

A -Read the following test, then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

Human rights are the rights which one acquires by being alive, while civil rights are the rights that one obtains by being a legal member of a certain political life. In other words, civil rights are the rights of citizens to political and social freedom and equality. They guarantee equal social opportunities and equal protection under the law. Civil and political rights are a class of rights that protect individuals' freedom from violation by governments, social organizations, and private individuals. They ensure one's right to participate in the civil and political life of society and the state without discrimination or repression. Unlike other rights concepts, such as human rights or natural rights, in which people acquire rights inherently, perhaps from God or nature, civil rights must be given and guaranteed by the power of the state. Examples of civil rights include the right to vote, the right to a fair trial, the right to government services, the right to a public education, and the right to use public facilities. Civil rights are an essential component of democracy; when individuals are prevented from participating in political society, their civil rights are being denied. In contrast to civil liberties, which are freedoms that are secured by placing restraints on government, civil rights are secured by positive government action, often in the form of legislation. Civil rights laws attempt to guarantee full and equal citizenship for people who have traditionally been discriminated against on the basis of some characteristics

against on the basis of some characteristics.										
1. People get civil rights by										
A. being good citizens										
B. being alive										
c. being involved in a political life										
D. being a member in a social life										
2. Civil rights guarantee										
A. equality	B. discrimination	ion C. violation D. repression								
3. One of the following is not classified as a civil right										
A. the right to life										
B. the right to education										
C. the right to use public transport										
D. the right to participate in elections										
4. A formal choice you take in an election means to:										
A. guarantee	B. vote	C. discriminate D. deny								
5. One of the basic differences between natural rights and										
civil rights is that civil rights are guaranteed by										
A. political lif	e	B. social freedom								
C. the power of the state D. democracy										
6. Civil rights are denied when people are being in										
political society										
A. restrained from participating										
B. allowed to participate										
C. permitted to participate										
D. accepted to participate										
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B -Read the following test, then choose the correct answer (A, B)

The right to education is one of the basic universal rights of the human being. It is one of the goals that the education schedule supports and is expected for the year 2030 in order to achieve sustainable development aimed by the United Nations. It is a force that enables individuals to get rid of poverty and achieve individual and social well-being. It is something mandatory for the state, guaranteed by its own law, for all individuals without any form of discrimination. It is the right to education in all parts of the world that includes a number of freedoms and rights that individuals are entitled to. It is the right to have primary education for all, free of charge, the right to have secondary education available to everyone without exception, and in all its fields, whether technical, vocational, or training. Above all, it guarantees equal access to higher education without any distinction or discrimination, and ensures quality and meaningful education, whether in public or private schools and universities. Education is the right for parents to choose freely appropriate schools for their children and enroll them in, regardless of their beliefs and religions. In addition, it is the right to freely establish any educational institution that adheres to the standards set by the government and the state regarding students and academic staff.

7-The right to education is one of the essential universal											
rights of the human being.											
a-True						b-False					
8-Education enables individuals to get rid of poverty and											
achieve individual and social well-being.											
a-True						b-False					
9- The right of education is the right to have secondary											
education for all, free of charge.											
a-True						b-False					
10- The right of education guarantees equal access to											
higher education based on discrimination.											
a-True						b-False					
11- It is something obligatory for the state, guaranteed by											
its own law.											
a-True						b-False					
12- The main idea of the text is the civil right.											
a-True						b-False					
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Use of English

Choose the correct answer a, b, c or d.

13-A part of something.

a-Adhere b-Segment c-Sustainable d-Aspect

14-To say that something isn't true.

a-Deny b-Trial c-Vote d-Guarantee

15-The man was forced to quit his job after it was discovered that he had......

a- beat around the bush b-

b- broken the law

c- by the book d- an act of God

16-The police officer told the suspect to stop and

to tell him exactly where he was the night before.

a-beating around the bush b- breaking the law c- assembling the case d-an act of God

17- The word that has a first voiceless sound is.

a-gentle b- sister c- John d- zoo

18- The word that has a first voiced sound is.

a-zigzag b- think c- she d-see

19. We went to a café on Sunday was very nice.

A-where B-which c-who D-when

20. Yesterday I ran into an old friend I hadn't

seen him for years.

A-where B-which c-whom D-whose

21-Rami introduced me to his brother......is a civil engineer.

. .

A-where B-which c-who D-whose

22-Omar met a teacher spoke Arabic.

A-where B-which c-who D-whose

23-A plumber is a personjob is to mend central

heating, taps, etc.

A-where B-which c-who D-whose

24-I will never forget the day.....we first met.

a-where b-when c-which d-whom

25-The bookshop tells you the book you ordered three months ago still hasn't arrived. (make a complain)

a- Please accept my excuse.

b- I'm awfully sorry.

c- I hurt your feelings.

d-Don't you think it is time to bring the book.

26- Come on darling! You know it is just there's been a lot of stress at work that I forgot about our anniversary (Express apology)

a- That's not an excuse.

b- I assure you it won't happen again.

c- It isn't good enough.

d- You're always coming late to work.

III- A- Ask about the underlined word in each sentence:

27- A: When did you go to the beach?

B: We went to the beach last summer.

28- A: How much did the trip to the beach cost?

B: The trip to the beach cost <u>25000 S.P.</u>

29- A: Did you enjoy your time on the beach?

B: Yes, we enjoyed our time on the beach.

30- A: How often do you go to the beach?

B: We usually go to the beach once a year.

B- Each sentence has a mistake, choose the wrong part (a, b, c or d):

31-Some students has some great ideas.

A h c d

32-SHABAB Project aims to provide practical training

b

and career advices to university students.

C d

33-Many student are able to find different ways to start

b c

their own small business.

d

34- They have to do their project themself.

b c

Every day is a new chance to change your life.