop. The shop......up by the owner.

a- was just locked b- had just been locked c- has just been locked d-was just locked

7. Farmers can use these vehicles to transport their crops. These vehicles......to transport their crops .

a- can use b-can being used c- can be use d- can be used

8-These clothes.....for daily use.

a-design b-are designed c- designed d- have designed

Causative Have		
S + V1 + O	S + has, have + O + V3	
S + V2 + O	S + had + O + V3	
S + is, are, am + Ving + O	S + is, are, am + having + O + V3	
S + has, have + V3 + O	S + have, has + Had + O + V3	
S + had + V3 + O	S + had + had + O + V3	
S + modals + V + O	S + modals + have + V3	
didn't + V1	S + had + O + V3	
V2 + myself	Didn't + have + O + V3	

1. The hairdresser cuts Rana's hair about twice a year. Shetwice a year.

a-had it cut b-has it cut c-will have it cut d-has had it cut

2- Yesterday, the optician checked my mother's eyes. Yesterday, she.....

a-had them checked b-has them checked c-will have them checked d-has had them checked

3. Tom's boss <u>reduced</u> his pay. Tom.....

a-had it reduced b-has it reduced c-had reduced it d-has had it reduced

4-John's clothes were torn in a fight. John.....in a fight.

a-has them torn b-had them torn c-will have them torn d- had torn them

5- Sami is not doing the homework himself. He

a-is having it done b- is going to have it done c- has it done d- had it done

6. My father hasn't planted the trees himself. He.....planted.

a-had them b-has had them c-will have them d-have them

7- Sarah hadn't tidied the room herself. She......

a-had it tided b-has it tided c-had had it tided d-has tided it

8. A carpenter is going to mend the front door of our house. We......

a-had it mended b-are going to have it mended c-are going to mend it d-have had it mended

9.Lisa didn't repair the hairdryer herself. She......

a-had it repaired b-has it repaired c-will have it repaired d- had repaired it

الجلسة الامتحانية لمادة اللغة الإنكليزية علمي حديث ٢٠٢٣ للمدرس: عبيد شيخي



10. My father hasn't planted the trees himself. He.....planted.

a-had them b-has had them c-will have them d-have them

11- She has planted the flowers in the garden herself. Sheplanted in the garden.

a-hasn't had them b- has had them c- had had them d-hadn't had them

12. I repainted the house myself last month. I..... repainted.

a-had it b-didn't have it c-will not have it d-haven't had it

Relative Pronouns

who فاعل	ملكية Whose	مکان Where	زمان When	Which/that	مفعول به Whom
بعده فعل	بعده اسم وقبله اسم	In which		غير عاقل	بعده ضمیر او اسم

1. Sally introduced me to her sisteris a civil engineer.

A-whom B-which c-who D-whose

2. Mrs. Duncan is talking to her students projects are due on Friday.

A-where B-which c-who D-whose

3. We will spend our holiday in the same village.....we have had a lot of joyful days there.

A-where B-which c-who D-whose

4. This isn't the <u>building</u>.....the bus stopped by.

A-where B-which c-who D-whose

5. The evening is the time.....we can all relax.

A-where B-which c-when D-whose

6. I apologized to the <u>woman</u> I spilled coffee on her new dress.

A-where B-who c-whom D-whose

Future tenses

S + will + Com	1-One-day people will travel to Mars	
S + be + going to + V1+ Com	2-I'm going to clean my room this week.	
-Present simple	3The train to the airport leaves in 20 minutes. (timetable)	
When, as soon as, after, before, until	3-The moment I receive my results, I <u>will</u> phone you.	
,as long as , the moment + V1		
-Present continuous	4-He is starting a new job next week.	
	arranged in the past to do in the future.	
Be about to	5-I am about to go to Rome for a conference. immediate future:	
Future Continuous	6-I will be working on the report all the next week.	
S + Will + be + V-ing + Co	-How long will you be using this computer? I will be using this computer	
	for two years.	
Future perfect	7-By the end of the year, I will have given the same talk at 6 conferences.	
S + will have + V3 + Com	8-In a week's time, I will have written the report.	



Conditional Sentences

- 1- If + Subject + Verb1 , Subject + Will + Verb1 + Complement.
- 2- If + Subject + Verb2 , Would + Verb 1 + Complement.
- 3- If + Subject + had + verb3 , Would + have + Verb3 + Complement.

1 .If you well , you'll pass your exam.

a-studied b-study c-are studying d-had studied

2. If I knew my friend's number, I...... her now.

a- would phone b. will phone c. would have phoned d- phoned

3. If you had come in time, you the lesson.

a- wouldn't have missed b-didn't miss c-wouldn't miss d-would miss

WISH (if only)

V1 = Wish + v2	1 .It's a fantastic novel! I have almost finished it. I wish it longer.
	a. had been b. were, was c. would be d-will be
Will = Wish + would	2-I said a stupid thing. I wish Istupid thing.
	a-haven't said b-hadn't said c-wouldn't say d-said
Can't + Wish + could	3. I can't watch the match tonight. I wish Ithe match that night.
	a-could watch b-can watch c- watch d-watched
V2 = Wish + had + V3	4-1 didn't take your advice. I wish Iyour advice.
	a-take b-had taken c-have taken d- am taking

حروف العطف المترابطة Paired Conjunctions

اسم and اسم	اسم but also اسم	اسم or اسم	اسم nor اسم
كلاهما و	ليس فقطلكن ايضا	اما او	لا ولا

1-Neither I you needed to visit the Cathedral.

a-or b- nor c-but d-and

2- Breaking the silence was not the only good thing she did it was also very useful.

a-or b- nor c-but d-and

3-Either a piece of stone...... a hammer might help us with this kind of work.

a-or b- nor c-but d-and

4. A true friend is someone who is both caring loving.

a-or b- nor c-but d-and



N/Lodolo	/ - - : +: /	lastataliani
iviodais	lobilgation/	lack of obligation)

			, ,	
Must	1-Passengers fasten their seat belts.			S.
	a-must	b-should	c-have to	d- has to
Has / have to	2-In Britair	າ, you	drive on the left	•
	a-must	b-should	c-have to	d- has to
Should	3- Tom doe	esn't study end	ough. He	study harder.
	a-must	b-should	c-has to	d- have to
Mustn't	4- You	use your n	nobile phone in a	gas station.
	a-mustn't	b-should	c-don't have to	d-shouldn't
Don't/ doesn't	5- You mus	stn't eat or dri	nk outside the ca	nteen, but you to buy your food in it if you don't
have to	want to.			
	a-mustn't	b-shouldn't	c-don't have	d-doesn't have
Shouldn't	6- He has a backache. He carry heavy things.			ry heavy things.
	a-must	b-should	c-mustn't d-sl	houldn't

Reported Speech

said - told - reported - asked - wanted to know

Direct	Reported		
V1	said	V2	
V2	told	Had + V3	
Has, have + V3	reported	Had + V3	
Is, am, are	asked	Was, were	
Will + V1	Wanted to know	Would + V1	
Can + V1	said	Could + V1	
Don't, doesn't, do+ V1	asked	V2	

- 1. I want to see the waterwheels there. She told me she...... to see the waterwheels there.
- a- wants b- wanted c- had wanted d- has wanted
- 2. I saw that movie last night. Joly said she.....that movie the previous night.
- a- sees b- saw c- has seen 👂 d- had seen
- 3. I am leaving later today. William said he...... later that day.
- a- is leaving b- was leaving c- had left d- left
- 4.I have read that book. Helen said she..... that book.
- a- has read b- was reading c- had read d- reads
- 5. I'm going to stay for 3 weeks. He said he.....for 3 weeks.
- a- was going to stay b- was staying c- is going to stay d- stayed
- 6. I cannot go to the movie with you. She said she..... the movie with him.
- a- hasn't gone b- couldn't go c- hadn't gone d- can go
- 7. The boy will improve quickly. The doctor said the boy quickly.
- a-improves b-had improved c- would improve d- improved
- 8. I have to finish this report by three o'clock. Tareq said he..... finish that report by three o'clock.
- a- had to b- has to c- should have to d- would have to
- 1.Where do you live?" She asked him.........
- a-where he lived? b-where did he live? c-where he lived. d-where he had lived.
- 2."Do you live in Damascus?" He asked Mary ifin Damascus.
- a- she lives. b- did she live? c- she lived. d- she has lived.
- 3. "What time did the film start?" My friend wanted to know what time..........
- a-had the film started. b-the film started. c-the film starts. d-the film had started.



4- "How long does it take you to get home?" My mother wanted to know how long.....me to get home.

a-did it take b-it took c-it had taken d-it takes

5. "Have you got any experience before?" She asked him if......... any experience before.

a-had he got b-he had got c- he has got d-he got

Inversion

Rarely	Seldom	Hardly	not only	Never	No sooner	Only	Here	There	No longer
نادرا	قلما	بالكاد	ليس فقط	ابدا	ليس عاجلا	فقط	هنا	هناك	ليس بعد
1. Rarely	any	one using c	arriages nov	wadays.					
a. you see	b. wi	ll you see	c. yo	ou will see		d. you ha	ve seen		
2. Seldom	2. Seldom newspapers nowadays.								
a-do read v	ve	b-do we re	ad c-c	does we read	d d-w	e do reac			
3. Hardlywhen there was a disturbance in the audience.									
a-had start	ed the play	b- ha	ad the play s	started c	the play ha	d started	d- the pla	y started	

4. Not only..... new products, but he also did experiments.

a-did he make b-he makes did c-he makes d-he did make

5. Never..... such a wonderful waterfall before.

a-I have seen b- have seen I c-seen I have d-have I seen

6. No sooner..... dinner than the ceiling crashed onto the dining table.

a-they had eaten b-eaten had they c-they eaten had d-had they eaten

7. Only after.....he travelled to London to study.

a. he graduated **b.** he had graduated **c.** did he graduate **d.** had he graduated

8-No longer any tigers in the northern region.

a-are there d-there had been d-there had been

9- There..... to hold a meeting.

a. goes he **b.** he goes **c.** went he **d.** he went

10- Hereon time.

a- the boss comes b- the boss come c- comes the boss d- come the boss



IDIOMS

	<u>IDIOMS</u>
Idioms	Examples
Back the wrong horse	1-Don't back the wrong horse I think he will lose the match.
Ace a test	2-"If you ace a test, you can go to the party," said her parents.
Join the ranks of	3- Thousands of young people join the ranks of the unemployed each summer
	when they leave school.
On a roll	4. This is our fifth win in the game! We are on a roll
To be dead in the water	5-His efforts didn't work at all; his project will be dead in the water.
A taste of one's own medicine	6 -I used to write rude comments on Instagram, but I got when I
	created my own account.
At death's door	7-It was miraculous that the little girl fully recovered because she was
On the mond	with sepsis and pneumonia.
On the mend	8-We were so happy to hear that your father is back home now and become
Take a turn for the worse	9-My unclelast night, so we are heading to the hospital to see him.
Go under the knife	10 -More and more women are choosing toto improve their appearance.
Just what the doctor ordered	11-After a long tax season, getting on extra week off with pay is Just what the
Just what the doctor ordered	doctor ordered.
Beat around/ about the bush	12-You should speak directly and ask for a raise. Don't
An act of God	13-The insurance company refused to pay the money because they said that the
	forest fire was
Break the law	14-The man was forced to quit his job after it was discovered that he had
Assemble the case	15-The lawyers were unable toagainst the man.
By the book	16-Our lawyer is very good and he does everything exactly
A pain in the neck	17-Writing long essays on uninteresting topics is
Speak her mind	18-She has very strong opinions and she's not afraid to
Costs you an arm and a leg	19-You must visit that restaurant; the food is really good but it
Jump out of his skin	20-The doorbell made him
Follow your heart	21-You might make less money from that job, but if it really attracts you, you
	should
To have a wide face	22-I think we'll be good friends. We both have
To give someone pumpkins	23. He invited her to the party, but she
To break bread with	24- You can'teveryone you meet in life.
lose face	25. He thinks he would if he admitted the mistake.
Save face	26. I wanted towith my colleagues by explaining why I've been late.
Dermatologist	27.I have got terrible acne and nothing in the pharmacy has worked. I don't know
طبیب جلدیة	what to do now. You should see
	a-a pediatrician b-a dermatologist c-a cardiologist d-an ophthalmologist
Cardiologist	28.Dr. Rashid, Leila'scame in and noted that her blood pressure and pulse
طبيب قلبية	were very high. a- pediatrician b-naturopath c- dermatologist d-cardiologist
Allergist	a- pediatrician b-naturopath c- dermatologist d-cardiologist 29. I have a terrible rash on my arms and legs. I think I'm allergic to dairy food,
طبیب حساسیه	but it also might be grass. You should see
	a-an allergist b-a naturopath c-a cardiologist d-an ophthalmologist
Naturopath	30.Robert is an accreditedwith herbal medicine and nutritional Training
طبيب أعشاب	a- pediatrician b-naturopath c- dermatologist d-ophthalmologist
Pediatrician	31.Ourrecommended that little Kathy should have her tonsils out.
طبيب أطفال	a- Pediatrician b-Naturopath c- Dermatologist d-Allergist
1	



Ophthalmologist	32.My father says everything looks blurry, so he is going to theto get his			
طبیب عیون	eyes checked.			
	a- pediatrician k	o-naturopath	c- dermatologist	d-ophthalmologist

Phrasal Verbs

Phrasal verbs	Meaning	Examples	
Reach out to	يدعم- يساعد	1- You can always me if you are feeling tired with your school work.	
Fit in with	يتأقلم مع	2- She didn't really her workmates in her previous job.	
Get into	مهتم ب	3- I writing when I was a kid, and I never stopped loving it.	
Follow through	البدء ب _ ينجز	4-We've been talking about this project for a while, and it's time to	
Run into	يواجه- يتعرض	5- If you any trouble, just give me a call.	
Keeping up with	يواكب _ يتابع	6- A big part of my job is the latest research in medical technology.	
Check over	يفحص - يتحقق من	7- Make sure youthe joints before you leave today.	
Drive into	دفع - غرز -صدم	8- The carpenter has used a special hammerthe nails into the	
		finished doors.	
Eat away	يتأكل	9- This harsh environment is going toat this concrete over time.	
Fence off	تسييج - احاطة	10- The workers had tothe area off in order not to harm anybody	
	_	during the work.	
Jack up	رفع	11- I have tothe car to change the tire.	
Pull down	يهدم	12- We'll have tothe old building down before they start work.	
Shore up	يدعم	13- We need tothe roof before it falls down.	
Take off	ينطلق – تقلع - يمسك	14. The plane to Russia has just	
Pick up	يقل بالسيارة - يلتقط	15. Can youmy wallet? It's under your chair.	
Look up	يستخرج - ينظر للأعلى	16. Ithe term "Digital Literacy" in Oxford dictionary.	
Put on	يسمن - يرتدي	17. You should putyour waterproof coat as it is raining.	
Get out	ينشر - يخرج	18. The authorhis new novel out last month.	
Come back	يرد بحدة - يعود	19. My father deprived me from going out because I him angrily.	

الفعل Verb	الاسم Noun	المعنى Meaning	Examples
Make	An Effort	ييذل جهد	20-Not everything happens on its own sometimes. You have toan effort to get things done.
Raise	Taxes	يرفع الضرائب	22-One of the most important incomes for local councils istaxes.
Give	A lift	يوصل ــ ينقل	23-His car broke down, so I gave him a to the nearest garage.
Run	A risk	يخاطر - يجازف	24-If she never posts anything on her personal website, shethe risk of alienating her fans.
Meet	Expectation	يكون عند حسن الظن	25- The Council strives tothe expectations and aspirations of the community.
Lose	temper	يفقد اعصابه	26- When I feel like I'm about tomy temper , I just leave the room.
Rotate	wheel	تدور العجلة	27- The wheel began to very quickly
Combine	Chemicals	يدمج المواد الكيميائية	28- We can these chemicals .
Utilize	Material	يستخدم المواد	29- You should the strongest material .



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Pre	noc	ition	. ~ []	(9 4	. ~
FIE	DU3	LIUI		-9	\sim

من Afraid	خائف		Of	Careless -	غير مهتم ب		About
من Angry	غاضب		With	Grateful d	ممتن ا		For
Brilliant/ g	جيد ب good		At	Proud 😛	فخور		Of
لعب Keen	مو		On	متأكد Sure	قلق worry/		About
شغول Busy	/experimen	ited	with	Surprised	مندهش		Ву
Cruel /hea	id /move/ba	ck/walk	to	Pleased)	مسرو		about
ىىئم من Sick	1		of	Stay/ orga	يقيم nize		in
يوقعFell	يدفع push /		off	على Step	يخطو		onto
بنطلق Drive			Off	Sink /Cras	يقفز h /jump		into
الى Drive	يقود		to Homs	Move the	ينقل chairs		into /out of
د من Drive	يقوه		Fromto	Back ل يعود			Into cage
على Drive	يقود		Onto the beach	run			Onto/off
1- Are you	pleased	Anna's ex	cam result?	4-The vase	fell the ta	able and s	hattered on the floo
a-with	b-at	c-aboı	ıt d-on	a-with	b-off	c-in	d-on
2- I was very worriedthe cold			old	5-She suddenly turned and crashedthe fence.			
a-with	b-at	c-in	dabout	a-with	b-at	c-in	d -into
3-My broth	er drove	.Homs in o	ne hour.	6-The mon	key escaped f	rom its ca	ge and jumped the
a-with	b-at	c-in	d-to	lake.			
İ				a-with	b-at	c-into	o d-on

		<u>Phonetics</u>	
	'\\\	<u>ed</u>	
	/t/	/id/ 🐰 🐪 🙀 💮 💮	/d/
	Verbs ending in a voiceless sound	Verbs ending in sounds /d/ /t/	Verbs ending in other sounds
	/p /f /k /s /sh /ch /		
Ì	Helped – Missed - Finished	Painted - Needed	Believed –Ordered -Realized
	Asked -Matched - Passed		Screamed –Improved -Phoned

الحذف Elision

Elision: The two sounds /t/ and/d/ are frequently elided, when they are found between two other consonants.

The sound / t/ - / d / may disappear in the word:

	and desired 1 of 1 and and place in the second						
ĺ	facts	handbag	landladv	last night	best time	watched	

Voiced and Voiceless Sounds

- 1-The **final** sound in one of these words **voiceless**:
- -The **beginning** sound in one of these words **voiceless**:
- -The final sound in one of these words voiced:
- -The **beginning** sound in one of these words **voiced**:

Voiceless sounds	(p – t – k – f – th (ث thing) – s – sh – ch)	ash - sister - church - stop - drink
Voiced sounds	(g-j-z- d-th (نا then)-v-b-r-ng (king)	Young - zoo - goal - bed - that



الحروف الصامتة Silent Letters

A silent or mute is a letter in a word that is written but not pronounced.

k	b	L	d	е	t	C	w	n	m	h
Knife	climb	Halfpenny	Wednesday	make	castle	muscle	Wrist	autumn	mnemonic	Ghost
knee	b omb	salmon	lan <mark>d</mark> lady	tissue	listen		sword	column		W h ale
know	dou <mark>b</mark> t	ca <mark>l</mark> m					answer			Exhaust
	thumb	ta <mark>l</mark> k								hour
		yolk								r <mark>h</mark> yme
		shou <mark>l</mark> d								

а	С	gh	р	i	ue	u
Logically	scissors	ali <mark>gh</mark> t	psychology	business	colleag <mark>ue</mark>	g <mark>u</mark> itar

Tenses				
S + V1 + Com often – always – usually – will		1. In fact hebrilliant at everything		
	sometimes – every – never	a-is b-was		
	Hardly – seldom – rarely -	2- I will be fine in the interview as long as they		
	in fact	me technical questions		
		a-didn't ask b- don't ask		
S+ is, am, are + V-ing +	at the moment, at the present	1.Please don't make so much noise. Ito		
Com	, now , today , this , still look! -	work.		
	don't make noise – watch up!	a- am trying b- try		
	1606	2.Ted a computer at the moment.		
	19000	a-used b- is using c- has used d- was using		
S + have, has + V3 + Co	just , for , since , already , so far	I. can't phone for an ambulance – I my mobile.		
	, yet , ever, Recently , recent ,	a. loses b. have lost c. am losing d. will lose		
	before. How long , Why are you	2. Why are you crying? Because my brother		
. 8	crying? I can't phone for,	an accident.		
5,05	Over the years. Nowadays,	a-has b- is having c- has had d-was having		
	How many times			
S+ have, has +Been+	all , for (a year)now, for almost,	1 -Rachel, you look tired. Yes, I the grass.		
Ving + Co	look (adjective)	a-have been cutting b- cut		
		c-cuts d- had cut		
		2.Ifor almost an hour.		
		a-have been queuing b- queuing		
		c- queue d- had queued		
S + V 2 + Complement	yesterday, ago, last, in 1999,	1. A few weeks ago , a woman to report a robbery		
	that day , that time , when.	at her house.		
		a- calls b- called c- has called cd-was calling		
		2. At that time, Indiaa part of the British Empire.		
		a- was b- is c- has been d-were		
When – while –as	1.I was preparing lunch when he			
	a- has been coming b- has com			
	2. As I was sleeping at night, my mobile phone			
	a- rings b-is ringing c- rang d-was ringing			
	3. While I was doing my homewor	·		
	a- went b- go c- was going	d-has gone		



Before- after-	1. The lectureby the time they got there.				
by the time -because	a-had started b-starts c-has started d- start				
	2.I <u>knew</u> her <u>because</u> I her several times.				
V2 = had + V3	a- have visited b- had visited c-am visiting d- visit				
For / when / since /	1.The program that was stoppedwell since 1945.				
until + past (v2)	a. had been working b. have worked c. works d-has been working				
	2. I <u>assumed</u> , youfor the repairs <u>until</u> the end of last year.				
V2 = had + been+ Ving	a. paid b. have been paying c. are paying d- had been paying				
	3- She as a waitress for three years when he met her.				
	a. had been working b. has worked c. works d-has been working				

Making Questions

	iviaking Questions	
What ماذا – للسؤال العام	I like <u>English.</u>	What do you like?
Where –	She lives in the countryside	Where does she live?
اين ــ للسؤال عن المكان	one lives in the <u>countryside</u>	Where does she live.
How –	She is good .	How is she?
كيف- للسؤال عن الحال او الوسيلة	She goes to school by bus.	How does she go to school?
When – متى – للسوال عن الزمان	They left <u>yesterday</u> ?	When did they leave?
Why – لماذا – للسؤال عن السبب	She didn't come because she was sick	Why didn't she come?
Which – أي – للسؤال عند التخيير. يأتي بعدها اسم مفرد	I prefer the black color.	Which color do you prefer?
سلسوال عن الفاعل عن الفاعل الفاعل عن الفاعل عن الفاعل الف	Ahmad carried all the boxes.	Who carried all the boxes?
Whom -	I went to the beach with my friends.	Whom did you go to the beach with?
من ــ للسؤال عن المفعول به المن ــ للملكية Whose -	It is my father's car.	Whose car is it?
- How many كم العدد – يأتي بعدها اسم جمع معدود	I have got <u>two</u> brothers.	How many brothers have you got?
How much –	We need <u>some</u> milk.	How much milk do we need?
كم الكمية – يأتي بعدا مباشرة اسم جمع غير معدود	It costs <u>100 sp</u> .	How much money does it cost?
معدود کم مرة How often –	I play sport twice a week.	How often do you play sport?
How old – کم العمر How long – کم المدة	She was 20 years old.	How old was she?
كم المدة – How long	They have stayed there for two years.	How long have they stayed there?
کم یبعد How far –	Damascus is 200km far from Homs.	How far is Damascus from Homs?
Do – does	Yes, I like learning English.	Do you like learning English?
Did	Yes, she went to the city	Did she go to the city?
Have – has – had	Yes, they have completed the project.	Have they completed the project?
Can – will – could - should	Yes, they can sing well	Can they sing well?
Am , is, are, were, was	Yes, they were happy about the trip.	Were they happy about the yrip?



Find the mistakes and correct them:

I think reading is the more interesting thing.	most	Every morning I wake up in 7.00	at
Ahmad and Sami didn't worked hard.	work	I wash me face, get dressed and leave for school.	my
She looks like she has put in some kilos.	Put on	He plays good.	well
I can't here the music well.	hear	sami works for a big company.	Sami
I meet Maya at the cinema yesterday.	met	The man which I met was a doctor.	whom
While I am shopping I met my friend Ali.	was	It was an interested place to visit.	interesting
He asked me if he could come with mine.	me	They should had completed the project.	have
She speaks english well.	English	This machine is not working proper.	properly
They will open the gate themself.	themselves	My brother have broken his leg recently.	has
Sami, who father is a doctor, told me about	whose	Damascus is the city which I was born	where
the invention			
The sun always rise in the east.	rises	Our flat is small . I wish it is a bit bigger.	were
Suha didn't came to the party.	come	He asked her where she lives.	lived
Some citizen take an active role in the society	citizens	Fatimah will visit our next Monday.	us
Ahmad has read three novel so far.	novels	My family went to a café in Sunday	on
I want to met Mr. Hamad.	meet	He has stayed in our town since three years.	for
Last week we go to Lama's birthday	went	The sport program often start at 9 o'clock.	starts
Nour phoned my last night.	me	They will live after dinner.	leave





Read and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D)

Most studies have highlighted the role of parents as active agents in the career development of their children. Parents want their children to opt for a career **they** know well about, but what their children want or aspire to become can be completely different. The child's aptitude is a mirror of his/her personality, strengths, and weaknesses. Hence, a designed aptitude test can reveal a lot of information regarding the child that can help in taking a well-informed career selection. It is very difficult to spend your life working in a field that you are not interested in. Psychologists said that it was very easy for a child to get swayed by peer pressure into choosing a career that the majority was opting rather than the one which was best for him/her. Although it should not be the most important, remuneration of a career holds value in one's life; nobody likes to earn little. A job's earnings should match the child's aspirations and provide a satisfying comfortable life. Modern societies needs professionals in every field.

1-Most studies say that parents.....in their children's choice of career.

a-play an essential role b-aren't interested c-never influence d-have no role

2-We can know the suitable career for a child by depending on a test that shows his....

a-scientific knowledge b-parents' opinion c-personal lifestyle d-skills and abilities

3-Working in a field you don't like makes you feel... a-easy to deal with b-more refreshed

c-unwilling to do it d-more energetic

4-Psychologists say that the child's mates....

a-can't make him change his mind

b-influence him when choosing a career

c-have no effects on his choice

d-can't make him choose a career

5-Nowadays, most people care forwhen choosing a career.

a-their friend's aptitude

b-the professional's aptitude

c-who motivates them

d-how much they will earn

6-The word 'they' refers to:

a-children b-parents c-studies d-career

Read the following text then decide if the sentences are true or false:

Silicon Valley is not made of silicon, and it is not a river valley , but Silicon Valley is probably the most famous valley in the world. Although it is not the place where the first computer was built, Silicon Valley was the birthplace of the modern computer industry. For this, we can say thank you to scientists at the universities in California. It was in the nineteen-sixties that American 'youth culture' really began .When the students finished university, many of them did not look for jobs with big companies like Ford. Instead they wanted to be free and run their own operations and stay in California. Intel was founded in 1968, and in the same year the first computer mouse was built. Then, in 1976, an electronic student called Steve Jobs started a small computer company in his garage; he gave it the same name as the Beatles' record company: Apple. Today, Silicon Valley is still the home of the computer industry; it is still full of high-tech companies.

7-Silicon Valley is the place where the first computer was built. False

8-The 'youth culture 'started in 1950. False

9-After graduation, most students try their best to establish their own business in California. True

10-Both Intel and Apple were founded in the same year. True

11-Steve Jobs' first computer company was founded in a garage. True

12-Silicon Valley is considered the center of high technology. True



II- Choose the correct answer (a, b, c or d) (130marks)

13-The.....checked my eyes yesterday. a-cardiologist b-ophthalmologist c-pediatrician d-dermatologist 14-The place where you wash clothes is a....

a-library b-supermarket c-laboratory d-launderette

15-This machine is not working properly. It needs....

a-hesitation b-maintenance c-employment d-investment

16-All parts of the human body are.....by the brain. a-spoilt b-ignored c-controlled d-hit

17-If you park here, you will be......

d-fit a-fined b-expelled c-remunerated

18-To make your children work hard, you should.....them.

b-neglect c-motivate d-drop a-punish 19-You can ask for a raise directly . Don't a-go under the knife b-have a wide face d-beat around the bush c-ace a test

20-Mike is; he's won ten tennis matches.

b-backing the wrong horse a-on a roll

c-on the mend d-at death's door 21-The roof is very old; it needs to be.....

b-shored up c-fitted in d-looked up a-got onto

22-You should.....what you promised to do.

a-break down b-run off c-follow through d-come in

23-The sun alwaysin the east.

b-had risen c-would rise a-has risen d-rises

24-My motherin the kitchen now.

b-is cooking c-was cooking d-cooked a-cooks

25-Ali.....in this house since 2008.

b-will live a-has lived c-lived d-would live

26-When you visit me tomorrow, Icoffee.

a-have made b-make d-will be making c-am making

27-We.....married three years ago.

b-got c-will get d-have got 28-By the end of this year, I.....writing six books.

a-finish b-finished c-will have finished d-was finishing

29-I will call you when Ihome .

b-arrived a-arrive c-will arrive d-was arriving

30-My carat the moment.

a-is fixing b-is being fixed c-was being fixed d-was fixing

31-Suha didn't come to the party. I wish she.....to the party.

a-came b-comes c-will come d-had com 32-I will open the gate myself . Iit opened.

a-won't have b-wouldn't have c-will have 33-Sami.father is a doctor . told me about the invention.

a-who b-which c-whose d-whom

34-If you had told me earlier, weyou with us.

a-take b-will take c-would take d-would have taken

35-She asked me if Ithe answer.

a-know b-knew c-have known d-will know 36-The word that has the final \id \ sound is.....

c-washed a-wanted b-helped d-loved

37- The word which has a silent letter is... b-direct d-listen a-sat c-stand

38-A: I passed my driving test.

B:

a-I'm sorry. b-Don't be depressed. c-Congratulations d-You can make it later.

Ask about the underlined words: (12 marks)

... where did you meet Maya?

39-I met Maya at the cinema.

... how long have you been waiting?

40-We have been waiting for two hours.

.... When did Nour phone you?

41-Nour phoned me last night.

.... when will they leave?

42-They will leave after dinner.

Rewrite the following passage after correcting the four mistakes in it: (8 marks)

While I am(was)shopping, I met my freind Ahmad. He asked me if could he come with my(me). I said "With pleasure".

he could

-Composition: (30 marks)

Write a composition of no more than 80 words about the following topic:

A book fair you have been to recently. Include the following:

*What kinds of books did you see?

*Which one(s) did you like most?

*Which do you prefer, electronic books or paper books? Why?



Read and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D)

Antibiotics are powerful medicines used to fight a wide variety of infections or diseases caused by bacteria in people and animals. Antibiotics work to kill the bacteria or stop them from multiplying. Before bacteria can multiply and cause symptoms, the immune system can typically kill them. Sometimes, however, the number of harmful bacteria is excessive, and the immune system can't fight all. At that point, antibiotics are urgently needed. Antibiotics that affect a wide range of bacteria are called broad spectrum antibiotics like amoxicillin, whereas antibiotics that kill bacteria and affect only a few types of bacteria are called narrow spectrum antibiotics such as penicillin. Some people may develop an allergic reaction to antibiotics, especially penicillin. Side effects might include rash, swelling of the tongue and face. The more often antibiotics are used or taken incorrectly, the more chance bacteria have to change and become resistant to them. Patients should complete the whole course of medication to prevent the return of the infection. Although new medicines are developed, antibiotics resistance will remain a major threat.

- 1- Antibiotics are used todiseases .
- a-stop b-spread c-multiply d-increase
- 2-Taking antibiotics is.....when your immune system isn't working properly.
- a-essential b-risky c-unnecessary d-forbidden
- 3-Broad spectrum antibiotics are used to fight.....types of bacteria.
- a-harmless b-specific c-different d-similar
- 4- Antibiotics can destroy all the bacteria when patients...
- a-stop using medicine when feeling better
- b-start having symptoms
- c-take the full course of medicine
- d-delay the use of antibiotics
- 5-Penicillin is a kind of antibiotics that....

a-may cause rash

b-suits all patients

c-reduces blood circulation

d-has no side effects for all people

6-The word 'excessive ' in bold means:

a-less than appropriate b-aggressive

c-greater than reasonable d-being moderate

Read the following text then decide if the sentences are true or false :

Not all cultures share the same beliefs and values about what is normal or socially acceptable. These differences can cause severe culture shock. Once a person accepts the difference and acknowledges it, then the process of integration becomes easier. Here are some examples of situations that can cause food culture shock: in some Chinese restaurants, eating chicken feet is common. Although not an everyday food item, horse meat and blood sausage are normal in France . Some restaurants in ancient culture specialized in dog meat dishes . However, recently in Cambodia , animal rights activists have gained a small victory in their effort to end the trade in dog meat. To overcome food culture shock, here are some tips: first, expect food to be different . Second , we don't have to eat strange things quickly. Third, use good judgment and don't insult people by making disgusted facial expression.

- 7-Culture shock has no effect on people. False
- 8-Horse meat is considered a daily meal in France.

True

9-Animal rights activists in Cambodia failed to apply a law against dog meat trade. False

- 10-Eating unfamiliar food slowly is a way of dealing with culture shock. True
- 11-Showing that you like the food hurts people's feelings. False
- 12-Approving the differences between cultures makes life abroad less difficult. True



II- Choose the correct answer (a, b, c or d) (130marks)

13-The council strives to.....the expectations of the community.

a-give b-meet c-lose d-run

14-I slipped as I steppedthe platform.

a-onto b-into c-from d-out of

15-Pateriotism is love of andto one's country.

a-hesitation b-concentration c-devotion d-intention

16-Ourrecommended that the kid should have his tonsils out.

a-naturopath b-pediatrician c-allergist d-cardiologist

17-Some citizens take anrole in the society.

a-action b-act c-active d-actively

18-These chemicalswith each other.

a-refuse b-reduce c-reuse d-react

19-She has been.....yoga since she was a child.

a-getting into b-run into c-following through d-fitting in

20-She looks like she'sseveral kilos.

a-picked up b-put on c-got out d-come back

21-The lawyer was unable toagainst the man.
a-beat around the bush b-break the law
c-assemble the case d-ace a test

22-She has a strong opinion and she's not afraid to.....

a-jump out of her skin

b-speak her mind

c-be at death's door

d-cost an arm and a leg

23-We.....at 7 o'clock every morning.

a-are getting up b-had got up c-get up d-have got up

24-Ivery hard for my last exams.

a-study b-studied c-have been studying d-am studying

25-I....here all afternoon . I feel tired now.

a-am working b-have been working

c-would work d-will work

26-Ali.....the types of flower when we came in.

a-was describing b-describes
c-has described d-is describing
27-By the time we got there, the lecture......

a-started b-was starting c-starts d-had started

28-My brotherhis leg recently.

a-breaks b-had broken c-has broken d-is breaking

29-Many offices of large companiesso far.

a-have built b-were built c-are building d-have been built 30-I decorated the house myself . I

a-didn't have it redecorated . b-haven't redecorated it.

c-didn't redecorate it. d-had it redecorated.

31-She asked him whythe job.

a-he wants b-he wanted c-did he want d-does he want

32-If the driver had fastened his lifebelt, hehis life.

a-saved b-will save c-would have saved d-would save

33-I don't know how to make a cake . I wish I

a-know b-have known c-will know d-knev

34-Damascus is the cityI was born. a-who b-which c-when d-where

35-The word that has a silent letter is... a-sheep b-paint c-open d-psychology

36-The verb that has the final \t\ sound is....

a-started b-ordered c-asked d-improved

37-A: The bath in your hotel is full of spiders.

B:

a-I'm awfully sorry. b-I deserve this honor. c-Well done! b-I deserve this honor.

38-A: Would you like some more tea?

B: Yes....., plase!

a-We are proud of you. b-Congratulations! c-I'm sorry about that. d-I'd love some.

Ask about the underlined words: (12 marks)

... what time does the sport program often start?

39-The sport programme often starts at 9 o'clock.

... when did you go to lama's birthday?

40-Last week we went to Lama's birthday.

...how long has he been running?

41-He has been running for 2 hours.

...whom did you discuss the problem with?

42-I have discussed the problem with my father.

Rewrite the following passage after correcting the four mistakes in it: (8 marks)

Mary id(Id) from England(England). When she was in holiday in Venezuela, some Venezuelan friends invited she(her) to dinner at 9:00.

She arrived at ecxactly (exacactly) 9:00, but her friends had not arrived yet.

Composition: (30 marks)

Write a composition of no more than 80 words about the following topic:

The role of parents in their children's future. Include the following:

*How parents should deal with their children's

strengths\weaknesses \ interests\ needs\ failure\ success.

*How they should help them choose their future career.



1.A -Read the following test, then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Human rights are the rights which one acquires by being alive, while civil rights are the rights that one obtains by being a legal member of a certain political life. In other words, civil rights are the rights of citizens to political and social freedom and equality. They guarantee equal social opportunities and equal protection under the law. Civil and political rights are a class of rights that protect individuals' freedom from violation by governments, social organizations, and private individuals. They ensure one's right to participate in the civil and political life of society and the state without discrimination or repression. Unlike other rights concepts, such as human rights or natural rights, in which people acquire rights inherently, perhaps from God or nature, civil rights must be given and guaranteed by the power of the state. Examples of civil rights include the right to vote, the right to a fair trial, the right to government services, the right to a public education, and the right to use public facilities. Civil rights are an essential component of democracy; when individuals are prevented from participating in political society, their civil rights are being denied.

1. People get civil rights by

- A. being good citizens.
- B. being alive.
- C. being involved in a political life.
- D. being a member in a social life.
- 2. Civil rights guarantee
- A. equality

B. discrimination

C. violation

- D. repression
- 3. One of the following is not classified as a civil right
- A. the right to life.
- B. the right to education.
- C. the right to use public transport.
- D. the right to participate in elections.
- 4. A formal choice you take in an election means to:
- A. guarantee B. vote C. discriminate D. deny
- 5. One of the basic differences between natural rights and civil rights is that civil rights are guaranteed by...
- A. political life

- B. social freedom
- C. the power of the state
- D. democracy
- 6. Civil rights are denied when people are being in political society.
- A. restrained from participating
- B. allowed to participate
- C. permitted to participate
- D. accepted to participate

B -Read the following test, then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Medical engineering is a field that has been around for decades, but it's one that continues to transform and This challenging field refers to applying engineering's approach and innovation to the field of medicine and healthcare. Medical engineers are regularly employed by hospitals and clinics, making sure medical equipment is running properly. They're responsible for maintenance and ensuring safety requirements, in addition to understanding the risks a machine could cause to patients and the technicians operating it. The equipment they work on range from small devices such as a bandage, to larger critical machines such as x-ray imaging systems. Medical engineers work in research, testing and building new theories or specialized equipment. While some engineers work to find better ways to diagnose and treat illness and disease, other medical engineers work in biomaterials, which means they study and design manmade materials that can work with and alongside human cells. Biomaterials are used to address a wide range of issues, whether it's replacing human tissue or organs or administering drugs through more effective and accurate delivery mechanisms.

7. The main idea of the text is.

- A. medical equipment B. health care
- C. engineering D. medical engineering
- 8. Which statement is not true about the text?
- A. Medical engineering has been around for decades.
- B. Medical engineers are employed by hospitals.
- C. Medical engineers work on small devices only.
- D. Medical engineers ensure safety.

9. One of these ideas isn't mentioned in the text?

- A. Medical engineers are responsible for ensuring safety requirements.
- B. Medical engineers are rarely employed by clinics.
- C. Medical engineers work in research, testing and building new theories.
- D. Medical engineers work to build hospitals.

10. Which statement is true about the text?

- A. Some people believe doctors never make mistakes.
- B. Every person needs to know certain amount of health education.
- C. Some people complain about the lack of medical services.
- D. Biomaterials discuss a wide variety of subjects.

11. The word " they " in line 7 refers to:

- A. hospitals
 C. equipment
 B. medical engineers
 D. medical devices
- 12. The act of keeping something in a good condition by checking or repairing it means:

A. transport B. innovation C. operating D. maintenance



II. Choose a	, b , c , or	d . (130 m	arks)				32 -The sun is	n't shining right	now. I wish the	sunshinning th
13 -Suzan	trying to	pass her driv	ving te	est but sh	ne fails every	time.	a. were	b. weren't	c. is	d. wasn't
a. keep	ŀ	.has kept	c. k	eeps	d. kept		33. Huda's ba	ag was pulled off	her shoulder.	
L	/e now. l	for an	 impor	tant clie	nt.			er bag pulled off		
a. wait		o. am waiting			d .have waited	4	a. has	b. had had	c .didn't have	e d. had
15 -l m					u mave wanted	•	34 -Luna bou	ght a dress	. cost \$45. She	had to return it.
	b. ha				d bod		a. who	b. which	c. whom	d. where
a. have			c. hav	e nau	d. had		35 -Your frien	id is a heavy smo	ker. (give advi o	ce)
16 . We	a	nything yet.					a. Stop	b. You'd better	c. Don't smoke	d. Well done.
a. a-haven't de	cided	b. have		c. decide	d d. didn't dec	cide	smoking!	quit smoking	anymore.	Keep it up.
1		decided					36 -The (ed)	in all these verb	s is pronounced	l as /d/ except in:
17 -l	Jack last r	night.					a. phoned	b. ordered	c. talked	d. improved
a. see 18 -Did anythi	b. saw		ad seen		have seen		37 -If you had	 I come in time, y	 ou the	lesson.
-		<u> </u>					a. wouldn't m			on't miss d. miss
a. watched	b. were wa		as wat	•	watch					
19 -The lecture	e l	by the time t	hey go	ot there.			l	anyone usi		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
a. started	b. had s	tarted c. st	arts	c.	has started		a. you see	b. will you see	c. you will see	d. you have seen
20 -The progra	am that wa	as stopped		. well sin	ce 1945.					
a. worked	b. had worke	c. had be	en wo	rking d.	works			out the underlin	ed word in eac	h sentence:
21 - One-day p	people	to Mars.	1	/:/			(12 marks)			
a. travel	b. will trav	el c. have t	ravelle	d d.	travelled		20 M. friend	do 400 ollo d 40 1 0		
22 -Anything t	o d <mark>rin</mark> k, si	r? Ia	glass	of water	, please.		39- My mend	ds travelled <u>to Lo</u>	<u>ndon</u> resterda	y. ?
a. will have	b. have	c. ha	ad	d.	will have had		40 -They arriv	ed there at 7 o'c	lock in the eve	ning.
23 -Individuals	s have	dreams i	n thei	ir day-to-	day existence	e.				
a. vary	b. vario		ariety		variously			e company apoid		ssengers for the d
24 - The rich h					,			stay there for tw		
										?
a. reach out to			t in wit	n a.	run into		R- Fach sent	ence has a mista	ke choose the	wrong part (a, b,
25 -The plane			/				d) : (8 marks		ite) thouse the	titiong part (a) b)
a. taken off	b. picke	-	oked u		got out					
26 - His efforts	s didn't wo	ork at all; his	proje	ct will be	in the fut	ture.	43 . Shabab is	a_non-profit <u>Syr</u> a b		c <u>work</u> on
a. dead in the v	vater b. o	n a roll c. ac	ce a tes	t d. joi	n the ranks of		rehabilitating	g the skills <u>of</u> you		C
27 -After a lon	ig tax seas	on, getting o	n extr	ra week d	off with pay is	5		d		
a. just what the	e b. an ac	t of God c. oı	n the m	nend d.	ace a test			ritish films <u>on</u> TV,	but I' <u>m not un</u>	derstanding
doctor ordered	ı						a the words!	b		C
28 -You should	d speak dir	ectly and as	k for a	a raise. D	on't		d			
a. assemble the	e b. break	the c. ba	ack the	d.	beat around		45 .He <u>likes</u> to	spend his time	with his younge	est <u>sun</u> .
case	law	wro	ng hors	se th	e bush		a 46 He got in	b to his car <u>and</u> dro	C ove of	d
29 -We're tal	king the 8	am train. I	le tol	ld me th	at they th	he	a b		d .	
8am train.										
a. are taking	b. were	•			had taken		C – <u>Composi</u>	tion:		
30 -Did you liv	e in Dama	scus? He as	ked he	er if	in Damasc	cus.				
a. she had live	d b. sł	ne live	c. she	lived	d. she lives		Write an ess	ay about someo	ne who has infl	uenced you to be
31 -Itth	nat the firr	n made a big	g loss.				best version.	.(30 marks)		
a. reports	b. reported	c. has reporte	ed	d. was re	ported					
		1					1			



2.A -Read the following test, then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Psychologists said that it was very easy for a child to get swayed by peer pressure into choosing a career that the majority was opting rather than the <u>one</u> which was best for him/her.

Although it should not be the most important, remuneration of a career holds value in one's life; nobody likes to earn little. A job's earnings should match the child's aspirations and provide a satisfying comfortable life. Modern societies need professionals in every field: utility workers, garbage collectors, farmers, nurses, doctors, engineers, teachers, professors and many others.

Furthermore, demotivation might have a negative impact on the child's mental health when rejecting all of his/her ideas. Parents can work together to gather information about a career and then help the child in deciding whether it is suitable or not. Most people have dreams of future jobs and there's no limit to what this could be, but we can't be absolutely certain about our career choices. Researchers told us that through self-reflection and guided activities, we would find our core values and a clearer path towards the right career.

1- A child sometimes is affected by his...... pressure into choosing a career.

a-family b-parents c-friends d-teachers

2- A job's earnings should provide a..... life.

- a- satisfying comfortable b- un
 - b- unpleasant

c- boring

d-monotonous

3- The dreams of future jobs are

a-restricted b- unpredictable c- limited d-unlimited

4- Money which is paid for work or services is called.......

a-selling b- buying c- spending d- remuneration

5- The underlined word "one" in the third line refers to....

a- person b- peer c- career d- the majority

6- Demotivation can affect the child's character when all his ideas.

a-refusing b- accepting c- applying d- taking

B -Read the following test, then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Medicine is the science dealing with health and how to cure all kinds of diseases. Medicine has advanced amazingly over decades. The emerging medical devices has evolved saving countless lives. For instance, X-ray imaging, Magnetic Resonance Imaging, Robotic Surgery and Organ Transplants. These breakthroughs helped surgeons diagnose, monitor and treat many medical conditions. X-ray imaging uses an external radiation to produce images of the body without having to make an incision. Also, MRI scanners use strong magnetic fields and radio waves to generate images of the organs in the body. During Robotic Surgery, surgeons can perform very complex steps with more accuracy, flexibility and control than it is possible with conventional techniques. Robotic Surgery results in smaller incisions which reduce pain and lead to less time spent in hospitals. Organ Transplants allow people to return to normal activities by transplanting various body parts like heart, liver and kidney. In short, medicine aims to promote and maintain health and well-being of patients. It is certain that medicine will continue to develop in ways we have yet to imagine.

7. " A neat cut made into the skin" is the definition of the word:

- a. transplant b. resonance c. embedded d. incision
- 8. ----- require strong magnetic fields.
- a. X-ray imaging b. (
 - b. Organ Transplants
- c. MRI scanners
- d. all kinds of diseases

9. The underlined word 'breakthroughs' means:

- a. a state of being accurate and careful.
- b. to replace a damaged organ with another.
- c. an important development that may lead to an achievement.
- d. being fixed or inserted into something else.

10. Which sentence is false about medicine:

- a. maintains well-being of patients
- b. increases diseases
- c. continues to develop
- d. deals with health

11. Which sentence is true about the text?

- a. Robotic Surgery results in bigger incisions.
- b. Robotic Surgery results in smaller incisions.
- c. Robotic Surgery results in transplanting various body parts.
- d. Robotic Surgery results in less accuracy, flexibility.

12. Which information is not mentioned in the text?

- a. Medicine has advanced amazingly.
- b. We don't have to make an incision in X-ray imaging.
- c. Surgeons can do very complex steps in Robotic Surgery.
- d. The history of Organ Transplants.



II. Choos	ea,b	, c , or d	. (13	0 mar	ks)			32. Neithe	er I	. you needed t	to visit the Ca	athedra	l.
13. Rama	the	Internet e	every d	ay.				a. or		b. but also	c. nor		d. and
a. use		b. used		c. uses	·	d. is using	7	33 . Lisa di	idn't rep	pair the hairdry	yer herselfS	She	it repaired.
14 . Look! H	lani	TV.					_	a. has		b. didn't have	c. had		d. doesn't have
a. watch		b. watches	;	c. is wa	atching	d. watched	7	34 . I didn'	't take y	our advice. I w	vish I yo	ur advi	ce.
15. l	Sami fo	r months.					_	a. took		b. take	c. has ta	ken	d. had taken
a. haven't	seen	b. saw		d. see		c. sees	7	35 . Why	the	roof been me	ended before	it fell d	lown by them?
16. 1	for almo	ost an hou	r now.					a. wasn't	:	b. aren't	c. hadn't	:	d. isn't
a. queue	b. am	queuing	c. hav	e been	queuing	d. queued	7			key? He asked			
17. l	. a writii	ng compet	l :ition in	2006.			_	a. the ke		en.	b. the ke	•	
a. win		b. won		c. had	win	d. have won	7	c. was th			d. the ke		
18. It happ	ened at	4 in the a	fternoc	on whe	n she	news on TV.		a. road	/clist	his bike and	c. ride	kly on t	he road. d. rude
a. was		b. watched		c. wate		d. is watching	7		chool te			onthall	competition in your
watching								area. Wha			ile illiai ili a i	ootban	
19. I knew	her bec	ause I	her s	everal	times.		_	a. Congra	atulation	s!	b. I'm sure th	is won't	happen again.
a. visit		b. visits		c. hav	e visited	d. had visited	7	c. Ok. I ca	an do tha	it.	d. We should	've done	e better.
20. I was te	errible b	ecause I	fo	r over a	n hour.		_						
a. run		b. runs			running	d. have run	7						
21. l ı	my roor					//		III- A- <u>As</u>	k abou	t the underli	ned word in	<u>each</u>	sentence: (12 mark
a. am goin	_				clean	d. cleaned	7	39 .Maria	ı:				?
a. am gom	ig to clea	clear			Jean	, d. cleaned							
22 . The trai	in to the	V/		n 20 mi	nutes.)(5016	1 Such		been playing			
a. leave	b. will			eaves		I be leaving		40.Maria	1:				?
23. Everyor								Sofia: We	e usual	y play <u>in the</u>	school play	/groun	<u>d</u> .
a. real	ne ende	b. reality	cut uct	c. reali		d. realize	7	41 .Maria	ı:				?
24 . She did	ln't roal		r work					Sofia: We	e playe	d against <u>anc</u>	ther schoo	l team	
a. fit in wit		run into						42 .Sofia:					?
				get into		ollow through							•
				(U)		ete over time.		iviaria. W	ле ріау	football once	e a week.		
a. eat awa	•	check over		get into		. follow through	_						
				-		within a week.	7	B- Each s	entend	e has a mist	ake, choose	the w	rong part (a, b, c o
a. on the n	mend	b. go unde	er the	c. in th	e mend	d. just what the		d) : (8 m			•		
37 The de-	بدر المجاسم	knife				doctor ordered	_	43. Your	friend	ask you <u>to</u> jo	in <u>his</u> footb	all <u>tea</u>	<u>m</u> .
27. The dod						T	7	44 Reca	uise he	a b <u>is</u> very carelo	C ⊇ss with his	money	a ,
a. jump ou	it of	b. follow h	IIS	c. spea	ik nis	d. a pain in the		a	<u></u> c	b	C (VI)	d	r.
his skin		heart		mind		neck		45 . <u>If</u> you	u <u>cell</u> ro	tten food, <u>vo</u>	<u>ou</u> will get <u>a</u>	rrested	<u>d</u> .
28 is							7	a 46 do ve	b fana	y going out fe	C ara dinnari	d	
a. pediatri		b. cardiolo	_	c. aller	_	d. dermatologist		46 . <u>ao</u> yo	ou <u>ranc</u>	y going <u>out</u> fo	or a diffiler <u>i</u>	<u>ater</u> :	
29 . My bro	other dro	ove H	loms in	one ho	our.		7	а	b	С		d	
a. of		b. off		c. fror	n	d. into		-					
30 . A photo	ocopier	is a machi	ne	. make	s copies	of documents.	_	C - Comp			on, south	o at	towards salvest
a. who		b. which		c. who	om	d. where							towards education
31 .	very un	happy if m	y frien	ds didn	't come	to the party.	_	organiza	tion an	d participati	on in a mea	ningfu	ıl society."
a. would b	e	b. will be	c.	would	have bee	n d. were	1	Write a p	oaragra	ph about the	importanc	e of us	ing the internet in t
	ı		ı			1	_	educatio	n proce	ess.			
								ı					



3.A -Read the following test, then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Most people think that education is limited to schools only, but the truth is that there are lessons that we can only learn from life, and they may be more important than those learnt at schools. Life lessons are sometimes painful before they are acquired, and in order to avoid this, we must benefit from the experiences of others. We shouldn't pay too much attention to the trivial things that are not important and waste our time and effort. Since life is so unpredictable, we must not live on expectations only and meet everything new in life with optimism and positive thinking. There is no word more boring and monotonous than the word "I". We must be confident of ourselves, but that does mean we talk about ourselves and our accomplishments all the time, as this inherits vanity. Human relationships are also important because without love and support from family and friends, you will not feel happy and will not achieve success in life. Man by nature makes mistakes, so be tolerant and seek excuses for those around you, and if someone comes to you with an apology, do not stop him, and do not carry in your heart any envy of anyone. There are no alternatives to exercising, eating well, fresh air and sunshine. Take care of your health and make it a priority for your entire life. The pursuit of success will make you succeed in the end, no matter how long the period is, but keep trying. Failure is a great teacher in life. It teaches us humility and how to correct our course of life. A great example is Thomas Edison. He failed many times, but he did not give up until he succeeded. Even when he failed, Edison learned something. 'I get results in everything I try,' he said. The golden rule for everybody is to be honest, trustful, useful and generous so that they leave life with a trace that those around them will not forget about.

1. To avoid life's painful lessons...

- a-We must learn from our own experiences.
- b-We must learn from the experiences of others.
- c-We mustn't learn from life.
- d. We must give up.

2. People shouldn't live on expectations only because...

- a- life is unpredictable b- people always know their future
- c-they can't be sure about their future d- life is easy

3. We shouldn't use the word "I" because:

- a-the word "I" is very boring when it is used all the time
- b-we have to talk about ourselves all the time
- c-it teaches us humility
- d- the word "I". is very normal when it is used all the time

4. We should be tolerant with others because...

- a-everyone makes mistake b- Man doesn't make mistake
- c-a and b d- Man is lazy

5. When Edison failed during his life...

- a-he gave up before he succeeded. b- he surrendered c-he tried again until he succeeded d-he stopped learning
- 6. To leave a memorable trace, you must be......
- a- honest and trustful b-useful and generous
- c- a and b d- guilty

B -Read the following test, then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

The two most common causative agents of infectious diseases are the virus and the bacterium. They both are tiny to be seen by the naked eye, they can cause similar symptoms and are often spread in the same way. Bacteria are living organisms, but viruses aren't. A bacterium is a single complex cell. It can survive on its own, inside or outside the body. This allows bacteria to live in many places - soil, water, plants and the human body. Most bacteria aren't harmful; we have many bacteria on and inside our body, especially in the gut to help digest food. They also serve many vital roles in nature by decomposing organic matter and by converting nitrogen to chemicals usable by plants. On the other hand, viruses are smaller and aren't cells. Unlike bacteria, they need a host such as a human or an animal to multiply. Viruses only grow and reproduce inside the host cells they infect. Their life involves the hijacking of the biochemical activities of a living cell. Viruses and bacteria differ in how they cause infections. As the names suggest, viruses cause viral infections, whereas bacteria cause bacterial infections. Viruses infect a host cell and then multiply by the thousands, leaving the host and infecting other cells of the body. Diseases caused by a viral infection include influenza, common cold, flu, AIDS and Covid - 19. Bacteria, on the other hand, have a more varied operation and will often infect when the right opportunity arises. Bacterial infections include pneumonia, strep throat, ear infection and food poisoning. In fact, it's very important to know whether bacteria or viruses cause an infection because the treatments differ. It can be very difficult to know what causes an infection because viral and bacterial infections can cause similar symptoms.

7. Pneumonia means....

- a. to destroy gradually by natural chemical processes
- b. attack to control something
- c. a sign that something exists, especially bad
- d. an acute inflammation of the lungs

8. Viruses and bacteria can't be seen by the naked eye because...

- a. They both are very small.
- b. They both are big.
- c. They both can cause similar symptoms.
- d. they both differ in how they cause infections.

9. Bacteria can survive.....

a. on its own b. inside the body c. outside the body d. all

10. According to the text bacteria in the gut ---

- a. fight infection
- b. prevent infection
- c. save the body
- d. help to digest food

11.According to the text one of the similarity between bacteria and viruses is ------

- a. the way of spreading
- b. they are living cells
- c. they may be seen by naked eye
- d. difference in symptoms

12. Symptom means....

- a. attack to control something
- b. acting as the cause of something.
- c. a sign that something exists, especially bad.
- d. to destroy gradually by natural chemical processes.



II. Choose a, b, c, or d. (130 marks) 31. If I a computer, I can't surf the Net. a. don't have b. wouldn't have c. had d. wouldn't have had 13. We didn't see everything. she said that theyeverything. **32**. In economics, voluntary is unpaid. a. had seen b. haven't seen c. saw a. employment b. employ c. employed d. employer 14. What time did the film start? My friend wanted to know..... a. What time the film has started b. What time the film had started **33.**The group had a good song but failed to another hit record. c. What time the film started d. What time had the film started a. follow through b. keep up with c. run into 15. a local jeweler shop into by someone yesterday. **34**. She looks like she's several kilos. a. is broken b. had broken c. was broken d. were broken a. put on b. got out c. looked up d. picked up 16. Will the fine tomorrow by you? 35. If that itchy rash doesn't go away, you should go to a a. been paid c. being paid c. have paid a. pediatrician b. dermatologist c. naturopath d. cardiologist 17. Rama makes fun of people .I wish shefun of people. **36.** Why is Mr. Jack's dog afraid him? a. wouldn't make b. doesn't make c. hadn't made a. of d. at c. in d. about **18**. because we had forgotten to pay the bill. 37. Our boss often gets angry and he...... when things go wrong. a. We had cut off our electricity c. We have our electricity cut off a. loses temper b. gives a lift c. raises taxes d. runs a risk b. We have cut off our electricity d. We had our electricity cut off 38. The "ed" in the word "liked" is pronounced as: 19. She is talking to her students..... projects are due on Friday. a. \ d \ b. \ id \ c. \ t \ d. \ it \ a. who b. whom c. which d. whose 20. Mona never goes to the cinema on Fridays. III- A- Ask about the underlined word in each sentence: (12 marks) a. Never did Mona go b. Never will Mona go **39.A** :? c. Never can Mona go d. Never does Mona go **B:** I left the village to work in the city. 40.A:? 21. Your family go to a restaurant but you have an exam tomorrow. B: I was at the age of twenty. a. I can't decide yet b. We are proud of you. 41.A:? c. Congratulations! d. OK. I can do that. **B:** I miss the peace and quiet in the country. 22. The professor......his students the results of his research now. **B:** I would buy a new flat when I had enough money. a. shows b. is showing c. has shown d. had shown B- Each sentence has a mistake, choose the wrong part (a, b, c or 23. I can't phone for an ambulance – I my mobile. d): (8 marks) a. lose b. have lost c. had lost d. will lose **43**. His <u>car</u> broke down, so I <u>gave</u> him a <u>risk</u> to the nearest <u>garage</u>. 24. Rachel, you look tired. Yes, I the grass. c. cuts a. cut b. have cut d. have been cutting 44. It took a long time to get it out of the lake and back onto its 25. At the age of 24, Gandhi to South Africa. cage. a. moves b. moved c. had moved d. has moved d 26. we noticed that she! 45. A workers had to fence the area off in order not to harm a. was crying b. has cried c. cries d. will cry 27. Only after he, he travelled to London to study. anybody during the work. a. graduates b. graduated c. had graduated d. has graduated 28. They for three hours when the storm suddenly broke. **46**. You can <u>neither</u> take Sally or <u>any</u> other <u>person</u> with you. a. had been running b. had run c. run d. runs d С 29. He a new job next week. a. starts b. has started c. start d. is starting C – Composition: Write an essay about one of the recent medical inventions that 30. I. to Rome for a conference soon. a. am about to go b. will go d. will have gone has a great impact on medicine nowadays



4.A -Read the following test, then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Success is no accident. It is hard work, perseverance, learning, studying, sacrifice and most of all, love of what you are doing or learning to do. Success, by definition, means to accomplish your goals. Some people define success by measures such as wealth, position or status and one's capabilities. It is also believed by many people that a successful person must be rich, but in many cases, money cannot buy you success. In fact, there are some factors which help us be successful. Start by setting your goals. Having a goal is an essential thing, but it should be a smart goal a successful person must be rich,. It requires to stretch your capabilities and to stay committed and remind yourself that it is not the end of the road. One step more, if there was only one secret to success, it would be preparation. It will set you in the best position to execute the task with the least difficulty. Timing also is a crucial ingredient to success. The only method of obtaining good timing is through repetition or experience. Furthermore, one needs confidence to be successful. He has to start with smaller tasks that have a higher chance of success to build up confidence. Parents should help their young children to build up confidence and become and happy in their life. They should discover at an early age the talents of their children and help them to grow their gift and take care of their needs and interests. Actions are louder than words. When you take action, you trigger all kinds of things that will inevitably carry you to success. Every step taken by you in the direction of your dreams and goals brings you closer at jet speed. Nothing happens until you take action. To be successful, you have to do what successful people do. All highly successful people are highly actionoriented people. It is said: "Success is 10% inspiration and 90 % perspiration." The golden rule to achieve success is to keep learning. These are three dangerous words: "I know that." If you have read or heard about something, you do not know. If you are not rich and successful the way you want, then you do not know.

1. Success is.....

a- perseverance and learning b- studying and sacrifice c-a and b d. accident

2. is to accomplish your goals.

a- Success b- Failure c-losing d- Sleeping

3. Having a goal is..... to be succeeded

a-important b-not important c-not necessary d-unimportant

4. The only way of obtaining good timing is ...

a- repetition b- experience c-a and b d-being rich

5. To achieve success, the golden rule is...

a-to stop learning b- keep learning c- to avoid learning d-to give up learning

6. If you have read or heard about something, you

a- know b-know nothing c- know everything d- know a little

b -Read the following test, then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Throughout history, various societies and cultures have developed different views in their approach to illnesses and diseases. One of the most important periods in the development of medicine at all, especially medieval medicine, which lasted from the 9th to the 13th century, is called "the Golden Age of Arabic Medicine". The books of Arabic science that came about in this period are not only by Muslim authors, because Arab civilization is the result of consecutive and continuous efforts of various nations, regardless of the religion, race and color of the skin, who lived and produced in the Arab region. In ancient times, people used to cure sickness by using plants, herbs and other materials. In countries such as Egypt, Greece, Rome, Mesopotamia, India and China, medicine was magical and mythological and diseases were attributed mostly to the supernatural forces. Thus, before hospitals developed, patients were treated mostly in temples. The practice of medicine during the Middle Ages was empirical; it focused mainly on curing illnesses rather than discovering their causes. At that time, cures continued to be a mixture of superstitions, religion, herbal remedies, bleeding and purging; people were bled to reduce inflammation which was then thought to be the root of all diseases. Moreover, medical schools were established, but most people never saw a doctor because of the high-cost treatments. Instead, people were treated by local wise people who were skilled in the use of herbs, or by priests, or barbers. Around the 16th century, medicine witnessed groundbreaking developments such as vaccination, human anatomy, surgery and microbiology. Modern medicine started to emerge in the late 18th century and therefore, there were many improvements on medical tools and machines, especially after the Industrial Revolution. In the 1800s, physicians learned that illnesses were caused by germs and hospitals began to focus on keeping clean to keep germs away. As a result, nursing came to be thought of as a respectable job. The 20th century was characterized by new biological treatments such as antibiotics in addition to advancement in chemistry, genetics and radiography.

8. Various societies and cultures have developed different views in their approach to illnesses.

a. true b. false

9. The books of Arabic science that came about in this period are only by Muslim authors.

a. true b. false

10. In modern times, people used to cure sickness by using plants, herbs and other materials.

a. true b. false

11. Modern medicine started to emerge in the late eighteenth century.

a. true b. false

12. Most people never saw a doctor because of the high-cost treatments.

a. true b. false

II. Choose a, b, c, or d. (130 marks)



12- My unclo	.sicker suddenly y	vesterday			a. unlegal	b. dislegal	c. illegal	d. legally
a. gets	b. got	c. had got	d. is getting	7	22 Lwont to 5	counselor for	on my career	
8	1 6	1			a. guide	b. guided	c. guidance	d. guiding
14- Have you eve	er to Canada	?		_	a. Baiac	- Suided	or Baradillec	a. 9a.a9
a. gone	b. went	c. been going	d. go		33-My father	happy every time	we get high mar	ks.
					a. felt	b. has felt	c. is feeling	d. feels
	the roof befor		1	7	34 - If you a	ny trouble, just gi	ve me a call.	
a. jack up	b- pull down	c. shore up	d. check over		a. run into	b. run out	c. run to	d. run for
16 If I	Luculdo'+ cocolco							
•	b. am	1	d boon	٦		ike to speak to Mr	. George please.	
a. were	D. am	c. have been	d. been		Receptionist: Ce		h son I toko o	
17- Some childre	on choose their fu	ture profession h	ased remuner	ation	a. I'll put you t		b. can I take a	_
a. of	b. at	c. on	d. in		number?	epeat the	d. Hello, Geor	ge is talking.
	1 31 91	1 9: 9::	1 21 21			some of the be	est world novels i	n recent years
18-The evening i	s a time we	can all relax.			a. has been	b. had	c. wrote	d. has written
a. which	b. who	c. when	d. where		written	written	c. wrote	di nas witten
						were unable to	against the mar	 1.
	refused to pay th		e the accident was	§	a. follow thro		b. fit in with	
a. an act of God		b. by the book		4	c. beat around		d. assemble th	ne case
c. break the law		c. assemble the	case	_			choosing to	to improve the
20-The " ed " in th	ne word " watche	d " is propounced	as:		appearance.		J ····	,
a. \id\	b. \d\	c. \it\	d. \t\		a. taste their o	own medicine	b. go under th	e knife
a. (.a.)	1 2. (2.)	J 0. ()	1 4.1 (4)		c. back the wr	ong horse	d. take a turn	
21- One needs co	onfidence to be						1	
a. successful	b. success	c. succeed	d. successfully		D- Ask about t	he underlined v	vord(s) in each	sentence: (12 Ma
			//	_				
22 -My father dic	I <mark>n't repai</mark> r his <mark>car</mark> .	He		4866				?
a. has repaired	lit // \	b. didn't have	it repaired	0000	38888			
c. had it repair	ed	d. have it repa	nired		39-1 have got	<mark>one bro</mark> ther and	two sisters.	
	\\				/ <u>-</u>			?
	this exam will be			7				
a. is claimed	b. is claiming	c. claimed	d. claims		40- She could	speak <u>five langu</u>	ages.	
24 I have road t	hat haak Halan s	aid that about h	at book					?
a. has read	hat book. Helen s	c. read	d. reads	1				
a. Ilas reau	D. Hau reau	C. reau	u. reaus		41- <u>Tomas Edi</u>	<u>son</u> invented the	e electric bulb.	
	5000				_			?
	o you expect to e			7				
	d to earn			4	42 -The Bridge	will be built <u>ove</u>	r the river.	
c. he expected	ι το earn?	d. he expects	to earn.	_	F- Find the mi	stake in each se	ntence: (8 Marl	ks)
26 The manage	r como had ==	we by the coeret-	n.		2 Tilld tile IIII	June III Cucii 3C	c.iicc. to ividii	<u>,</u>
a. has told	r some bad nev	c. has been told		7	43-The rich has	to <u>reach</u> out <u>to</u> th	e poor.	
a. nas tola	b. tolu	c. nas seem tota	u. is teining				-	
27 .I can't go with	n you tomorrow. I	I wish I go v	vith you.		A b	c d		
a. could	b. couldn't	c. wouldn't	d. will	7	44-I will call you	ı <u>as</u> soon as I <u>will a</u>	rrive.	
<u> </u>			1	_	a b	c d		
28 - They fo	r three hours whe	en the storm sudo	denly broke.					
a. had been ru			unning d. run		45- Plenty of tin	ne <u>were</u> given <u>to</u> t	he students for <u>th</u>	<u>1е</u> exam.
	·	•	-	_	а	b c	d	d .
29	treats skin	diseases.		_			ior a mootice = ==	oforonco
a. naturopath	b. cardiologist	c. pediatrician	d. allergist		46- 1 m about to	oo going to <u>Rome</u> f	or a <u>meeting</u> cor	nerence.
					a b	c	d	
	it there to be able			7	F. Write a par	agraph of no les	s than 80 word	s on the following
a. here	b. hears	c. her	d. hear		topic: (30Mar		s man ou word	3 On the lonowill
					topic. (Solvial)	<u> </u>		
•					The ich you w	ant after gradua	ation What kin	d of challenges
· ·						_		u oi chanenges
					ao you expect	to face in your	iuture career?	

31-The opposite of "legal" is:



5.A -Read the following test, then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

The United Nations was established by the Charter of the United Nations and Statute of the International Court of Justice. The Charter was signed on 26 June 1945 by the representatives of 50 countries including Syria; Poland signed on 15 October 1945. There were 51 founding members in 1945. The United Nations (UN) officially came into existence on October 24, 1945 after ratification of the Charter. The day is now celebrated each year around the world as United Nations Day. The UN contains five permanent members: China, France, Russian Federation, the United Kingdom, and the United States, And ten non-permanent members elected for two-year terms by the General Assembly.

The United Nations (UN) was the second multipurpose international organization established in the 20th century that was worldwide in scope and membership. Its predecessor, the League of Nations, was created by the Treaty of Versailles in 1919 and disbanded in 1946. The UN also has regional offices in Geneva, Vienna, and Nairobi. Its official languages are Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian, and Spanish. At the beginning of the 21st century, the UN and its programs and affiliated agencies struggled to address humanitarian crises and civil wars, unprecedented refugee flows, the devastation caused by the spread of AIDS, global financial disruptions, international terrorism, and the disparities in wealth between the world's richest and poorest peoples.

the principles of het United Nations

- All Member States have sovereign equality
- All Member States must obey the Charter
- Countries must try to settle their differences by peaceful means
- Countries must avoid using force or threatening to use force
- The UN may not interfere in the domestic affairs of any country
- Countries should try to assist the United Nations

1. The United Nations was created by:

- a- the Charter of the United Nations b- Statute of the International Court of Justice
- c- a and b

- d. the General Assembly
- 2. The founding members of the United Nations in 1945 were...
- a-51 b-15 c-50 d. 67
- 3. Countries must try to settle their differences by...... means
- a-violent b-different c-safe d- destroying
- 4.League of Nations, was created by the Treaty of Versailles in
- a- 1919 b-1945
 - o-1945 c-1946
- d- 1999
- 5 .One of these is not principles of the UN.......
- **a** -All Member States have sovereign equality.
- **b-** All Member States must obey the Charter.
- **c-** The UN may interfere in the domestic affairs of any country.
- d- Countries should try to assist the United Nations
- 6. Predecessor means...
- a. a system that existed before another one
- **b.** being joined in close association
- c. the state of being decayed or destroyed
- d. continuing to exist for a long time

b -Read the following test, then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

The human body is a wonderful machine which performs several functions without rest from birth. Our body continues to work, without stopping for a second. The main organs of the human body are lungs, heart, kidney, liver and brain. These organs work together and are controlled by the brain. Each system such as digestive system, excretory system, circulatory system, endocrine system, nervous system or muscular system carries out a major function. All of them are controlled by the brain which gives us intelligence to use our physical and mental abilities. The body has more than 50,000 living cells of two hundred different types. These cells include neurons (nerve cells) and glands (specialized cells). The hormones and enzymes are produced and secreted by these glands that perform different functions. The human body is covered by the skin, which is a flexible covering that protects the body and keeps water and harmful germs out. The body's strong internal framework (skeleton) is made of 206 bones, connected at the joint, such as in legs. These joints help us to move. The backbone supports the head and limbs and protects the spinal cord. Between the skeleton and the skin, there are about 500 muscles. Nerves spread from the brain to all parts of the body, carrying signals in the form of tiny electrical impulses. The sense organs namely eyes, nose, ears, tongue and skin pass the messages to the brain through nerves. They take the instructions from the brain to the muscles. The brain automatically controls breathing, heartbeat, digestion. The body keeps on growing.

The peak of physical growth is reached at about 18 to 25 years of age. When we grow old, the skin becomes wrinkled and less elastic, the joints become inflexible, muscles loose, and bones become weak.

7. The human body is considered a great machine...

- a. because it performs several functions without rest from birth
- **b.** because it doesn't perform functions without rest from birth
- c. because The brain automatically controls breathing, heartbeat
- d. all

8. All the body organs are controlled by...

- a. nothing
- b. the brain
- c. bones
- d. muscles

9. Hormones and Enzymes are produced...

- a. by the glands
- b. by the brain
- c. by bones
- d. by muscles

10. The function of the nerves in our body is....

- **a.** To take the instructions from the brain to the muscles.
- **b.** To take the instructions from the muscles to the brain.
- c. To prevent the instructions from the brain to the muscles.
- **d.** all

11. Loose means....

- **a.** to make less tight, to loosen
- **b.** capable of stretching

c. Produced

d. an arm or leg

12. Endocrine means....

- a. relating to the system in your body that produces hormones
- **b.** capable of stretching
- c. Produced
- d. an arm or leg



I. Choose a ,	b, c, or d . (1	30 marks)		31. My uncle i			
	pect that people		250	a.	b.	c. naturopath	d. pediatrician
a. live	b. will live	c. are living	d. lived	ophthalmol	ogist allergist		
a. nvc	D. WIII IIVC	c. are living	u. iiveu	22 My broths	orica in decign	ing artificial limbs	
.4 . He had work	ed as a teacher be	efore he to Lo	ondon.	A. special	er is a in design B. specialist		D. specialization
	d b. was traveli		d. travelled	<u> </u>	rd starts with a voice		D. Specialization
		0		A. see	B. church	C. bed	D. poor
5.	(not sleep) all t	he night.			rd ends in a /t/ soun		D. pooi
a. haven't bee		didn't	hadn't slept	A. believed	B. ended	C. helped	D. ordered
sleeping	sleep	sleep			nas won the final in a	•	
	-			A. I'm sorry		B. We are prou	
5 . Adam o	on a project of a d	am now.		happened	about mut	Di ive di e piod	a or you.
A. is working	B. works	C. was	D. has		n't let this depress	D. I've no doub	t thev'll do
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7. He gave me a	a nice present. I	1	1	36 you .	what to do by a	anybody ?	
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C. had my eyes	checked	D. have my eye	es checked		sed to sign the contr		.to sign the contrac
		_		a. hadn't	b. hasn't	c. refused	d. didn't
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a. invents	b. has invented	c. had invented	d. was invented		•	•	
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6.A-Read the following test, then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

One of the most destructive moments in our lives is failure. When we work hard and keep faith with clear heart and soul to accomplish something and fail, it will surely have negative consequences for our lives. When we fail, life turns upside down. Everything seems to disappear into thin air. However, most people don't realize that failure acts as a stepping-stone towards success. They don't know that we can learn more about our lives when we fail. Throughout history, there have been many famous people who had once greatest failures in their lives, but later they could learn from their experience and were able to reach the top. Thomas Edison is by far one of the most famous inventors in history. He holds 1,093 patents to his name. However, when attempting to invent a commerciallyviable electric light bulb, he failed over 10,000 times. When asked by a reporter how it felt to fail so many times, he merely stated, "I have not failed 10,000 times. I have not failed once. I have succeeded in proving that those 10,000 ways will not work. When I have eliminated the ways that will not work, I will find the way that will work. "Albert Einstein, one of the greatest thinkers of our time, didn't speak until he was four-years old. He also failed his entrance exam to the Swiss Federal Polytechnic School located in Zurich at sixteen-years old. And, even his father, up until the time of his death, considered his son to be a major failure. After eventually graduating from college, Einstein actually worked as an insurance salesman, but quit after sometime because he failed at that as well. Bill Gates has amassed a mind-boggling net worth of close to \$80 billion, and is known as the infamous father of modern personalcomputing software. He brought us operating systems such as Microsoft DOS and Windows, along with wildly-popular titles such as Microsoft Office's Word, Excel and PowerPoint. However, at the age of seventeen-years old, his first software company called, Traf-O-Data, which analyzed raw traffic logs, failed. Walt Disney is the creative genius who brought us the likes of Mickey Mouse, Donald Duck and Snow White. He created the Walt Disney Company after his own name sake. Yet, he faced many failures. His first company, Laugh-O-Gram went bankrupt. It wasn't until 5 years later and plenty of heartache - after he created Mickey Mouse - did he begin to experience a small amount of success and fame.

1-The bad sides of failures that when we fail......

a- life turns upside down

b-Everything seems to disappear into thin air.

c- a and b d- we feel happy

2-----said "I have not failed 10,000 times. I have not failed

once.

a- Disney b- Einstein c- Edison d- all

3. Einstein's father sees his son as...

a- a failure b. a successful. c- a great d- an enemy
4. -----brought us operating systems such as Microsoft DOS

and Windows

a- Disney b- Einstein c- Gates d- all

5. Disney experienced a period of success

a- when he created Mickey Mouse

b-when his first company Laugh-O-Gram went bankrupt

.c- a and b d- all

6. At the age of old, his first software company called,

Traf-O-Data

a.16 b. 17 c.18 d.19

B-Read the following test, then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is the branch of science and engineering specialized in making clever machines, capable of thinking and imitating human-level intelligence. One of the primary targets of AI field is to produce fully intelligent agents that interact with the surroundings and conduct human-like behaviors. These agents are tools, having the ability to judge matter and differentiate what is wrong. The field has started with robots, which can sense and react to the world around them. They also cover purely software-based agents, which can be actuated with natural language and multimedia. Currently, the field expands to driving, aviation, medicine, online advertising, image recognition, and personal assistance. The AI field is based on computer science, information engineering, mathematics, psychology, linguistics, philosophy and many other fields. The first spark started in the year 1950, when a test of the ability of a machine to exhibit intelligent behavior equivalent to that of a human was done. Since then, the term AI has been introduced and closely associated with the field of artificial intelligence which was popular until the end of the 1980s. In the 1990s, the new concept of "intelligent agent" emerged when AI was not only limited to computer science, but developed to include other areas like health, security, education, music, art, and business applications. Many AI applications are deeply embedded in the infrastructure of every industry, and they are expected, in a few years, to touch nearly all the industries. However, AI technologies are still limited to very specific applications. One of the AI limitations is the lack of "common sense"- the power to judge information beyond its acquired knowledge. Al is also limited in terms of emotional intelligence.

7. Equivalent means ..

- a. a very small burning piece of material
- b. equal in value, amount, meaning, importance
- c. the state of not supporting either side in a disagreement
- d. people or things that do an action

8. Aviation means.....

- a. the designing, building and flying of aircraft
- b. equal in value, amount, meaning, importance
- c. the state of not supporting either side in a disagreement
- d. people or things that do an action

9. Artificial Intelligence (AI) is part of..........

- a. medicine and engineering.
- b. engineering and science.
- c. technology and science.
- d. A and B

10. The new concept of "intelligent agent" emerged....

- a. in 1980 b-in 1890 c- in 1880 d- in 1990
- 11. In a few years, AI will touch...... industries.
- a. all
- b. some of
- c. specific kinds of
- d. few kinds of

12. Nowadays, Al applications are used in all industries.

a. true	b. false

الجلسة الامتحانية لمادة اللغة الإنكليزية علمي حديث ٢٠٢٣ للمدرس: عبيد شيخي



31. Which word begins in a voiceless sound? II. Choose a, b, c, or d. (130 marks) A. 200 B. church C. basket D. gentle 13. Nowadays, students can the latest news by using the Internet. a. follow through b. fit in with c. keep up d. reach out **32.** Antibiotics are used to fight a wide ----- of diseases. with D. varying A. various B. variety C. vary **14.** I think you're supporting the wrong person. You shouldn't B. back the wrong horse A. ace a test 33. I cannot go to the movie with you. She said that shego to the movie C. assemble the case D. be dead in the water with him. a . couldn't b. could c. can d. will 15. She broke her arm while she in the garden. a. had worked b. has worked c. was d. is working 34. "How did you hear about it?" She asked him howabout it. working a. he heard b. he had heard c. he has d. hears heard 16. Microbiologist discovered that bacteriaeverywhere. b. had been found a. can find **35**. I didn't go shopping last week. I wish I...... shopping the previous week. c. can be found d. was found c. had gone a. hadn't b. hasn't d. went gone gone 17. Tropical storms often in the Caribbean. a. occur b. had C. occurs d. have occurred 36. The mechanic changed the oil in my car. occurred I the oil changed in my car. 18. The railway linethat to be buried under tons of rocks and earth. b. didn't have c. have d. had a. has a. reports b. is reported c. reported d. was reported **37**. If the familyenough money, they would have bought a new flat. a. had saved b. saved c. save d. would save 19. A friend is having an exam soon; you give advice by saying.... a. You'd better start studying b. could you help me please? **38**. Shebroke the silencesaid something very useful. c. I'm not sure if this is the best thing d. That's true. I haven't a. both / and b. both/ but c. both / nor d. both / or to do now. thought about that before. **20.** Your little brother asked for your help with his French homework. III- A- Ask about the underlined word in each sentence: (12 marks) You express hesitation by saying ... a. I'm sorry to bother you b. That's very kind of you 39. a- Who was one of the greatest musical genius? c. no, I can't help you. d. I'm afraid I can't help you. 21. Gaining your boss confidence is really a great ... **b-Mozart** was one of the greatest musical genius. A. accomplished B. accomplish 40. a- Where was he born? C. accomplishment D. accomplishing **22.** Sometimes I watch American films on TV, but I the words! b-He was born in Salzburg, Austria. a. didn't understand b. don't understand c. couldn't understand d. understand 41. a- How old was he when he started writing music? 23. We about that for weeks now. **b**- He was **four** when he began writing music. b. has talked a. talk c. had been talking d. have been talking 42. a- How long did he play music? **24.** By the end of 2042, people to Mars. b- He played music all his life. a. are travelling b. travel c. will have travelled d. will travel 25. I had the oil in my car b. changing c. changed d. was changed a. change. E- Find the mistake in each sentence and correctnthem: 26. The rights of all children from early childhood stem from...... 1948 (8 Marks) Universal Declaration of Human Rights. d. since a. the b. a c. an 43. The Tunnel links Britain and france 27. Human rights are to each individual in society. a. guarantee b. guaranteed 44. I think the wither will be hot tomorrow..... c. guaranteeing d. be guaranteed 28. That reminds me I must...... 45. my neighbor painted his own house...... b. had repaired my shoes a. have my shoes repaired 46. I will brush my teeth before I slept...... c. have my shoes repair d. have my shoes repairing 29. The is on his way to the castle on his horse. B. knight C. knite D. knit A. night 30. Which word ends in a / t / sound? **Composition:** A. believed B. passed C. recorded D. educated Write about a natural disaster you heard about or read about.



Read the following text, then do the tasks below: (60)

E-government means everything from online government services to exchange of information and services electronically with citizens, businesses, and other bodies of the government. Traditionally, egovernment has been considered as the use of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) for improving the effectiveness of government agencies and providing government services online. Nowadays, the framework of e-government has been evolving to include the use of ICT by government for conducting a wide range of interactions with citizens and businesses as well as open government data and the use of ICT to enable novelty all over the country. The essential principle of e-government is to improve the internal mechanisms of the public sector. This can be done to reduce financial costs and transaction times, integrate work flows and processes and enable effective resource applications across the various public sector agencies aiming for workable solutions. Through innovation and e-government, governments around the world can be more efficient as they provide better services and respond to the demands of their citizens by transparency and liability. They can be more comprehensive and restore the trust of citizens in their governments. Recently, Syria has adopted this new technology to facilitate public services for its citizens. This requires links to governmental organizations that supply services and information such as governmental documents, fees, etc. electronically.

Choose the correct answer a, b, c or d.

- 1- Information technology canthe effectiveness of government bodies.
- a- reduce b- decrease c- make better d- make worse
- 2- Financial costs and transaction times will be by applying e-government.
- a- increased b- reduced c- made more d- raised
- 3- Theprinciple of e-government is to improve the internal mechanisms of the public sector.
- a- minor b- major c- unimportant d- secondary
- 4- By E- government, governments can be more comprehensive andthe trust of their citizens.
- a- lose b-regain c- ignore d- neglect
- 5- A very small burning piece of material means:
- a- spark b-aviation c- hinder d- agents
- 6- People or things that do an action means:
- a- equivalent b-aviation c- hinder d-agents

Read the following text, then do the tasks bellow: (60)

The word "robot" stems from the Czech "robotnik" which means a "slave". The relative advantage of robots and intelligent machines is accompanied with their ability to play a range of movements and thinking endlessly and tirelessly. When designing robots, it is essential for planners to focus on the robots' ability to follow patterns. Due to this engineering reality, robots are certainly specialized in the first step. Another complicated sort is the generalized robot, which can to some extent imitate humans. Robots offer people a helping hand to focus on the creative process when relying on such intelligent machines to take care of unpleasant physical and mechanical work. The greatest benefits of robots should mean for people staying away from unhealthy environments, such as mines and deep waters. While, robots have the ability to do heavy duty jobs with accuracy and repeatability, human beings have the privilege of creativity, flexibility, decision-making and adaptability. Motivational influences of robotics among workers and managers can be amazing. This issue has been recognized in the medical sector in some empirical operations despite the fact that the use of robotics in risky tasks need special attention from safety and health experts.

Choose the correct answer a, b, c, or d

- 7- The Czech word "robotnik" is the origin of " robot" means....
- a- thrall b- man c- machine d- toll
- 8- It is unimportant for planners to on the robots' ability to follow patterns.
- a-concentrate b- ignore c- forget d- depend
- 9- The greatest benefits of robots should mean for people stayingfrom unhealthy environments.
- a-far b- close b- near d- b and c
- 10- Generalized robot, can totally imitate humans.
- a-True b- False
- 11- have the privilege of creativity, flexibility, decision-making and adaptability.
- a-Humans b- machines c- robots d- agents
- 12- The use of robotics in tasks need special attention from safety and health experts.
- a-safe b- danger c- important d- different



Choose the correct answer a, b c or d.(130)	32. Unless shethe seat belt, she would have been			
13- I looked the tree, but I couldn't see my cat.	injured.			
a-for b- up c- at d-on	a. fastened b. hadn't fastened			
14-Can youmy wallet? It's under your chair.	c. had fastened d. fastens			
a- pick up b- put on c- take off d- look up	33. Our biology teacher made us excited about the subject			
15- Only after, he travelled to London to study.	he was interested himself.			
a. he graduated b. had he graduated	a. but b. because c. so that d. because of			
c. did he graduate d. he has graduated	34. Many people believe that a person should be rich.			
16- Have you any idea where Sami?	a. successful b. success c. successfully d. succeed			
a. I can meet b-can I meet	35. Illegal goods into the warehouse last week.			
c. do I meet d. have I met	a. smuggled b. is smuggled			
17- There to hold a meeting.	c. had smuggled d. were smuggled			
a. goes he b. went he c. he goes d. he went	36. My father says everything looks blurry . He is going to			
18- You want to leave work early because you are sick. What	the			
do you say?	a. ophthalmologist b. allergist			
a-I need to leave the work.	c. naturopath d. pediatrician			
b- I can't come because I am sick.	37.We need to educate people about theof			
c- Can I leave the work, please?	preserving our environment.			
d- I am not coming to work.	a. importance b. important			
19. She has tears in her eyes whenever sheold	c. import d. importantly			
photos.	38. The letter (L) is silent in the word			
a. will tear b. tore c. tears d. would tear	a. valve b. wolf c. shelf d. half			
20. People withcan supposedly be more successful in	A-Ask about the underlined word in each sentence:			
life.	(12 marks)			
a. save face <mark>b. wide</mark> fac <mark>es</mark> c. lose face d. break bread				
21. He has a backache. He carry heavy things.	39 <mark>. A:?</mark>			
a. should b. shouldn't c. has to d. must	B: We were at Al-Kabani theatre yesterday.			
22. You should have calledthe police nor the	40. A:?			
neighbors.	B: We went <u>to watch a play</u> .			
a. both b. either c. neither d. not only	41. A:?			
23. She was too young to vote in the national	B: I went with my <u>friends</u> .			
a. solution b. motivation c. election d. action	42. A:?			
24. My grandfather is carelesshis money.	B: The play lasted <u>2 hours.</u>			
a. at b. with c. in d. for	B- Reorder these sentences to write a paragraph: (8 marks)			
25. A true friend is someoneis caring and loving.				
a. whose b. whom c. who d. which	43-() 44-() 45-() 56-()			
26. In fact he is brillianteverything.	(a) For me, it was a day in tenth grade when I had a math test.			
a. in b. at c. by d. about	(b) When the test day came, I was confident I would do well.			
27.Invest if you like, but you'rethe risk of losing	However, the test was awful, and I could not understand			
everything if the business fails.	anything.			
a- running b- giving c- making d- losing	(c) Have you ever had a day you wished never happened?			
28.The silent letter/ k/ is in the word:	(d) Actually, I had known we had an important test to get			
a- king b- ink c- knight d- pink	ready for. But I hadn't studied at all for the test.			
29. This is the house in Nizar Kabbani lived.	Multan a management of the least them 00 would be the following			
a- which b- who c- where d- when	Write a paragraph of no less than 80 words on the following			
30.I don't think I can afford to have my flat	topic: (30 marks)			
a. painting b. paints c. painted d. paint	Some people believe that failure is a great teacher and it can			
31. Which word has the silent letter (h). a. hand b. honest c. herbs d. here	give us lessons in life .			
a. hand b. honest c. herbs d. here	Have you ever experienced failure?			
(In your words write about failure,			
D	What steps can people follow to achieve success.			



Key answers 1

1-c	9- b	17- b	25- a	33- b	41- Why did the airline apology to
					the passengers?
2-a	10- d	18- b	26- a	34- b	42- How long will they stay there?
3-a	11-b	19- b	27- a	35- b	43- c- works
4-b	12- d	20- с	28- d	36- c	44- c- don't understand
5-c	13- с	21- b	29- b	37- b	45- d- son
6-a	14- b	22- a	30- a	38- b	46- d- off
7-d	15- с	23- b	31- d	39- Where did your friends travel yesterday?	47-
8-c	16- a	24- a	32- a	40- What time did they arrive there?	

				<mark>2</mark>	
1-c	9- c	17- b	25- a	33- c	41- Whom did you play against?
2-a	10- b	18- a	26- a	34- d	42- How often do you play?
3-d	11- b	19- d	27- a	35- c	43- a- asks
4-d	12- d	20- с	28- b	36- d	44- c- about
5-a	13- с	21- a	29- с	37-b	45- b- sell
6-a	14-c	22- c	30- b	38- a	46- a- Do
7- d	15- a	23- b	31- a	39- How long have you been playing football?	47-
8-c	16- c	24- a	32- c	40- Where do you usually play?	

				<i>[.]</i>	
1-b	9-a	17-a	25-b	33-a	41- What do you miss in the country?
2-a	10- <mark>d</mark>	18-d	26-a	/34-a	42-When would you buy a new flat?
3-a	11-a	19-d	27-c	35-b	43-c- lift
4-a	12-c	20-d	28-a	36-a	44-c-into
5-c	13-d	21-a	29-d	37-a	45-a- Workers
6-c	14-b	22-b	30 <mark>-a</mark>	38-c	46- b- either
7-d	15-c	23-b	31 -a	39- Why did you leave the village?	47-
8-a	16-d	24-d 🤵	32-a	40- How old were you?	
			نالل	80 00 a	

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1-c	9-b	17-on	25-b	33-d	41-Who invented the electronic bulb?
2-a	10-b	18-c	26-с	34-a	42-Where will the bridge be built?
3-a	11-a	19-a	27-a	35-a	43-b-have
4-c	12-a	20-d	28-a	36-d	44-d-
5-b	13-b	21-a	29-с	37-d	45-d-arrive
6-b	14-a	22-c	30-d	38-b	46-b- to
7-a	15-c	23-a	31-c	39- How many brothers and sisters have you got?	47-
8-b	16-a	24-b	32-c	40- How many languages could she speak?]

1-0		9-a	17-b	25-b	33-c	41-How long are you going to stay there?
2-a	9	10-a	18-c	26-a	34-c	42-Why do you want to travel?
3-0	;	11-a	19-d	27-b	35-b	43-(that) who
4-8	9	12-c	20-с	28-a	36-a	44- (care) cares
5-0	;	13-b	21-a	29-b	37-b	45-(her) his
1 6-a		14-a	22-c	30-с	38-a	46-(arrived) arrive
7-a	3	15-a	23-b	31-c	39-Where will you travel next month?	47-
7-a)	16-a	24-с	32-b	40-How much does the flight to London cost?	
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1-c	9-b	17-a	25-с	33-a	41-How old was he when he started writing
					music?
2-c	10-d	18-d	26-a	34-b	42-How long did he play music?
3-a	11-a	19-a	27-b	35-c	43- (france) France
4-c	12-b	20-d	28-a	36-d	44-(wither) weather
5-a	13-с	21-c	29-b	37-a	45-(my) My
6-b	14-b	22-b	30-b	38-a	46-(slept) sleep
7-b	15-c	23-d	31-b	39- Who was Mozart?	47-
8-a	16-b	24-c	32-b	40-Where was he born?	

1-c	9-a	17-c	25-с	33-b	41- Whom did you go with?
2-b	10-b	18-c	26-b	34-a	42- How long did the play last?
3-b	11-a	19-с	27-a	35-d	43- c
4-b	12-b	20-b	28-c	36-a	44- a
5-a	13-b	21-b	29-a	37-a	45- d
6-d	14-a	22-c	30-с	38-d	46- b
7-a	15-b	23-с	31-b	39- Where were you yesterday?	47-
8-a	16-a	24-b	32-c	40- Why did you go?	

The most important topics

A job you want after graduation.

Your future career.

A personal experience.

An important decision that changed your life.

Someone who has influenced you.

A genius / A short biography

Since my childhood I love my grandfather. He was a successful doctor who treated patients for free. People come to him from everywhere . In the past ,medicine was not very developed. Sometimes he treated difficult cases with alternative medicine. At that time, I failed my secondary exam in the first semester, but my grandfather supported me. I made it and entered the medical school. I decided to follow his footsteps and study medicine, but using modern technology. I graduated from medicine and now I am a cardiologist. My grandfather had the biggest impact on me. Finally, I will never forget my grandfather's favor because he was and will always be my role model.

The government efforts in Syria to improve education at schools.

Women's role in the Syrian society.

Education is the main sector which develop communities and gives them the power in life. To improve the reality of education in Syria . Public and private schools must be built and equipped with the best technologies and means of learning . Activate online learning. Don't forget the women's role as a mother at home and teaches at schools. However, her role as a teacher is the most important work in building a conscious and educated generation . Women are the active component of society. Finally, the educational process will be better through their participation in education and building a modern community.

Many people visit your country, but they don't know a lot about it.

Write an article to help them culturally aware of your country.

Syria is a great country, and it is full of many historical and cultural areas that attract many visitors. Many tourists visit Syria, but they are not culturally aware of it. Syria is home to one of the oldest civilizations in the world, with a rich artistic and cultural heritage. Syria is a traditional society with a long cultural history. The Syrians are famous for the traditional arts and cooper artifacts. Marriage ceremonies are occasions for the relatives and friends to enjoy time together. Finally, Syria has a beautiful landscapes and moderate climate which make it one of the most attractive destinations for tourists.

الجلسة الامتحانية لمادة اللغة الإنكليزية علمي حديث ٢٠٢٣ للمدرس: عبيد شيخي



- -One of the recent medical inventions that has a great impact on medicine nowadays.
- -The role of engineering in the modern world.
- -About different uses of artificial intelligence in our modern life.
- -The role of robots to enhance human healthcare as you imagine in the future.

Medical engineering is one of the most important inventions today. With the big advance in technologies that helped the doctors to cure many different diseases, thousands of lives have been rescued. The Robotic surgery paved the way to use the machines in doing complicated operations with more efficiently and less damage. It helps doctors to perform surgery more accurately and easier than traditional surgery, and from here we see that the cooperation of medical engineering with the artificial intelligence project is the best medical technology useful for humans. Finally, the emerging of the Artificial Intelligence enhanced human healthcare in a way we couldn't imagine.

An article about a person's rights and duties in society.

Write an article about what it takes to be a good citizen in your community. Citizenship.

The importance of law.

Citizenship is the main relationship between the citizen and the homeland. The law is the important link between them. Therefore, it is very important to know your duties and rights as a citizen. Among the duties of a good citizen in society: obeying rules and regulations, respecting traffic rules, protecting public and private facilities, respecting the opinion of others and defending the homeland. As for the rights of a good citizen in society, it is the right to education, the right to vote, the right to own property and the right to justice. Rights and duties can only be achieved through the law. Because the law protects everyone and help the nations to be stronger and stable.

- -An essay about the arguments for and against e-learning at school.
- -The Internet could be a very positive step towards education, organization and participation in a meaningful society."

Today, E- learning has emerged as a necessary resource for students and schools around the world. However, there are many advantages of online learning for students. Some people say that e-learning saves time and money for the students as they can depend on the online lessons to follow their education process, they can educate themselves at home, connect with teachers, and get information in an easier than the traditional ways. Now resources are available from anywhere at any time. On the other hand, some people say that the problem with e-learning is that we don't have this real reaction and discussion among the students and the teachers. The face-to-face learning experience is missing. Finally, I think e- learning is more important than traditional learning as it saves time and money.

Write about a natural disaster you saw or heard about.

last year an earthquake hit one of our cities which resulted in the destruction of many buildings and many people lost their lives. It was one of the most powerful quakes that we had never seen before. Many people suffered because of that disaster as they became homeless and helpless. Our government did its best to help those effected people, but it was more powerful than its abilities. For me, it was like a nightmare, I hope it will not happen again in anywhere. Finally, I think we should help each other when the nature gets angry and disasters happen.

